2006 ECX50



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Cobra Motorcycle MFG., Inc. 240 Uran Road Hillsdale, MI 49242

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY

This motorcycle is sold "as is" with all faults, obvious or not. There are no warranties expressed or implied, including any warranty of merchantability and warranty of fitness for any particular purpose.

"WARNING"

THE COBRA ECX50 IS A COMPETITION MODEL ONLY AND IS <u>NOT</u> MANUFACTURED FOR, NOR SHOULD IT BE USED ON PUBLIC STREETS, ROADS OR HIGHWAYS.

THE USE OF THIS ATV SHOULD BE LIMITED TO PARTICIPATION IN SANCTIONED COMPETITION EVENTS UPON A CLOSED COURSE BY A SUFFICIENTLY SKILLED RIDER AND SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR GENERAL OFF-ROAD RECREATIONAL RIDING.

IMPROPER USE OF THIS MOTORCYCLE CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

THIS BIKE IS INTENDED FOR EXPERIENCED RACERS ONLY AND NOT FOR BEGINNERS.

IT IS <u>YOUR RESPONSIBILITY</u> AS THE OWNER OF THIS COBRA PRODUCT OR AS THE PARENT, OR LEGAL GUARDIAN OF THE OPERATOR, TO KEEP THIS COBRA PRODUCT IN PROPER OPERATING CONDITION.

THIS ATV WAS DESIGNED FOR RIDERS THAT WEIGH LESS THAN 110 LBS WITH FULL RIDING GEAR AND SHOULD NOT BE OPERATED BY RIDERS THAT WEIGH MORE THAT.

BE SURE THAT THE RIDER ALWAYS WEARS ADEQUATE SAFETY GEAR EVERYTIME HE OR SHE RIDES THEIR COBRA ATV.

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

WARNING

Failure to follow WARNING instructions <u>could result in severe injury or death</u> to the machine operator, a bystander, or a person inspecting or repairing the machine.

CAUTION:

A CAUTION indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the machine.

NOTE:

A NOTE provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

MCEX5006.6

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General Information

Specifications - General

Items	ECX50
Dimensions	
Wheelbase	42" (1067mm)
Width Front / Rear	43" / 46" (1092mm / 1168mm)
Weight	198lb
Engine	
Туре	2-stroke, single cylinder, reed valve
Cooling system	Liquid-cooled
Coolant	50/50 antifreeze-coolant / distilled water
Displacement	49.8 cc
Bore and stroke	39 mm x 41.7 mm, "V" head
Ignition system	Electronic, analog advance
Spark plug	Champion 8339-1, 8332-1 hotter, 8904-1 colder
Gap	0.023" - 0.025" (0.58 - 0.64 mm)
Ignition timing	0.040" (1.02 mm) BTDC
Fuel type	High octane pump gasoline
	RACE FUELS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED
Oil type	Cobra Venom 2-cycle Race Oil
Fuel / oil mix ratios	Between 32:1 and 40:1 (after engine Break-In)
Carburetion	21 mm Dell'Orto PHBG,
Jet Main / Slow (Pilot)	98 / 55
Slide / Needle	#30 / W-4
Float Height	16mm <u>+</u> 0.5mm (0.63" <u>+</u> 0.020")
Transmission	
Speed / ratio	Single / 14/38 T
Chain	104 links 420
Transmission / clutch oil type	Cobra Venom 3 Shoe Clutch Milk
Quantity	235 ml (8.0oz)

Chassis	
Tire Pressure front / rear	(7 psi / 5 psi)
Travel, front / rear	240mm / 247mm (9.4" / 9.7")
Race sag, front / rear	96mm / 99mm (3.8" / 3.9")
Free sag, front / rear	38mm / 40mm (1.5" / 1.6")

Specifications - Torque Values

ENGINE Fastener	Torque Value			Size &	
LINGINE Fasterier	ft-lb	in-lb	Nm	Remarks	
Cylinder head nuts	8.8	105	12	M6 x 1.0	
Crankcase bolts	8.8	105	12	M6 x 1.0	
Spark plug	(SP)	(SP)	(SP)	M14 x 1.25	
Stator bolts	2.1	25	2.8	M5 X 0.8	
Stator cover bolts	1.7	20	2.3	M4 X 0.75	
Clutch cover bolts	5.8	70	7.9	M6 X 1.0	
Clutch nut	35	420	47	M10 x 1.25*	
Clutch bolts	12	144	16	M6 x 1.0	
CFD nut	55	664	75	½" x 20 LHT	

Units of mm unless otherwise specified

- **(G)** denotes the use of wicking / bearing retainer (green) thread locking agent to applied to the mating surfaces of the two components but not the threads.
- **(SP)** To apply the proper torque to the spark plug when inserting, one must first screw the spark plug in until the metal gasket ring causes resistance and then turn another 1/8 to ½ turn.

	Torque Value			Size &
CHASSIS Fastener	ft-lb	in-lb	Nm	Remarks
Handle bar mounts	15	177	20	8 x 1.25
Handle bar clamps	15	177	20	8 x 1.25
Front engine mount	22	265	30	8 x 1.25
Rear brake lever pivot	10	120	13.6	8 x 1.25
Upper shock mount	40	480	54	10 x 1.5
Lower shock mount	40	480	54	10 x 1.5
Swingarm pivot	75	900	102	14 x 2.0
	1		l	

Units of mm unless otherwise specified

(R or G) designates that the application requires the use of high strength (red or green) thread locking agent applied to the threads.

(B) designates that the application requires the use of medium strength (blue) thread locking agent applied to the threads.

Optional Suspension Components

Front shock springs

Weight of Rider (lb)	Helper	Main
Less than 65	CCEV4000 (DED	SCEXA145 (RED, 145 LB/IN)
65 to 100	SCEX1080 (RED, 80 LB/IN)	SCEXA155 (YELLOW, 155
	,	LB/IN)
Greater than 100	SCEX1095 (YELLOW, 95 LB/IN)	SCEXA165 (BLACK, 165 LB/IN)

Rear shock springs

Weight of Rider (lb)	Main
Less than 50	White 460 lb/in
	(SCEX1460)
50 to 75	Gold 500 lb/in
	(SCEX1500)
Greater than 75	Green 530 lb/in
	(SCEX1530)

Break-In Procedure

Your Cobra Motorcycle is a close-tolerance high performance machine and break-in time is very important for maximum life and performance. The ECX50 can be ridden hard after the first ½ hour break-in time but it is recommended that no adjustments are made to the carburetion or suspension until the full 8 hours of bike break-in has elapsed. Also, after the engine, transmission, and drive train have been broken-in for the full 8 hours, the bike will be faster!

Use a fuel / oil mixture of 32:1 for the full 8 hour break-in period. Be sure to use 93 octane pump gas, or $Sunoco\ MO2_X$, with Cobra's specially formulated $Cobra\ Venom\ 2$ -cycle Race Oil. (Part # MCMUOL02)

CAUTION:

Failure to use proper fuel or oil may result in premature engine wear, or damage to the machine.

Adhering to the following break-in schedule will result in long lasting high performance machine.

- First 5 minute period, operate the bike in neutral with a combination of idle and high RPM operation. (avoid prolonged high RPM rev it good at least once or twice per minute)
- Allow the engine to cool
- Ride for 15 minutes maximum, avoiding prolonged high RPM operation.
- Cool and inspect bike for loose fasteners.
- Next ½ hour of operation, avoid prolonged operation at Wide Open Throttle.
- After 1 hour of operation
 - Check for loose bolts and nuts on the bike and retighten as necessary (proper toque values are listed under Specifications).
 - Clean the carburetor bowl.
 - Change the transmission / clutch lubricant.
 - Replace the fuel filter.
- After 8 hours of operation have a Certified Cobra Mechanic change the shock oils.
- Your bike is now ready for the highest level of competition!

Starting Procedure

Before starting the machine inspect the following:

- Insure that the fuel tank contains an adequate volume of fuel / oil mixture to complete the distance required. (93 octane pump gas with Cobra's specially formulated Cobra Venom 2-cycle Race Oil)
- Check for proper tire pressure in both tires.
- Observe the chain tension and adjust if necessary.
- Observe the coolant level and fill if necessary.
- Verify that the chain rollers do not have improper wear.
- Inspect the frame, for;
 - o Cracks in the metal.
 - Cracking paint which might indicate overly stressed material.
- Verify that the handlebars are tight.
- Check the throttle for;
 - Smooth operation and sound closing.
 - Frayed strands of the cable inside the throttle housing.
- Check for loose bolts and nuts, and re-torque as necessary.
- Verify that the air filter is clean and properly saturated with oil.
- Turn the fuel on by rotating the fuel petcock knob to the vertically downward position (reserve position is horizontally inward).

CAUTION:

For best results from your Cobra ATV use only the recommended fuels. Testing has shown that most 'race' fuels actually degrade performance.

When your pre-ride inspection is complete the bike may be started. For a cold engine follow this procedure.

- 1. Reaching down to the carburetor, on the left side of the bike, push down on the black choke lever.
- 2. Kick start the engine.
- 3. Rev the engine in short spurts, turning the throttle no more than 1/4 open until the engine will run without the choke.
- 4. Verify a functional engine shut-off switch by shutting off the engine.
- 5. Restart the engine and proceed with riding when the engine is sufficiently warm (i.e. the side of the cylinder is warm to touch).

CAUTION:

Never rev an engine full throttle when it's cold or slightly warmed up. Cobra recommends that you tell your child to take it easy the first couple of minutes in practice until the engine comes up to full operating temperature. Make sure your engine is properly warmed up before racing.

General Tips

- 1. Always wear a **helmet** and other **protective riding gear**.
- Cobra recommends that you tell your child to take it easy the first couple of minutes in practice until the engine comes up to full operating temperature.
- 3. Make sure your riders' foot is not resting on the **rear brake** pedal while they are riding.
- 4. Evaluate the bikes **jetting** only after it has been warmed up to race temperatures.
- 5. A **properly maintained** machine is safer, faster, and more fun to ride.
- 6. When **washing the bike**, be careful to not directly aim the hose at the air filter area.
- Keep steering stops adjusted so that the wheels do not scrape on the Aarms
- 8. Mare sure that there is adequate free play in both the **front lever and rear** brake pedal.
- The appearance of black 'stuff' in the coolant is likely due to a head seal being compromised. Replace the head seals and keep an eye on the coolant.
- 10. Your Cobra ATV has a 10 digit VIN (Vehicle Identification Number). The first three digits indicate the model and the seventh indicates the model year (MY).
 - a. Example, EX5xxx6xxx is a 2006 MY ECX50.

Maintenance

Schedule & Tips

It is important that you adhere to this maintenance schedule so as to promote the longevity of your Cobra Motorcycle.

- Between each ride
 - Inspect the fuel filter for contaminates.
 - Check the air filter (clean and re-oil as necessary).
 - Insure the smooth operation of the throttle cable (throttle soundly 'clacks' shut).
 - Check for frayed strands of the throttle cable inside the throttle housing and replace if necessary.
 - Check for adequate tire pressures and adjust if necessary.
 - Check all nuts and bolts for proper torque and re-torque if necessary.
 - Spray all moving parts with WD40 or other light oil.
 - Check drive chain for
 - Proper tension and adjust if necessary.
 - Adequate lubrication and lubricate if necessary.
 - Check the frame for cracks in the metal or cracks in the paint that might indicate that the metal has been stressed beyond it's safe limits. Replace or get properly rewelded as necessary.
- Every 2 hours of operation
 - Replace the transmission oil.
- Every 10 hours of operation
 - Have the shock oil replaced by a Certified Cobra Mechanic.

CAUTION:

1. If you ever need to weld anything on the bike, disconnect the spark plug cap, unplug the ignition, disconnect the kill switch, scrape the paint bare near the area to be welded and put the ground clamp as close to the area to be welded as possible.

A WARNING

Be sure the fuel tank and carburetor have been removed and safely located away from the welding process.

2. The frame is a low carbon alloy tubing and it is important to weld it with the proper rod and heat settings set as light as possible. Cobra recommends replacing the frame with a new one if the old one becomes damaged.

M1: Replacing Transmission / Clutch Lubricant

Tools needed:

• 235 ml (8.0 oz) Cobra Venom 3 Shoe Clutch Milk (Part # MCMUGF01).

Procedure:

1. Begin this procedure with a bike that has been ridden more than 5 minutes but less than 10 minutes. It is desired to have the engine warm enough so that the oil is 'runny' but not so hot that there is risk of being burned by the engine or the oil.

A WARNING

Hot oil and hot components on the motorcycle may cause burns.

- 2. Lean bike against something or set on stand with oil drain hole.
- 3. Remove the oil drain plug located on the right side of the engine, on the clutch cover, near the brake lever (figure 1).

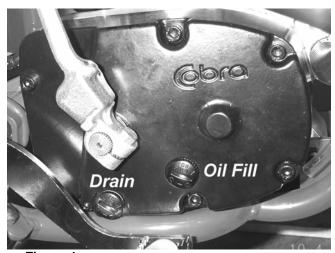


Figure 1

- 4. After it has drained, reinstall the plug, being sure that the gasket is in place.
- 5. Reapply oil from oil fill plug 235 cc (8.0 oz) *Cobra Venom 3 Shoe Clutch Milk* thru the oil fill plug.

NOTE:

Lean bike over onto it's left hand side so that the clutch cover is up unless you have a squeeze bottle.

6. Reapply the oil fill plug, hand tight, being sure the fiber gasket is in place.

CAUTION:

7. Cobra has spent considerable time and money developing the proper lubrication to handle the harsh environment of the automatic clutch and transmission of this motorcycle. Cobra's specially developed Cobra Venom 3 Shoe Clutch Milk (Part # MCMUGF01) was formulated to provide superior lubrication and cooling capability over extended periods of time and is the recommended lubricant for your Cobra motorcycle.

M2: Chain adjustment

Tools needed:

- 13 mm wrench or socket
- 5mm pin (Screw driver or hex key will do)

Procedure:

- 1. Loosen the eccentric housing on the swingarm with two 13mm tools.
- 2. Stick the 5mm pin through the sprocket into the eccentric hole.
- 3. Push the quad forward or backward, turning the wheels (i.e. the sprocket) in the direction shown until the desired chain tension is achieved (see fig. 2).

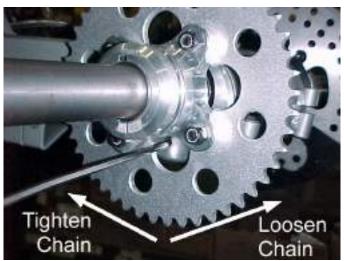


Figure 1

NOTE:

The location of the pin hole is the 'fattest' part of the eccentric. Restated, if the pin hole is all the way forward, the chain is as tight as possible, and if the pin hole is all the way back, the chain is as loose as possible.

CAUTION:

Proper chain tension allows no less than $\frac{1}{2}$ " (12mm) free play through out the range of rear suspension travel.

NOTE:

It may be handy to set backwards on the seat and feel the chain as you weight, and unweight, seat to feel for chain free play.

4. After achieving the proper adjustment retighten the two eccentric pinch bolts.

CAUTION:

Be sure to remove the pin from the eccentric before riding.

M3: Air Filter Cleaning

This Cobra Motorcycle comes with a unique air filter / air boot unit designed to facilitate motorcycle service.

Tools recommended for air filter maintenance:

- Srewdriver
- Foam filter oil

Procedure

- 1. Removed the filter from the carburetor.
- 2. Clean the filter with cleaning solvent and then again with hot soapy water.
- 3. Allow it to dry thoroughly.
- 4. Saturate with foam filter oil and remove excess.

A WARNING

Do not clean the air filter with gasoline or other highly volatile petroleum product. Cleaning solvent, diesel fuel, or kerosene would be preferred but caution should still be taken.

NOTE:

The biodegradable air filter oils, greases, and cleansers work acceptably with this Cobra Motorcycle.

NOTE:

It is very important to keep the air filter clean and properly oiled with high quality water-resistant foam filter oil. It's very important to oil your filter consistently each time because varied amounts of oil will change your carburetor jetting.

NOTE:

Make sure you change or clean your filter after each moto or significant ride. We recommend carrying three or more filters in your toolbox.

- 1 for practice
- 1 for each moto

CAUTION:

Dusty conditions will require more frequent cleaning.

M4: Front end

Toe in adjustment

Riders and parents have provided feedback that they prefer the toe in adjustment between ½" (12mm) out to ½" (12mm) in. This is set by adjusting the length of the tie rod assemblies. See figure 3 for direction of turn.

A WARNING

Adjust both wheels so that they have the same amount of toe in.

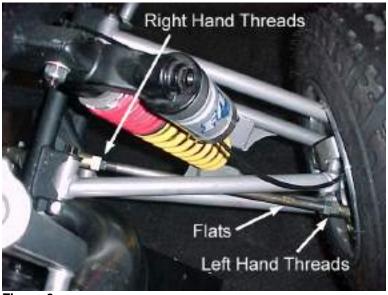


Figure 3

<u>Steering</u>

The unique Cobra front end will exhibit some free play from the factory and that the seals (it that's what you want to call them) will fall out after the first ride. We have found that this causes no adverse effects and that the looseness does not get significantly worse as long as the bearings are sprayed with a spray lubricant (WD40 or similar) upon each ride.

Parts

Parts – Air Inlet System

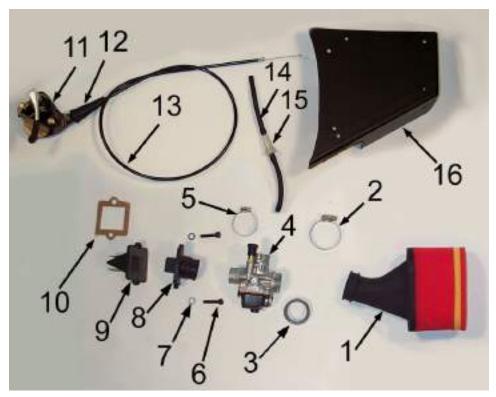


Figure 4

Coolant System				
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION		
1	RCMU0403	FILTER ASSEMBLY		
2	MCKGHO01	HOSE CLAMP – BOOT TO CARB		
3	RCCM1301	VELOCITY STACK		
4	RAEX0021	CARBURETOR, 21MM DELL'ORTO PHBG		
5	MCKGHO04	HOSE CLAMP – CARB TO MANIFOLD		
6	HCBC0625	M6X25 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW		
7	HCWF0601	6MM FLAT WASHER		
8	ECKG0203	INLET MANIFOLD		
9	ECKG0202	REED CAGE ASSEMBLY WITH REEDS		
NOT SHOWN	ECKG0205	REED REPLACEMENT KIT		
10	ZCMU0132	GASKET – REEDS TO ENGINE		
11	FCEX0016	THROTTLE, QUAD THUMB STYLE		
12	FCPW0004	THROTTLE CABLE END GROMMET		
13	RCEX0001	CABLE - THROTTLE		
14	FCMU0027	FUEL LINE 5 INCH		
15	FCDC0093	FILTER, FUEL		
16	RCEX0019	COVER, AIR FILTER		

Parts – Bars and Steering

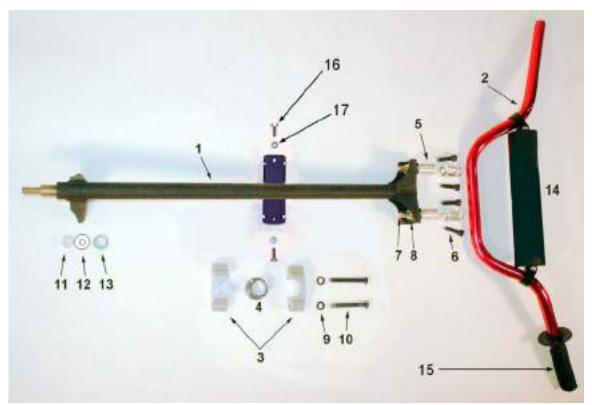


Figure 5

		Bars and Steering
REF #	PART#	DESCRIPTION
1	FAEX0020	STEERING STEM
2	TCEX0009	HANDLEBAR - QUAD
3	FCEX0011	STEERING STEM BLOCK (2 REQ'D)
4	MCEXBR07	STEERING STEM BUSHING – SPLIT
NOT SHOWN	ZCEX0002	O'RING – STEERING STEM SEAL (2 REQ'D)
NOT SHOWN	HCBB0403	4MM X 8 BUTTON HEAD SCREW (2 REQ'D)
5	TCMU0404	BAR MOUNT KIT, SHORT – REPLACEMENT (2 REQ'D)
NOT SHOWN	TCMU0403	BAR MOUNT KIT, TALL – OPTIONAL (2 REQ'D)
6	HCBC0806	SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M8 X 30 (4 REQ'D)
7	HCBC1001	M10X45 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (2 REQ'D)
8	HCNL1001	M10 LOCK NUT (2 REQ'D)
9	HCWF0801	8MM FLAT WASHER
10	HCBH0810	8MM X 65 HEX HEAD BOLT (2 REQ'D)
11	HCNL1001	10MM LOCK NUT
12	HCWF0010	10MM FLAT WASHER
13	MCEXBR04	STEM PIVOT BUSHING - LOWER
14	MCMU0001	CROSS BAR PAD
15	TCEX0013	GRIPS SET OF TWO
16	HCBH0601	6MM X 16 HEX HEAD BOLT (2 REQ'D)
17	HCNS0601	6MM NUT (2 REQ'D)

Parts – Bumper, Nerf & Grab Bars

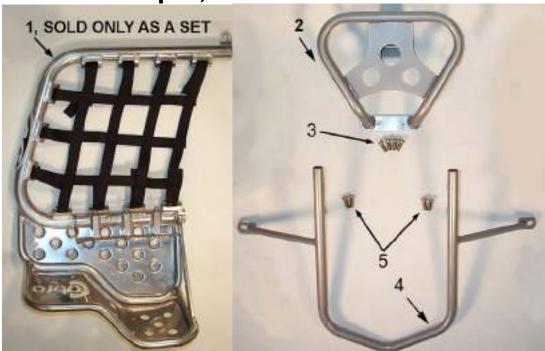
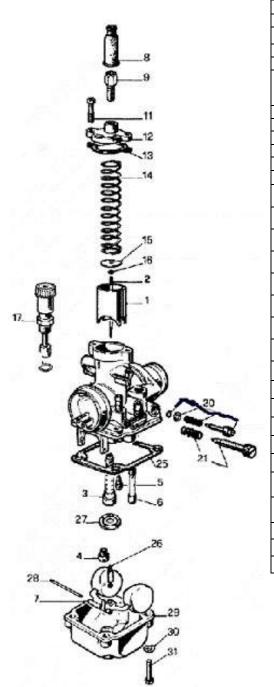


Figure 6

	BODY PROTECTION			
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION		
1	FCEX0024	NERF BARS (LEFT & RIGHT)		
NOT SHOWN	HCBH0808	8MM X 30 HEX HEAD BOLT (FRONT MOUNT, 2 PLACES)		
NOT SHOWN	HCBH0809	8MM X 50 HEX HEAD BOLT (REAR MOUNT, 2 PLACES)		
NOT SHOWN	HCWF0801	8MM FLAT WASHER (2 REQ'D)		
NOT SHOWN	HCNL0801	8MM LOCKNUT (2 REQ'D)		
2	FAEX0099	FRONT BUMPER		
3	HCBB0802	M8 X 20 BUTTON HEAD BOLT (4 REQ'D)		
4	FCEX0003	GRAB BAR		
5	HCBC0820	M8 X 20 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (4 REQ'D)		

Parts - Carburetor



Carburetor			
REF.#	PART#	DESCRIPTION	
1	RCMU0031	CARB SLIDE (30 slide)	
2	RCMU0026	NEEDLE (W-4)	
3	RCMU0023	ATOMIZER 2.62 AU	
4	RCMU00xx	MAIN JET (xx denotes size)	
5	RCMU00xx	PILOT JET (xx denotes size)	
6		CHOKE JET	
7	RCMU0301	FLOAT	
8	RCMU0102	RUBBER CABLE CAP SEAL	
9	RCMU0003	CABLE ADJUSTOR	
11	RCMU0006	TOP CARB SCREW	
12	RCMU0106	CARB TOP	
13	ZCMU0007	TOP CARB GASKET	
14	RCMU0004	SLIDE SPRING	
15	RCMU0028	NEEDLE RETAINER PLATE	
16	RCMU0007	NEEDLE CLIP	
17	RCMU0204	CHOKE ASS'Y. 2001 CM	
20	RCMU0009	FUEL MIXTURE SCREW	
21	RCMU0011	IDLE ADJUSTMENT SCREW	
25	RCMU0103	FLOAT BOWL GASKET	
26	RCMU0107	FLOAT NEEDLE	
27	RCMU0012	DIFFUSER	
28	RCMU0016	FLOAT RETAINER PIN	
29	RCMU0108	FLOAT BOWL	
30	HCWF0401	WASHER 4MM FLAT	
31	RCMU0201	SCREW FLOAT BOWL	
NOT SHOWN	RCCM1301	VELOCITY STACK -05	
NOT SHOWN	MCKGHO01	CLAMP – CARBURETOR TO FILTER	
Not Shown	FCMU0026	FUEL LINE	
Not Shown	MCMUCL04	HOSE CLAMPS – FUEL LINE	

Figure 7

Parts – Coolant System

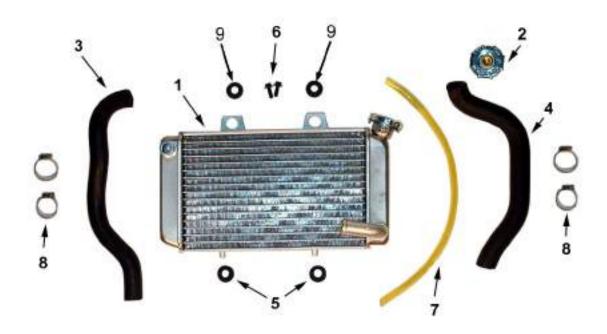


Figure 9

		Coolant System
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION
1	FCEX0001	RADIATOR WITH CAP
2	FCMU0047	RADIATOR CAP (2 ears or ribbed)
3	ECEX0010	RADIATOR HOSE, TOP
4	ECEX0010	RADIATOR HOSE, BOTTOM
5	MCEXGR01	GROMMET, BOTTOM RAD MOUNT (2 REQ'D)
NOT	F0F\/0000	DAD DADIATOR (O DECID)
SHOWN	FCEX0026	PAD, RADIATOR (2 REQ'D)
6	HCBF0616	FLANGE HEAD BOLT M6X16 (2 REQ'D)
7	ECHA0002	RADIATOR VENT HOSE
NOT		
SHOWN	MCMUCL05	HOSE CLAMP, VENT HOSE
8	MCMUCL07	HOSE CLAMP (4 REQ'D)
9	FCEXGR01	GROMMET, TOP RAD MOUNT (2 REQ'D)
NOT	MCMLIC DO4	CROMMET LISED ALONG WITH TOP DAD MOUNT (4 DED)
SHOWN	MCMUGR04	GROMMET USED ALONG WITH TOP RAD MOUNT (4 PER)

Parts – Electrical System

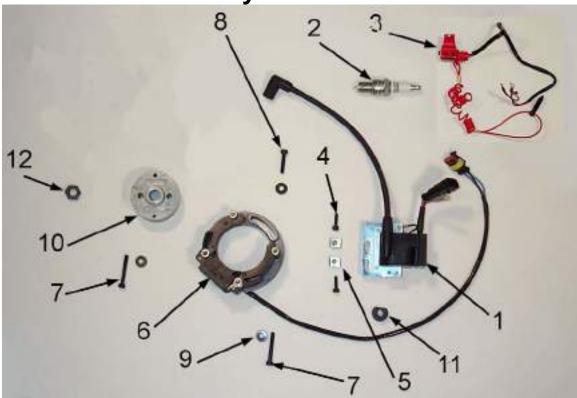


Figure 10

Electrical System		
REF#	PART #	DESCRIPTION
NEF#		
1	IAMU0005	COIL W/SPARK PLUG CAP (3 WIRE)
2	ECMU0065	SPARK PLUG, CHAMPION (8339-1)
2H	ECMU0067	OPTIONAL HOTTER PLUG (8332-1)
2C	ECMU0066	OPTIONAL COLDER PLUG (8904-1)
3	IKEX0001	IGNITION KILL TETHER
4	HCBC0516	SCREW, M5 X 16 (2 PER)
5	HCCN0000	5MM CLIP NUT (2 PER)
6	ICMU0018	STATOR 3 WIRE ANALOG
7	HCBC0535	5mm x 35 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (2 REQ'D)
8	HCBC0525	5mm x 25 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW
9	HCWF0504	WASHER FOR STATOR (3 REQ'D)
10	ICMU0006	ROTOR
11	MCKGGR01	GROMMET - STATOR LEAD
12	HCNS1001	NUT 10MM
NOT SHOWN	ICMU0012	WOODRUFF KEY
NOT SHOWN	ECKG0001	IGNITION COVER
NOT SHOWN	ZCKG0101	GASKET, IGNITION COVER

Parts – Engine – Bottom End and

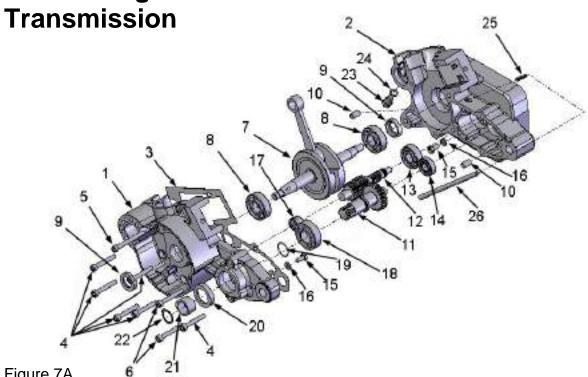


Figure /A	0		
	Engine Bottom End and Transmission		
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION	
1	EKMU0023	CRANKCASE SET CMPLT 50CC 06-08	
2	EKMU0023	CRANKCASE SET CMPLT 50CC 06-08	
3	ZCMU0601	GASKET, CRANKCASE CENTER	
4	HCBC0605	6X40MM SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (6 REQ'D)	
5	HCBC0608	6X55MM SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (1 REQ'D)	
6	HCBC0606	6X45MM SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (2 REQ'D)	
7	ECMU0038	CRANKSHAFT	
8	ECMU0016	BEARING, CRANKSHAFT	
9	ECMU0118	SEAL, CRANKSHAFT	
10	ECDC0031	DOWEL, ENGINE CASE ALIGNEMENT (2 REQ'D)	
11	ECMU0099	OUTPUT SHAFT, TRANSMISSION WITH GEAR	
12	ECMU0100	SECONDARY SHAFT, TRANSMISSION WITH GEAR	
13	ECMU0001	BEARING, TRANMISSION SECONDARY SHAFT	
14	ECKG0031	BEARING OUTPUT SHAFT, RIGHT SIDE	
15	HCBH0612	M6X12 HEX HEAD SCREW - BEARING RETAINER (2 PLACES)	
16	HCWL0601	6MM LOCK WASHER (2 PLACES)	
17	ECMU0020L	BEARING, TRANSMISSION PRECISION	
18	ECKGBR01	BEARING, TRANSMISSION OUTPUT SHAFT	
19	ZCDCOR01	O-RING, SPROCKET SPACER	
20	ECMU0072	SEAL, OUTPUT SHAFT	
21	ECMU0073	SPACER, SPROCKET	
22	ECKGSR03	SNAP RING, SPROCKET	
NOT SHOWN	PCKG00xx	SPROCKET, XX DENOTES THE NUMBER OF TEETH	
23	HCBH0805	M8X12 SCREW – COOLANT DRAIN	
24	HCWC0000	COPPER GASKET	
25	ECMU0503	FITTING, CRANKCASE VENT	
26	RCMU0021	VENT HOSE, CRANKCASE	

Parts – Engine Clutch and Kicker

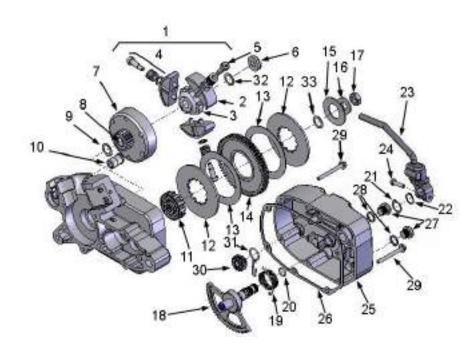


Figure 7B

		Engine Clutch and Kick Starter
REF#	PART #	Engine – Clutch and Kick Starter DESCRIPTION
1	CAMU0005	CLUTCH COMPLETE
2	CAMU0013	CLUTCH SHOES (SET OF 3) WITH BOLT & WASHERS
3	CCMU0029	CLUTCH ARBOR
4	CAMU0010	SPRINGS, WASHER & BOLT (SET OF 3)
5	HCBS0004	CLUTCH BOLT (3 REQ'D)
6	ECMU0018	CLUTCH NUT, SPECIAL
7	ECMU00120	CLUTCH BASKET WITH NEEDLE BEARING
8	ECMU0119	CLUTCH BEARING
9	ECMU0040	CLUTCH TO HUB SPACER (0.030", 0.76MM)
	ECMU0040T	CLUTCH TO HUB SPACER (THIN – 0.015", 0.38MM)
10	ECMU0132	COOLANT FITTING
11	ECMU0141*	HUB, CFD*
12	ECMU0142*	PLATE, CFD (2 REQ'D)*
13	ECMU0143	PAPER, CFD (2 REQ'D)
14	ECMU0161	GEAR, CFD
15	ECMU0145*	SPRING WASHER, CFD*
16	HCWF0002*	WASHER FLAT, CFD (13MM)*
17	HCNS1202	NUT, CFD (1/2-20 LEFT HAND THREAD – BLUE)
18	EAMU0001	KICKSTART GEAR & SHAFT
19	ECMU0116	SPRING, KICKSTART
20	ZCMUB014	O-RING KICK SHAFT
21	HCWS1622	SHIM, KICK SHAFT
22	ECDC0036	SNAP RING, KICK SHAFT
23	ECDC0046	KICK LEVER W/BOLT
24	HCBF0620	6MM X 20 FLANGE HEAD BOLT
25	ECMU0115	CLUTCH COVER
26	ZCMU0030	CLUTCH COVER GASKET
27	ECMU0037	OIL FILL PLUG
28	ZCMU0005	GASKET, OIL FILL / DRAIN PLUG
29	HCBC0608	6MM X 55 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (6 REQ'D)
30	ECMU0207	KICKSTART GEAR SMALL
31	ECMUSP01	KICK START DOG SPRING (PAPER CLIP)
32	HCWS0802	WASHER – KICK GEAR SPACING
33	ECMU0134*	SHIM – CFD*
(*) denotes a	n obsolete part. If	this part is required, CFD 08 upgrade kit is required EKMU0005

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Parts - Engine - Ignition and Water Pump

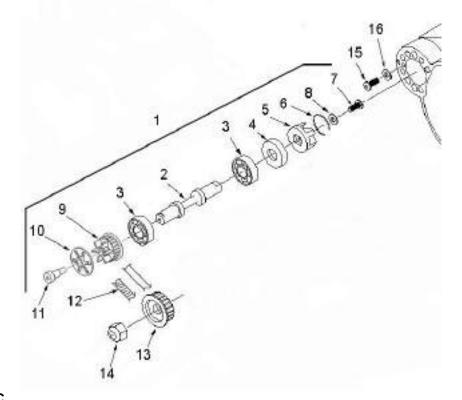


Figure 7C

	Engine – Ignition and Water Pump
PART#	DESCRIPTION
EKMU0001	WATER PUMP KIT
ECKG0142	SHAFT, WATER PUMP
ECKG0072	BEARING, WATER PUMP
ECKG0074	SEAL, WATER PUMP SHAFT
ECKG0073	IMPELLER, WATER PUMP
ECKG0004	RETAINER, WATER PUMP ASSEMBLY
HCBB0003	5MM X 12 BUTTON HEAD STAINLESS
HCWF0501	FLAT WASHER
ECKG0175	WATER PUMP PULLEY, FAN TYPE - DRIVEN
ECMU0180	BELT RETAINER
HCBS0003	SHOULDER BOLT 6MM
ECKG0170	WATER PUMP BELT
ECKG0042	WATER PUMP PULLEY, CRANK
HCNS1001	NUT 10MM
HCBC0408	M4mm x 8 SOCKET HEAD black oxide
HCWF0401	4MM WASHER
	EKMU0001 ECKG0142 ECKG0072 ECKG0074 ECKG0073 ECKG0004 HCBB0003 HCWF0501 ECKG0175 ECMU0180 HCBS0003 ECKG0170 ECKG0170 ECKG0042 HCNS1001 HCBC0408

<u>Parts –</u> <u>Engine –</u> <u>Top End</u>

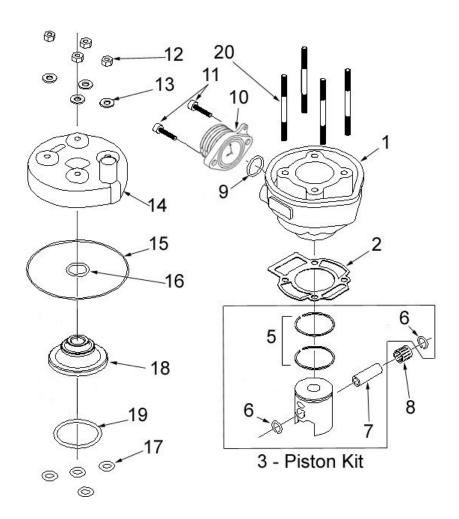


Figure 7D

	Engine – Top End		
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION	
1	ECMU0052	CYLINDER	
2	ZCKG0501	BASE GASKET	
3	ECMU0060	PISTON KIT	
5	ECMU0055	PISTON RINGS (2 PER SET)	
6	ECMUSR00	SNAP RING FOR PISTON (2 REQ'D)	
7	ECKG0012	WRIST PIN	
8	ECMU0077	BEARING, WRIST PIN	
9	ZCMUOR07	O-RING, EXHAUST FLANGE	
10	ECMU0086	EXHAUST FLANGE	
NOT SHOWN	ZCMOTE11	O-RINGS – PIPE TO FLANGE (2 REQ'D)	
11	HCBC0612	M6X20, EXHAUST FLANGE SCREW (2 REQ'D)	
12	HCNS0601	6mm Nut	
13	HCWF0601	6MM FLAT WASHER	
14	ECMU0530	CYLINDER HEAD OUTER	
15	ZCMUOR02	O-RING, CYLINDER HEAD LARGE	
16	ZCMUV024	O-RING CYLINDER HEAD SMALL	
17	ZCMUOR10	O-RING CYLINDER STUD (4 REQ'D)	
18	ECMU0532	CYLINDER HEAD, INSERT	
19	ZCMUV032	O-RING CYLINDER HEAD MEDIUM	
20	ECMU0075	STUD, CYLINDER 6mm	

Parts – Exhaust System

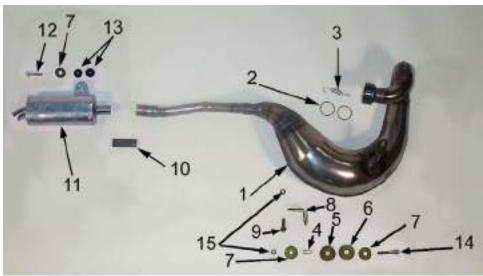


Figure 18

Exhaust System		
REF#	PART #	DESCRIPTION
1	XCEX5006	2006 ECX50 EXHAUST PIPE
2	ZCMOTE11	HEADER PIPE O-RINGS (2 REQ'D)
3	XCMU0005	EXHAUST SPRING - SHORT
4	MCMUSP02	PIPE GROMMET SPACER
5	MCMUGR06	PIPE GROMMET MALE
6	MCMUGR07	PIPE GROMMET FEMALE
7	HCWF1478	PIPE GROMMET WASHER
8	FCEX5003	BRACKET – PIPE MOUNT
9	HCBF0620	M6 X 20 FLANGE HEAD BOLT
10	XCMU0028	PIPE / SILENCER SEAL
11	XCKG0003	SILENCER
12	HCBF0630	M6 X 30 FLANGE HEAD BOLT
13	MCMUGR04	GROMMET – SILENCER MOUNTING (2 REQ'D)
14	HCBF0635	M6X35 FLANGE HEAD BOLT
15	HCNL0601	6MM LOCKNUT
NOT SHOWN	XCMU0027	KIT SILENCER REPACKING

Parts - Front A-Arms & Steering Upright

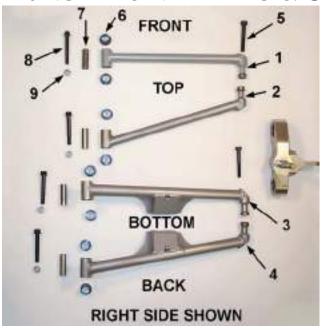




Figure 19

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Parts – Front Brakes

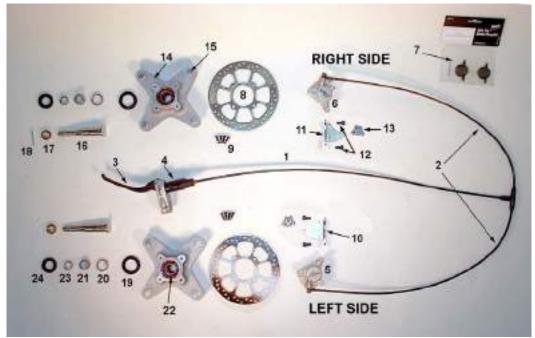


Figure 20

		Front Brakes
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION
1	BAEX0001	FRONT BRAKE ASSEMBLY
2		HOSE – TEE TO CALIPER
3		BRAKE LEVER
4	BCEX0005	BRAKE PERCH & MASTER CYLINDER ASSY W/ LEVER
5	BCEX0005	CALIPER – FRONT RIGHT
6	BCEX0015	CALIPER – FRONT LEFT
7	BCMU0203	REPLACEMENT BRAKE PADS
8	BCEX0002	BRAKE ROTOR - FRONT (SAME L&R)
9	HCBB0516	M5X16 BUTTON HEAD BOLTS WITH THREAD LOC (4 REQ'D)
10	BCEX0003R	BRAKE CALIPER BRACKET - RIGHT
11	BCEX0003L	BRAKE CALIPER BRACKET - LEFT
12	HCBC0612	6MM X 12 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (2 PER SIDE)
13	HCBC0601	6MM X 16 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (3 PER SIDE)
14	WCEX0001	FRONT HUB WITH WHEEL STUDS
15		FRONT WHEEL STUD (4 REQ'D WITH EACH HUB)
16	GCEX0008	WHEEL SPINDLE (SAME L&R)
17	HCNS1400	M14 CASTLE NUT (SAME L&R)
18	HCCP0002	COTTER PIN (SAME L&R)
19	GCEX0022	INNER HUB SEAL (SAME L&R)
NOT SHOWN	ECKGBR01	INNER HUB BEARING
20	WCEX0301	INNER HUB BUSHING
21	WCEX0300	CENTER HUB SPACER
22	ECMU0001	OUTER HUB BEARING
23	WCEX0302	OUTER HUB BUSHING
24	GCEX0023	OUTER HUB SEAL
NOT SHOWN	BCMU0205	BRAKE OIL, 2 OZ BOTTLE
NOT SHOWN	BCMU0211	BRAKE OIL, 500 CC BOTTLE
NOT SHOWN	BCMU0210	SYSTEM BLEED SYRINGE
NOT SHOWN	BKMU0200	BRAKE BLEEDING KIT (20Z OIL, SYRINGE, FITTINGS, ETC)
NOT SHOWN	BCMU0216	MASTER CYLINDER REMOVAL TOOL, TORX WRENCH T08

Parts – Front Shock

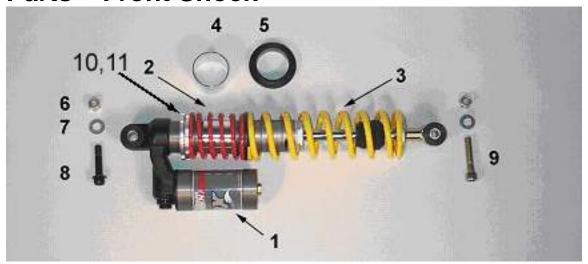


Figure 21

	Front Shock		
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION	
1	SAEX2005	SHOCK ECX50 – FRONT (2 REQ'D)	
2	SCEX1080	SPRING, HELPER, 80 LB/IN (STANDARD)	
	SCEX1095	SPRING, HELPER, 95 LB/IN (HEAVY)	
3	SCEXA155	SHOCK SPRING, STANDARD (YELLOW, 155 LB/IN)	
	SCEXA145	SHOCK SPRING, LIGHT (RED, 145 LB/IN)	
	SCEXA165	SHOCK SPRING, HEAVY (BLACK, 165 LB/IN)	
4	SCSP0001	TRAVEL LIMITER (1.50")	
	SCSP0002	TRAVEL LIMITER (1.25")	
	SCSP0003	TRAVEL LIMITER (1.00")	
5		TOP SPRING PERCH	
6	HCNL1001	10MM LOCK NUT (2 REQ'D)	
7	HCWF0010	10MM FLAT WASHER	
8	HCBF1040	10MM X 44 SHOCK BOLT	
9	HCBC1002	10MM X 50 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	
10	SCKGFX04	PRELOAD RING BOTTOM	
11	SCKGFX05	PRELOAD RING TOP (LOCK RING)	

Parts - Miscellaneous

If you couldn't find it in one of the other pictures try the table below.

PART#	DESCRIPTION
WCEX0007	REAR WHEEL WITH TIRE 6X8"
WCEX0004L	LEFT FRONT WHEEL WITH TIRE
WCEX0004R	RIGHT FRONT WHEEL WITH TIRE
FAEX2006	FRAME
FCEX0002	CHAIN SLIDER SPLIT BUSHING
HCBH0804	M8 X 120 (FRONT ENGINE MOUNT BOLT)
HCWF0801	8MM FLAT WASHER
HCNL0801	8MM LOCK NUT
FCEX0019B	SPACER, ENGINE MOUNT 50CC RIGHT

Parts – Plastic Bodywork & Seat

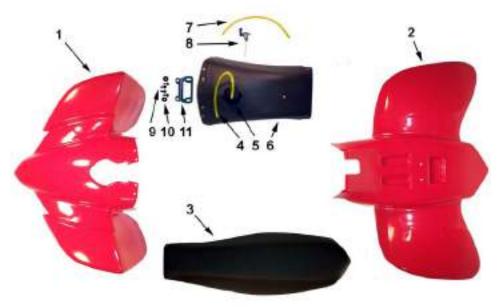


Figure 22

I igule 22		Di di ID I	
Plastic and Bodywork			
REF#	PART #	DESCRIPTION	
1	TCEX0001	FRONT CLIP	
NOT SHOWN	HCBB0616	M6 X 16 BUTTON HEAD (4 REQ'D AT BACK)	
NOT SHOWN	HCWF0601	6 MM FLAT WASHER (4 REQ'D AT BACK)	
NOT SHOWN	HCBB0625	M6 X 25 BUTTON HEAD (2 REQ'D AT FRONT)	
NOT SHOWN	HCWF0601	6MM FLAT WASHER (2 REQ'D AT FRONT)	
NOT SHOWN	MCMUGR07	GROMMET, (2 REQ'D AT FRONT)	
NOT SHOWN	HCWF1478	WASHER, FENDER (2 REQ'D AT FRONT)	
NOT SHOWN	HCNL0601	6MM LOCK NUT (2 REQ'D AT FRONT)	
2	TCEX0002	REAR DECK	
NOT SHOWN	HCBB0625	M6 X 25 BUTTON HEAD (2 REQ'D PLASTIC TO GRAB BAR)	
NOT SHOWN	HCWF0601	6MM FLAT WASHER (2 REQ'D PLASTIC TO GRAB BAR)	
NOT SHOWN	MCMUGR07	GROMMET, (2 REQ'D PLASTIC TO GRAB BAR)	
NOT SHOWN	HCWF1478	WASHER, FENDER (2 REQ'D PLASTIC TO GRAB BAR)	
NOT SHOWN	HCNL0601	6MM LOCK NUT (2 REQ'D PLASTIC TO GRAB BAR)	
NOT SHOWN	HCBB0616	6MM BUTTON HEAD (2 REQ'D AT FRONT)	
NOT SHOWN	HCWF0601	6MM FLAT WASHER (2 REQ'D AT FRONT)	
3	TAEX0011	SEAT	
NOT SHOWN	HCBB0635	M6 X 35 BUTTON HEAD (1 REQ'D SEAT TO PLASTIC)	
NOT SHOWN	MCMUGR04	GROMMET (1 REQ'D SEAT TO PLASTIC)	
NOT SHOWN	HCWF1478	WASHER, FENDER (1 REQ'D SEAT TO PLASTIC)	
NOT SHOWN	HCNL0601	6MM LOCK NUT (1 REQ'D SEAT TO PLASTIC)	
4	ECDC0106	FUEL VENT HOSE	
5	TCHA0002	FUEL CAP	
6	TCEX0019	FUEL TANK (NO PETCOCK, CAP, OR BRACKET)	
7	FCMU0027	FUEL LINE	
8	TCMU0000	FUEL PETCOCK ('06 LEVER)	
9	HCBC0601	M6 X 16 SOC. HEAD BOLT (2 REQ'D)	
10	MCMUGR04	GROMMET (2 REQ'D)	
11	TCEX0110	FUEL TANK BRACKET	
NOT SHOWN	TCHA0005	TANK MOUNT REAR	
NOT SHOWN	HCFH0620	M6 X 20 FLAT HEAD	
NOT SHOWN	HCBF0616	M6 X 16 FLANGE HEAD BOLTS (2 REQ'D)	
NOT SHOWN	HCBF0620	M6 X 20 FLANGE HEAD BOLT (1REQ'D AT THE REAR)	
NOT SHOWN	TCKG0001	SPACER, TANK MOUNT (1REQ'D AT THE REAR)	
NOT SHOWN	TCEX0018	GRAPHICS	
	•	•	

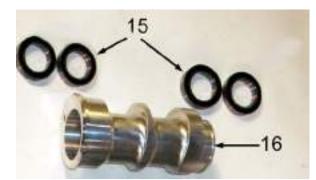
Parts – Rear Brake

Figure 23



	Rear Brake System				
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION			
	BADC0001	BRAKE COMPLETE			
1	BCEX0007	BRAKE PEDAL			
2	BCDC0009	BRAKE PIVOT BOLT			
3	HCBC0601	M6X16 SOC. HEAD BOLT			
4	FCEX0018	BRAKE ADJUST ECCENTRIC			
5	BCEX0012	BRAKE RETURN SPRING			
6	BCMU0501	SEAL – BRAKE PEDAL (2 REQ'D)			
7	BCDC0004	PUSH ROD, REAR BRAKE			
8	HCBC0601	M6X16 SOC. HEAD BOLT (2 REQ'D)			
9	HCWF0601	6MM FLAT WASHER (2 REQ'D)			
10	HCPP0832	BRAKE HOSE CLAMP FASTENER (2 REQ'D)			
11	HCCC0000	BRAKE HOSE CLAMP (2 REQ'D)			
12	BCDC0151	REAR BRAKE HOSE			
13	HCBC0850	M8X50 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW			
14	HCBC0825	M8X25 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW			
NOT SHOWN	BCEX0030	SPACER – CALIPER MOUNT			
15	BCEX0014	CALIPER SPACER (2 REQ'D)			
16	BCDC0002	CALIPER – REAR BRAKE			
17	BCDC0007	BRAKE PAD KIT – ORGANIC			
17	BCEX0013	BRAKE PAD KIT – SINTERED METAL			
18	BAEX0006	REAR BRAKE CARRIER, FULL ADJUSTABLE			
NOT SHOWN	GCEX0016	SPACER BRAKE HUB			
NOT SHOWN	WCEX0006	SNAP RING, BRAKE CARRIER RETAINER			
19	GCEX0014	BRAKE/SPROCKET HUB			
20	BCEX0004	BRAKE ROTOR REAR QUAD			
NOT SHOWN	HCBC0625	6MM X 25 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (2 REQ'D)			
21	HCBB0830	8MM X 30 BUTTON HEAD (4 REQ'D)			
22	HCNL0801	8MM LOCKNUT (4 REQ'D)			
23	BCDC0005	MASTER CYLINDER - REAR			
24	BCDC0012	BRAKE LINE – RESERVOIR TO MASTER CYLINDER			
NOT SHOWN	HCBC0601	M6X16 SOC. HEAD BOLT			
NOT SHOWN	WCMU0006	SPACER – RESERVOIR MOUNT			
25	BCDC0006	BRAKE FLUID RESERVOIR			
26	MCMUCL05	LINE CLAMP (2 REQ'D)			
NOT SHOWN	BCDC0152	BANJO BOLT			
NOT SHOWN	BCDC0153	CRUSH WASHER			

Parts – Rear Drive



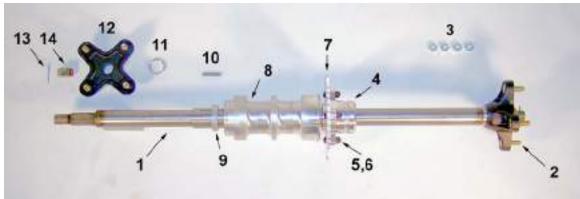


Figure 24

Rear Drive				
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION		
1	GAEX0005	REAR AXLE		
2	WCEX0003	WHEEL LUG (8 REQ'D)		
3	HCNS1001	LUG NUT (8 REQ'D)		
NOT SHOWN	HCWF0010	LUG WASHER (8 REQ'D)		
4	GCEX0014	BRAKE/SPROCKET HUB (2 REQ'D)		
NOT SHOWN	HCBC0625	M6 X 25 HUB PINCH BOLT (2 PER HUB)		
5	HCBH0808	M8 X 30 HEX HEAD BOLTS (4 REQ'D)		
6	HCNL0801	M8 LOCK NUT (4 REQ'D)		
7	PCDC00XX	SPROCKET (37T – 51T) – XX DENOTES # OF TEETH		
9	GCEX0016	BRAKE HUB SPACER		
10	HCKW0001	HUB KEY		
11	GCEX0024	REAR WHEEL HUB SPACER (2 REQ'D)*		
12	GCEX0011	REAR WHEEL HUB (2 REQ'S)		
13	HCCP0002	COTTER PIN (2 REQ'D)		
NOT SHOWN	PCMU0104	428 CHAIN – 104 LINK		
14	HCNC0020	20 MM X 1.5 NUT CASTLE		
15	MCEXBR03	BEARING, REAR AXLE (4 TOTAL, 2 PER SIDE)		
16	GCEX0015	ECCENTRIC		

⁻ UP TO THREE EXTRA HUB SPACERS CAN BE USED PER SIDE TO ADJUST TRACK WIDTH.

Parts – Rear Shock

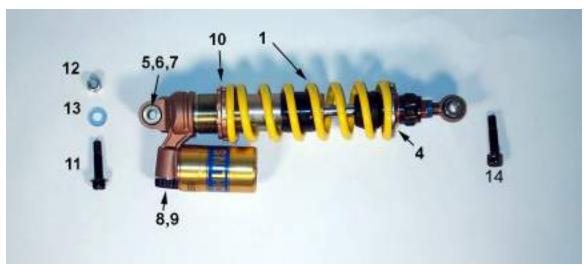


Figure xx

Rear Shock				
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION		
	SAEX5006	SHOCK ECX70 – REAR		
1	SCEX1500	SHOCK SPRING, STANDARD (GOLD, 500 LB/IN)		
	SCEX1460	SHOCK SPRING, LIGHT (WHITE, 460 LB/IN)		
	SCEX1530	SHOCK SPRING, HEAVY (GREEN, 530 LB/IN)		
4	SCKGOH04	SPRING PLATFORM		
5	SCKGOH03	BALL JOIINT		
6	SCKGOH02	SPACER		
7	SCKGOH11	O-RING FOR BALL JOINT		
8	SCKGOH21	SCREW FOR KNOB		
9	SCKGOH22	KNOB FOR ADJUSTMENT		
10	SCKGOH05	LOCKNUT		
11	HCBH1001	M10 X 40 HEX HEAD BOLT (2 REQ'D)		
12	HCNL1001	10MM LOCKNUT		
13	HCWF0010	10MM FLAT WASHER		
14	HCBC1040	M10X40MM SHCS		

Parts – Swingarm Assembly

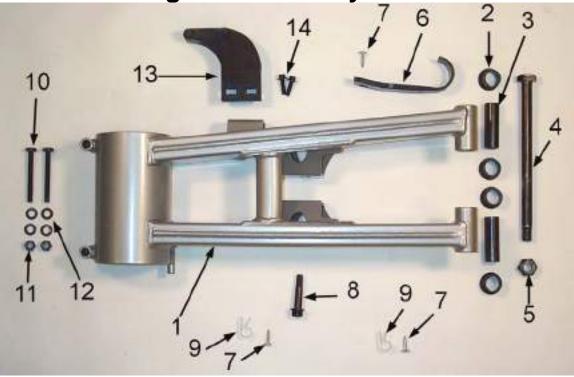


Figure 26

Swingarm				
U				
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION		
1	GAEX5001	SWINGARM		
2	GCMU0030	BUSHING, SWINGARM (4 PER)		
3	GCEX5016	SPACER, SWINGARM PIVOT (LEFT / SHORT)		
	GCEX5017	SPACER, SWINGARM PIVOT (RIGHT / LONG)		
4	HCBH1421	SWINGARM PIVOT BOLT (M14 X 1 HEX HEAD)		
5	HCNL1402	SWINGARM LOCK NUT (M14 X1)		
6	GCEX0050	TOP SWINGARM GUARD – ECX50		
7	HCPP0832	SELF TAPPING SCREW		
8	HCBF1040	BOLT, SHOCK		
9	HCCC0000	BRAKE HOSE CLAMP (2 REQ'D)		
10	HCBH0810	ECCENTRIC PINCH BOLT (2 REQ'D)		
11	HCNL0801	8MM LOCK NUT (2 REQ'D)		
12	HCWF0801	8MM FLAT WASHER (4 REQ'D)		
13	PAEX0001	CHAIN GUIDE ASSEMBLY COMPLETE W/ ALUMINUM PLATE		
14	HCBF0620	6MM X 20 FLANGE HEAD BOLT (2 REQ'D)		

Parts – Tie Rod Assembly

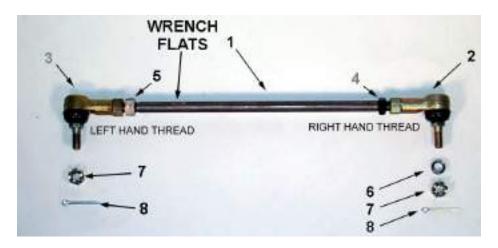


Figure 27

	. 1941.0 = 7				
	Tie Rod Assembly				
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION			
1	FCEX0015	TIE ROD			
2	MCEXBR02R	RH TIE ROD END			
3	MCEXBR02L	LH TIE ROD END			
4	HCNJ120L	LH JAM NUT			
5	HCNJ120R	RH JAM NUT			
6	GCEX0002	SPACER, BALL JOINT			
7	HCNC0010	10MM CASTLE NUT (2 REQ'D)			
8	HCCP0003	COTTERPIN 3/32" X 3/4" (2 REQ'D)			

Service

Trained technicians with precision gauging and proper assembly fixtures carefully assemble all Cobra engines to specific tolerances. If you feel you have the skills, and the appropriate tools, to perform the following service tasks please follow the instructions closely. The part numbers are listed throughout to help you when ordering parts from your local Cobra dealer.

If you don't feel comfortable with the service work, log on to www.cobramotorcycle.com to find a Cobra dealer or Call 517 437 9100.

Engine Service

One method for determining whether the top end of your engine needs rebuilt is to perform a WOT (Wide Open Throttle) kicking compression test. Before performing the procedure please read the caution notes below.

CAUTION:

- There appears to be a wide range of variability in reading compression gauges across the country.
- The head volume of this Cobra Motorcycle is very small and so requires many kicks ~20 before you establish the most accurate reading possible.
- Because of the geometry of the spark plug used in this Cobra Motorcycle, the adapter used with your compression tester must have a similar volume protruding into the combustion chamber to establish an accurate value.
- Length of hose on the compression tester will affect the reading. The shorter the hose length the more accurate your reading will be.

Because of these difficulties in measuring an *absolute* compression value, a useful *relative* value can be achieved by testing your bike's compression with your own particular gauge after a new top end or when the bike is new so that you know what your particular gauge reads on a 'fresh' engine. When it has dropped to 90% of its original value the engine will be down on power and would benefit from a rebuild. When it's dropped to 80% it really needs rebuilt! Using the table below will help you determine monitor the condition of your top end.

	Engine is Fresh	Engine Down on Power	Engine NEEDS Rebuilt
	Measured Value	Measured Value * 0.9	Measured Value * 0.8
Example	110 psi	110 psi * 0.9 = 99 psi	110 psi * 0.8 = 88 psi
Your Values			

Procedure for Compression Testing

- 1. Shut off the fuel petcock.
- 2. Install the compression gauge into the spark plug hole.
- 3. Hold the throttle to wide open, and kick repeatedly (approximately 20 times) or until the gauge reading does not increase in value with each kick.

Engine Removal

To service the bottom end and transmission, the engine must be removed from the frame.

Tools required

- 10, 11, 13, 22 mm wrench
- 8, 10, 14, 17 & 19 mm sockets
- 3, 4 & 5 mm hex key (Allen wrench)
- 7 mm nut driver, flat or Phillip, screwdriver for hose clamps
- Spring remover
- Flywheel / clutch puller (#MCMUTL68)
 - Clutch nut removal tool (Call local dealer for details).

Procedure

- 1. Remove the seat.
- Turn of the fuel at the petcock and disconnect the fuel line.
- Remove the tank (8 mm socket).
- 4. Remove the carburetor from the inlet (flat head or Phillips head screwdriver, 7 mm nut driver).
- 5. Remove the silencer & pipe (spring remover, 8mm socket).
- 6. Locate a suitable container for the engine coolant and disconnect the coolant lines connected to the engine (8 mm socket).

NOTE:

If the coolant looks to be free of contaminates it may be reused.

- 7. Remove the master link from the chain.
- 8. Remove front engine mount bolt (13 mm socket, 6 mm hex key).
- 9. Remove the swingarm bolt (22mm socket).

NOTE:

Only drive the swingarm bolt far enough to clear the engine, leave it holding the one side of the swingarm to the frame

10. Remove the engine from the right side of the frame.

NOTE:

If you are merely performing a top end service skip ahead to *Top End Disassembly Procedure*.

Complete Engine Disassembly Procedure

- 1. Remove the magneto cover (4mm hex key)
- 2. Remove the bolt from the water pump shaft (4mm) and slide off the belt cover and the water pump belt
- 3. Using a flywheel holding tool and 14 mm socket remove the nut that secures the flywheel.
- 4. Using the Cobra flywheel / clutch puller (#MCMUTL68), remove the flywheel from the crankshaft.
- 5. Remove the stator (5mm hex key).
- 6. Remove the nut holding the large gear to the transmission input shaft (19 mm socket).
- 7. Remove the special nut / starter gear that holds on the clutch (special tool available, contact your local dealer).
- 8. With the Cobra flywheel / clutch puller (#MCMUTL68), remove the clutch from the crankshaft (details in Clutch Service portion of this manual).

Top End Disassembly Procedure

- 1. Remove the cylinder head nuts (11mm).
- 2. Remove the cylinder head outer.
- 3. Remove the cylinder head insert.

INSPECTION NOTE:

Inspect the cylinder head for deposits and abrasions.

- 1. If there are deposits they should be removed
 - a. Black oily deposits (indicating a rich mixture or improper oil type/quantity) can be removed with solvent
 - b. Crusty deposits (indicating dirt ingestion) can be removed with solvent and may require some scraping.
- 2. Abrasions
 - a. Pitting or erosion indicates detonation and may require cylinder head replacement, also
 - i. Retard the ignition timing
 - ii. Use a higher octane fuel
 - Missing chunks or indentations indicate broken hardware or ingested items - replace the cylinder head.
- 4. Remove the cylinder.

INSPECTION NOTE:

Inspect the cylinder bore for abrasions, deposits, and missing coating.

- 1. If abrasions: scrapes, scratches, pitting, etc... are found, replace the cylinder.
- 2. If deposits are all are found
 - a. Clean with muratic acid.
 - b. Once the deposits are removed, inspect for abrasions and missing surface coating.
 - i. If there are abrasions or missing coating, replace.
 - ii. If all looks well, the cylinder may be saved.

A WARNING

Muratic acid can be dangerous. Follow the manufacturers instructions closely.

- 5. Remove the piston clip with a scribe.
- 6. Remove the piston pin with a piston pin remover.

INSPECTION NOTE:

Inspect the piston for abrasions and deposits on the top and sides and clean or replace as necessary.

INSPECTION NOTE:

Piston ring end gap should be between 0.008" (0.2 mm) and 0.020" (0.5 mm)

Splitting the Cases

- 1. Remove the fasteners holding the two halves of the crankcase together.
- 2. Separate the cases with a proper case splitting tool.

CAUTION:

Take caution when handling the crankshaft. It is the main power transfer to the rest of the engine. If it is out of alignment, it will cause premature failure of your bearings which can lead to serious damage to the cylinder as well as the rest of the engine. Do not try to true the crank yourself. Truing the crank should be done professionally.

CAUTION:

- If you split the cases, check the gear tooth faces for chipping & signs of fatigue.
- Check the small needle bearings for fatigue. If the bearings are damaged, the engine cases should be checked to make sure the needle-bearing casing didn't oblong the bearing hole in the case.
- Needle bearings should be replaced every couple months of hard racing.

Engine assembly

CAUTION:

For any seals that are to be installed, apply a light amount of grease to the seals' ID, assembly lube on all bearings and a small amount of Loctite to the OD.

- 1. Press the three bearings into the respective holes in each case half.
- 2. Press in the crank seals such that the concave side faces the crank weights.
- 3. Press in the counter shaft seal (concave side faces inside of transmission)
- 4. Install the water pump assembly wire ring retainer
- 5. Press in the water pump assembly
- 6. Tap both ways axially then verify easy rotation.
- 7. Inspect the crankshaft for proper true geometry (no more than 0.002 ", 0.05mm, measured at bearing journal area while supported from the ends).

CAUTION:

Insert a 7.05mm (0.278") shim between the crank throws before pressing on the crank.

8. Insert the screws with the proper lengths at locations shown.

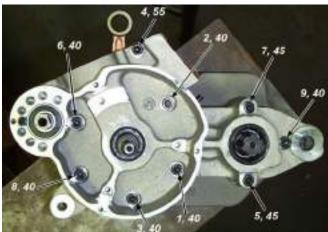


Figure 28

- 9. Torque to 12 Nm (105 in-lb) in the pattern shown in figure 28.
- 10. Trim away any excess gasket material if necessary.

NOTE: Check engine mount holes for excess material that may cause problems in engine installation.

11. Install the piston with new wrist pin bearing and, pin and clips.

CAUTION:

Be sure to align the piston such that the arrow on the top piston surface points to the exhaust (front of bike/engine) and put assembly lube on the connecting rod bearing.

12. Install the piston rings.

CAUTION:

Ring end gap should be no less than 0.25 mm (0.010") and no more than 0.64mm (0.025")

- 13. Install the base gasket.
- 14. Install the cylinder being sure that the piston rings are properly aligned with the indexing pins.

CAUTION:

Never force the cylinder. If resistance is felt, determine the problem and solve it. Once installed slightly rotate the cylinder back and forth insuring that the rings are properly seated.

15. Install cylinder head insert.

NOTE: A light application of silicone grease can help hold the O-RINGs into position during assembly.

- 16. Pressure test the engine insuring an acceptable leakdown rate.
- 17. Install O-RINGs as shown in figure 29.

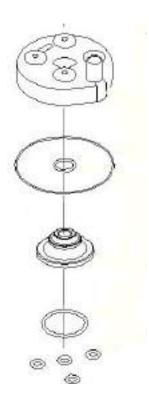


Figure 29

- 18. Install the cylinder head.
- 19. Install the washers (with flat side down) and nuts. Torque to 105 in-lb (12 Nm)
- 20. Install reed and inlet manifold with new gaskets (105 in-lb, 12 Nm) applying 1104 gasket sealer to both sides of all gaskets.
- 21. Leak check the engine to 20 psi to ensure proper seal.
- 22. Install stator reinstalling the grommet and wires (snug the bolts).
- 23. Install the rotor per *Rotor Installation* section, under the *S3: Ignition* portion of this manual.

- 24. Install the water pump outlet pipe (apply Ultra black Hi-Temp RTV silicon gasket maker to the threads before assembly) before installing the clutch and rotate to a vertical position with the engine resting on a bench
- 25. Install the clutch per *Clutch Installation* section in this manual.
- 26. Install the coolant drain plug with copper washer (11 ft-lb, 15 Nm).
- 27. Make sure that the exhaust spacer is on the cylinder (53 in-lb, 6 Nm).
- 28. Install the spark plug with a fresh gasket (to apply the proper torque to the spark plug when inserting, one must first screw the spark plug in until the metal gasket ring causes resistance and then turn another 1/8 to ½ turn).

Clutch

CAUTION:

The clutch components (arbor, shoes, bolt, and belleville washers) on your 2006 Cobra are similar looking but different in geometry from prior years. Do not mix old and new parts as damage will occur.

Cobra clutch puller assembly:

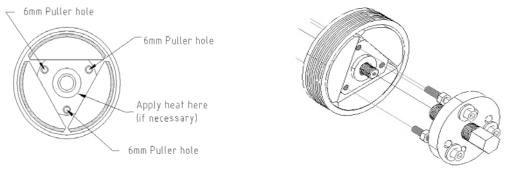


Figure 30 Figure 31 Clutch puller installation Tools recommended for clutch service:

- Universal clutch puller- a universal puller that pulls the clutch, main drive gear and rotor. (Part # MCMUTL70).
- 5mm T-handle
- Clutch nut removal tool (ECMU0078) & spanner wrench (ECMU0082).
- Cobra 3 Shoe Clutch Milk (Part # MCMUGF01).

CLUTCH REMOVAL:

- 1. Drain the engine transmission oil and remove the clutch cover.
- 2. Remove the clutch nut (not left hand thread) on the end of the crankshaft with the clutch nut removal tool.
- 3. Attach the Universal Puller. There are three 6mm clutch puller holes located on the ends of the center hub. (figures 30 & 31) You must use a *draw type puller* to remove the clutch.

CAUTION:

Do not use a jaw type puller or use the 6mm tapped holes as jackscrews or you are likely damage the clutch or drum.

4. If necessary apply heat to the center clutch hub.

CAUTION:

Do not heat the crankshaft threads or the aluminum shoes.

5. Keep tension on the puller as you are heating it.

A WARNING

The clutch will often pop off under tension from the puller and it will be very hot.

CLUTCH WASHER STACKUPS:

Once the clutch is removed, and cool to touch, carefully put it into a vice and remove the center shoulder bolt out of each clutch shoe. You will probably have to heat the center hub again to remove the bolts. Once you get a bolt loosened, carefully remove it with the shoe and observe the way the spring washers are stacked. Clean the washers and bolt if you intend to reuse.

The spring stacks in your 2006 Cobra clutch will contain 11 individual springs and a flat washer configured as a 5 ½ stack. See figure 32. This clutch is designed such that it reconfigured by the customer to achieve different clutch engagements 'hits' by changing washer counts and configurations.

CAUTION:

Generally reassemble the springs as you removed them from the engine or as you received them from Cobra. This will be either a 3, 4 ½ or, 5 stack. If you are unsure call the Cobra Technical Support Group 517 437 9100, and consult the experts.

CLUTCH	CLUTCH ASSEMBLY REFERENCE DRAWING				
REF#	PART#	DESCRIPTION			
1	CAMU0013	Set of three shoes, springs, bolts, flat washers & nuts			
2	CAMU0010	Set Of three springs, washers, bolts & nuts			
4	HCBS0004	One metric clutch bolt			

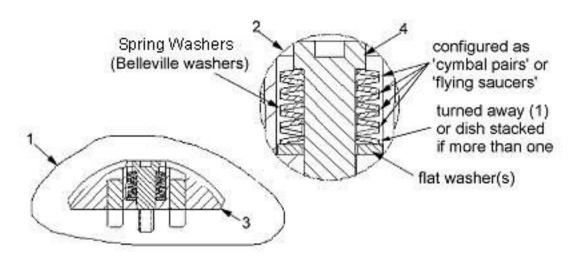


Figure 32 Some configuration of clutch spring stack. Each 'spring' stack contains multiple springs (Belleville washers) - arranged into three, four, or five 'flying saucers', or turned away against the flat washer(s). Shown is the 4 ½ stack.

Stack	Total Springs	Flying Saucers or Cymbal Pairs	Turned Away or Dish Stacked	Std. Flat Washer
5 ½	11	5	1	

Clutch adjustment washers

Your Cobra comes stock with a single flat washer at the bottom of the spring washer stack. The thickness of that flat washer is 0.031" (0.79mm). Cobra offers several thicknesses of thin adjustment washers that allow clutch engagement tuning. Increasing the flat washer(s) thickness increases the engine speed for clutch engagement thus increasing the abruptness of clutch engagement (harder hit). Conversely, decreasing the flat washer(s) thickness decreases the engine speed for clutch engagement thus decreasing the abruptness of clutch engagement (softer hit).

Part #	Thickness mm (inch)
HKCSM015	1.5 (0.060)
HKCSM012	1.2 (0.047)
HKCSM008	0.8 (0.031)
HKCSM006	0.6 (0.025)
HKCSM005	0.5 (0.020)
HKCSM004	0.4 (0.015)

Use the table above to order adjustment washers. Replace the stock washer with the proper combination of adjustment washers that delivers the desired clutch hit.

Hit _	Thickness (mm)	Thickness (inch)
Softer	0.8	0.031
	0.9 (0.4 + 0.5)	0.015 + 0.020
	1.0 (0.5 + 0.5)	0.020 + 0.020
	1.1 (0.6 + 0.5)	0.020 + 0.025
Harder \downarrow	1.2	0.047

CAUTION:

It is easy to prematurely damage the clutch and other engine components with improper clutch adjustment. If you are unsure of how to adjust the clutch, by even the slightest, contact the Cobra Technical Support Group before making adjustments.

Clutch shoe wear:

• If the clutch has been slipping and shows signs of glazing, it is best to replace the shoes. We have found that once the shoes are glazed, even if deglazed with emery paper or a file, the performance is reduced.

 The best way to prevent glazing is by not gearing too high, changing the oil as specified and by not blipping the throttle. Every time you blip the throttle, you are working your clutch springs.

CAUTION:

The clutch produces a tremendous amount of heat and when a rider is blipping the throttle. This makes the clutch and clutch springs wear out quicker. This also makes your engine tend to run hotter which decreases engine power and degrades ignition stator efficiency. It is important to train your rider **NOT** to be a **throttle 'blipper'**.

CAUTION:

Sludge build-up between the spring washers also keeps the clutch shoe from engaging fully and this will cause the clutch to start to slip. So you will need to clean the sludge out or just replace the spring washers and bolts with new ones. How quickly this sludge builds up depends on how often you **change your oil** and whether your rider is a throttle 'blipper'.

REF#	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	ECMU0118	Crank seal
2	ECMU0040	Clutch to hub spacer (standard 0.030" 0.76mm)
	ECMU0040T	Clutch to hub spacer (thin, 0.015" 0.38mm)
3	ECMU0119	Brass bearing
4	ECMU0120	Clutch basket with bearing
5	CAMU0005	Clutch Complete w/ Arbor
6	ECMU0018	Clutch nut
	CCMU0029	Clutch arbor

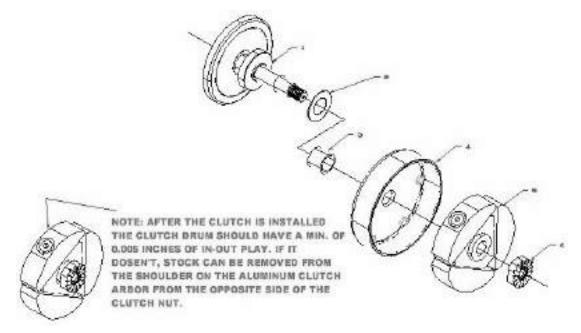


Figure 33, Clutch Assembly Drawing

CLUTCH ASSEMBLY:

1. After cleaning or replacing the spring washers, reassemble the stack up of washers.

CAUTION:

It is important to reassemble the washer stack to that which is recommended or to your own specialized stack.

CAUTION:

It is also important that all three shoes are stacked the same. (See figure 32)

- 2. Clean the threads of the stack bolt and the clutch with contact cleaner removing all old thread locking material.
- 3. Apply high strength (red) thread lock material to the stack bolt and tighten to 12 ft-lb (16 N-m).

CAUTION:

Avoid allowing excess thread lock material to contact the spring washers and the clutch or the clutch is likely to malfunction.

- 4. Use fine emery paper on the center hole of the clutch and on the tapered section of the crankshaft.
- 5. Apply a small amount of wicking / bearing retainer (green) thread lock agent to the center tapered section of the crankshaft and taper of clutch arbor.

CAUTION:

Lean the bike / engine such that any excess thread lock agent goes away from the bushing in the clutch drum.

- 6. Put the clutch back in.
- 7. Apply high strength (red) thread locking agent to the threads and install the nut and torque to 35 ft-lb (47Nm) with the special socket (see figure 33).

CAUTION:

Use high strength (red) thread locker on the threads of the clutch nut. If you are using an impact socket, just zap it lightly with an air wrench to tighten it because there are only about 4 threads inside the nut and they can be easily stripped. If you are tightening it by hand, you can hold the crank from turning with the clutch removal spanner ECMU0082.

Install the clutch cover tightening the bolts from inside out. (8 or 10 mm socket, 5.8 ft-lb, 7.8 Nm).

INSPECTION NOTE:

- a. There must be in / out play in installed clutch, 0.4mm to 1.0 mm (0.015" to 0.040").
- b. Excess in/out will cause early crank seal failure.
- c. A blue clutch drum is worn out from excessive slippage or improper lubrication.

NOTE:

To ensure proper engagement of the kick gear with the starter nut, tighten the six screws only to the point of being not extremely loose. Using one hand rotate the kick lever to ½ stroke and hold while tightening the six screws completely with the other hand.

8. Fill with oil (235 ml (8.0 oz) Cobra 3 Shoe Clutch Milk (Part # MCMUGF01).

Ignition

Stator care

Stator failure will result from running the bike hot. Following is a list of things that will make your engine run hot.

- 1. The timing should not exceed the maximum specifications listed.
- 2. Improper carburetor jetting.
- 3. Improper spark plug heat range. Never run a hotter plug than the specified spark plug.
- 4. Clutch slippage. See "CLUTCH" section for causes of slippage.

CAUTION:

- Because of the amount of heat generated by the clutch and engine during extended periods of riding, it is advisable to remove the ignition cover afterward to allow the ignition to cool off. The heat transfers through the cases and can damage the stator as it cools off because of lack of airflow around the stator.
- Ignition will overheat if the gap between the rotor and stator is not large enough. There should be even clearance as the rotor rotates relative to the stator.
- Non-resistor spark plug caps should be used. Resistor caps will result in a weaker spark that will reduce performance.
- Make sure ground wires are secure.
- Make sure connections are free of dirt.

CAUTION:

If the engine is hot, it would be helpful to take the ignition cover off to allow cooling.

The proper ignition timing for this model of is at **0.040**" before Top Dead Center (that means 0.040" before the piston reaches the highest point of it's travel in the cylinder).

CAUTION:

Advancing the ignition timing will cause the engine to run hotter, in-turn causing power loss, shortened clutch life, and possibly lead to premature stator failure, and can also cause detonation which can lead to premature piston and ring failure.

Tools recommended for timing service:

- Compact motorcycle dial indicator
- Universal clutch puller- a universal puller that pulls the clutch, main drive gear and rotor. (Part # MCMUTL70).

TIMING YOUR IGNITION:

- 1. Remove the spark plug cap, and sparkplug.
- 2. Insert the dial indicator into the spark plug hole.
- 3. Remove the four bolts from the ignition cover.
- 4. Remove the water pump belt from the rotor and water pump shaft.
- 5. Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise until it reaches top dead center.
- 6. Set the dial indicator to zero
- 7. Turn the crankshaft clockwise until the dial indicator reaches 0.040" (1.02mm) from top dead center.
- 8. Line up the lines on the stator and the rotor (figure 35). Otherwise loosen the three 5mm bolts to adjust the stator.

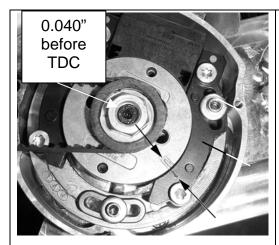


Figure 35, Lining up the line on the rotor with the line on the stator.



Figure 36, Using a dial indicator to measure piston height for setting ignition timing.

ROTOR INSTALLATION:

1. Use wicking / bearing retainer (green) thread locker on the inside of the rotor, and on tapered part of crankshaft.

CAUTION:

It is recommended that you apply the proper thread locking primer to the components that are to receive thread locking material per the manufacturers instructions.

- 2. Eyeball the lines on the rotor and stator then press the rotor onto the crankshaft firmly (figure 35).
- 3. Torque the nut on the rotor to 40 ft-lb (54 Nm) with high strength (red) thread locking agent.
- 4. Recheck the timing following the procedure of *timing your ignition*.
- 5. Install the water pump belt back on.
- 6. Bolt the ignition cover back on.
- 7. Put the spark plug back in, and firmly stick the spark plug cap onto the spark plug.

Cooling System

The water pump in the engine keeps the radiator fluid in circulation throughout the motor. The air stream running through the radiator cools the radiator fluid. Therefore dirty radiators additionally reduce the cooling effect.

Radiator fluid removal:

1. Remove the coolant drain plug (A) on the front of the engine case (figure 37).

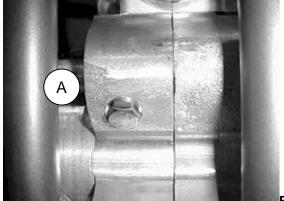


Figure 37

To remove radiator cap:

- 1. Turn the cap counter clockwise to the first stop and wait there for a few seconds.
- 2. Push the cap down and turn it further in the same direction and remove the cap.

NOTE: Inspect the old coolant for visual evidence of corrosion and abnormal smell.

Tools recommended for impeller service:

- Flat head screwdriver
- 13mm- hex wrench
- 3mm hex key

- 4mm hex key
- 5mm hex key
- 8mm hex key
- Propane torch
- 3/8" diameter x 8" long steel rod
- Hammer

COBRA IMPELLER SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Remove exhaust pipe and gas tank (you may be using a propane torch in step 12.
- 2. Remove radiator cap and drain engine coolant by removing the 13mm- hex head coolant drain plug.
- 3. If the impeller is damaged or broken completely back flush the coolant system to ensure no solid pieces are in the system.
- 4. Drain engine transmission oil by removing drain screw using a 13mm- hex wrench. (item 2 in the figure below).
- 5. Remove right side radiator hose and unscrew coolant fitting with a 8mm hex key.
- 8. Remove ignition cover using a 4mm hex key (four places)
- 9. Stick a 3mm hex key in the water pump shaft cross hole, and remove belt retainer screw using a 4mm hex key. (Figure 41 item 1)
- 10. Remove belt retainer, water pump belt and water pump fan pulley.
- 11. Remove bearing retainer screw using a 3mm hex key. (Figure 38 item 2)

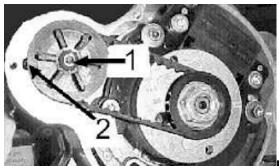


Figure 38

12. Heat engine case around area of impeller lightly with a small propane torch. Using a 3/8" diameter x 8" long steel rod, tap impeller assembly out of engine as shown in figure 39.



Figure 39

CAUTION:

Too much heat can be detrimental to the engine cases.

13. The shaft assembly is serviceable. Use a 4mm hex key to remove impeller retainer screw. Remove impeller, seal and both bearings. Check shaft for wear in the area of the seal. If there is any sign of wear (like a groove) replace the shaft.

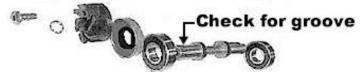


Figure 40

- 14. Reinstall new bearings, seal (open side toward impeller) and impeller. Clean all threads and use green (wicking / bearing retainer) thread locker.
- 15. Using a liberal amount of grease on the outside seal, bearings and inside of case, reinstall bearing assembly by using a 0.500" ID by 1.000" OD steel tube 2" long and tap on end of tube per figure 41.



Figure 41



16. Re-assemble in reverse order of disassembly.

CAUTION:

Clean all threads and use blue (medium strength) thread locker on the belt retainer screw.

NOTE:

Apply Ultra black Hi-Temp RTV silicon or Teflon pipe sealant to the tapered pipe threads of the coolant fitting before assembly.

NOTE:

Refill the coolant system with 50/50 antifreeze-coolant / distilled water.

CAUTION:

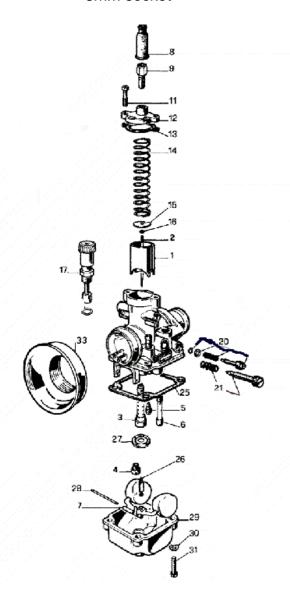
Do not mix Propylene Glycol based coolant / antifreeze solutions with Ethylene Glycol based coolant / antifreeze solutions.

Fuel & Air System

Carburetor:

Tools recommended for carburetor service:

- Small flat head screwdriver
- WD-40
- 8mm socket



	KING Carb	ouretor Ref. Drawing
REF.#	PART #	DESCRIPTION
1	RCMU0305	CARB SLIDE
2	RCMU0601	NEEDLE
3		ATOMIZER AU2.62
4		MAIN JET
5		PILOT JET
6		CHOKE JET
7	RCMU0301	FLOAT
8	RCMU0102	RUBBER CABLE CAP SEAL
9	RCMU0003	CABLE ADJUSTOR
11	RCMU0006	TOP CARB SCREW
12	RCMU0106	CARB TOP
13	ZCMU0007	TOP CARB GASKET
14	RCMU0004	SLIDE SPRING
15	RCMU0205	NEEDLE RETAINER PLATE
16	RCMU0007	NEEDLE CLIP
17	RCMU0204	CHOKE ASS'Y. 2001 CM
20	RCMU0009	FUEL MIXTURE SCREW
21	RCMU0011	IDLE ADJUSTMENT SCREW
25	RCMU0103	FLOAT BOWL GASKET
26	RCMU0107	FLOAT NEEDLE
27	RCMU0012	DIFFUSER
28	RCMU0016	FLOAT RETAINER PIN
29	RCMU0106	FLOAT BOWL
30	RCMU0201	BOTTOM FLOAT SCREW
31	INCIVIOUZU I	BOTTOW FLOAT SCREW
33	RCMU0269	VELOCITY STACK

Figure 42

Your Cobra is equipped with an adjustable carburetor. Some fine-tuning may be needed according to weather condition and altitude. Proper jetting is **very** important for engine performance and engine life. Serious damage to the engine can occur if not properly adjusted.

IDLE ADJUSTMENT:

On the left side of the carburetor, there are two adjustment screws. The larger screw with the knurled head is the idle adjustment screw. To raise the idle, turn the screw in clockwise (in 1/4 turn increments) and rev the engine after each

adjustment. To lower the idle, turn the screw counter-clockwise.

TOP END JETTING:

Indications that the engine is running too rich (too much fuel for the air) are:

- Engine not revving out or blubbering at high RPMs.
- Engine will not 'clean out'
- Wet or black spark plug

NOTE: Before changing jetting be sure that the air filter is properly cleaned and has the usual amount of air filter oil. An overly dirty air filter can cause the engine to run rich.

If the engine is running rich on the top end it should be leaned out. Leaning it out can be done by:

- 1. Changing the main jet to a smaller number.
- 2. Raising the needle clip (this lowers the jet needle) one notch at a time on the slide.

Indications that the engine is running too lean are:

- Engine cutting out on top end.
- Engine overheating and ultimately seizure.
- White spark plug

CAUTION:

It is much safer to operate the engine slightly rich as opposed to slightly lean. This is because an overly rich engine will just run poorly while an overly lean engine will seize, potentially causing an expensive top end rebuild and a DNF.

To richen the carburetor:

- 1. Change the main jet one number at a time (larger).
- 2. Lower the needle clip (raising the jet needle) one notch at a time until the engine starts to blubber on the top end, then move the clip back up one notch or until you get the blubber out.

FUEL MIXTURE SCREW

The smaller brass screw that is towards the front of the engine is a fuel mixture screw. This screw will also richen and lean your engine more on the bottom and mid-range. In warmer conditions, turn the screw in. In colder conditions, turn the screw out. Be sure to keep the carburetor very clean and make sure you don't have water or dirt in the carburetor bowl. Use automotive carburetor cleaner or WD-40 to clean the carburetor inside and out.

STOCK CARBURETOR SETTINGS

The 2005 KING stock carburetor settings from the factory are:

- 65 pilot jet
- 97 main jet

Cleaning the carburetor:

WARNING

Clean the carburetor in a well-ventilated area, and take care that there is no spark or flame anywhere near the working area; this includes any appliance with a pilot light. Because of the danger of highly flammable liquids, do not use gasoline or low flash-point solvent to clean the carburetor.

- 1. Make sure the fuel is shut off.
- 2. Remove the carburetor.
- 3. Drain the fuel from the carburetor.
- 4. Disassemble the carburetor.
- 5. Immerse all the metal parts in a carburetor cleaning solution.
- 6. After the parts are cleaned, dry them with compressed air.
- 7. Blow out the fuel passages with compressed air.
- 8. Assemble the carburetor
- 9. Install the carburetor onto the motorcycle.

CAUTION:

1. The motorcycle will only operate properly if the carburetor top is installed properly with the mounting screws, cable and choke knob oriented as shown in figure 43.

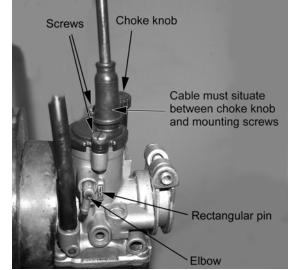


Figure 43 Proper carburetor top installation and location of rectangular slide indexing pin and vent elbows.

Reeds:

- The reeds must lay flat on the reed cage.
- If the reed tips aren't lying flat, replace them immediately.
- The reeds must have a tight seal on the reed cage.
- If the reed is damaged in any way, replace it. This means cracks, chips, and ruptures. Anything abnormal, replace the reeds.

Take the reed cage out and hold it up to the light and look in through the cage. If you see light between the reed pedals and the frame, then replace the reeds. If you do not see light, then the reeds should be ok. (See figure 44)

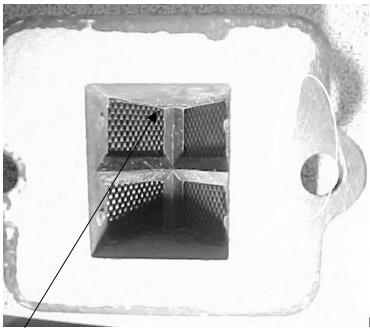


Figure 44

The presence of light indicates that the reeds should be replaced, or possibly turned over.

Exhaust

The pipe is a crucial element to a motorcycle. Any kinks, dents, or damage done to the pipe will result in a major performance loss.

NOTE:

Be sure to take the pipe off, and any carbon that may be built up. Carbon build up is created from exhaust. Exhaust has oils in it, and the oils cling to the walls of the inside of the pipe. Over a long period of time, the diameter of the pipe will decrease, due to carbon build up. So it is essential to clear the residue.

CAUTION:

It is important to repack the silencer. Signs of your silencer needing to be repacked are:

- The bike is louder than normal.
- A loss of power.

Tuning

Gearing

For a bike with a centrifugal clutch, it's better to be geared too low than too high.

What happens with improper gearing?

- Poor performance
- Not enough top end speed
- No snap
- Over heat clutch
- Premature failure of engine seals, bearings, & electronics
- High clutch wear

Condition	Gear Taller	Gear Lower
Mud		₩ ₩
Sand		\
Hills		Ψ
Hard Pack	^	
Throttle Blipper (novice)		*

^{*}It may be helpful to set up the clutch to hit early for smooth power delivery

			Rear	
Fre	ont Sprock	1	Sprocket	Gear Ratio
		15	33	2.20
		15	34	2.27
		15	35	2.33
	14		33	2.36
		15	36	2.40
	14		34	2.43
		15	37	2.47
	14		35	2.50
		15	38	2.53
13			33	2.54
	14		36	2.57
		15	39	2.60
13			34	2.62
	14		37	2.64
		15	40	2.67
13			35	2.69
	14	stock	38	2.71
		15	41	2.73
13			36	2.77
	14		39	2.79
		15	42	2.80
13			37	2.85
	14		40	2.86
13			38	2.92
	14		41	2.93
13			39	3.00
	14		42	3.00
13			40	3.08
13			41	3.15
13			42	3.23
				Ratio Write © Cobra R&I
				200

Carburetion

Although your Cobra is sent from the factory with the carburetor jetted for optimal performance, you may find it necessary to adjustment your particular jetting due to current weather conditions, altitude, fuel variations, and/or engine modifications.

CAUTION:

Proper jetting is very important for engine performance and engine life.

Symptoms of improper jetting are listed below.

- Symptoms of incorrect oil or oil / fuel ratio
 - Poor acceleration
 - Misfire at low engine speeds
 - Excessive smoke
 - Spark plug fouling
 - o Excessive black oil dripping from exhaust system
- Symptoms of too rich a fuel mixture
 - o Poor acceleration
 - o Engine will not 'rev' out, blubbers on top
 - Misfire at low engine speeds
 - Excessive smoke
 - Spark plug fouling
 - Wet, black, or overly dark spark plug (when removed for inspection)
- Symptoms of too lean a fuel mixture
 - Pinging or rattling
 - o Erratic acceleration
 - o Same actions as running out of fuel
 - High engine temperature
 - White spark plug (when removed for inspection)

NOTE:

When inspecting the spark plug to evaluate jetting, a properly jetted machine will produce a spark plug that is dry and light tan in color.

Environmental and altitude related mixture adjustments					
Condition	Mixture will be	Required adjustment			
Cold air	Leaner	Richer			
Warm air	Richer	Leaner			
Dry air	Leaner	Richer			
Very humid air	Richer	Leaner			
Low altitude	Standard	None			
High altitude	Richer	Leaner			
Low barometric pressure	Richer	Leaner			
High barometric pressure	Leaner	Richer			

NOTE:

- Before making any carburetor jetting changes verify that:
 - You are using the proper fuel and oil
 - o The fuel is fresh and uncontaminated
 - The oil and fuel have been mixed in the proper ratio
 - The carburetor is clean (no plugged jets)
 - The air filter is properly clean and oiled
 - The float height is within proper specification (proper measuring technique is described later in this section)

NOTE:

Perform all jetting changes on a motorcycle that has been warmed up to proper

operating temperature.

The carburetor on your Cobra motorcycle is quite adjustable. Figure 49 shows its range of adjustment and in particular what adjustable component affects what range of operation (specifically throttle position).

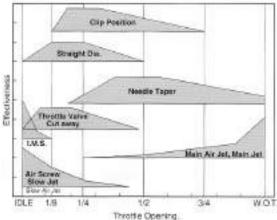


Figure 49

FUEL SCREW ADJUSTMENT:

Adjust for maximum idle speed

The fuel adjustment screw is located on the left side of the carburetor. It is the smaller of the two adjustment screws and requires the use of a small flat blade screw driver for adjustment. After adjusting for maximum idle speed, use the idle screw to adjust the desired idle speed.

NOTE:

If the fuel screw requires more than 3 turns out, replace the pilot jet for one that is one size richer (larger number) then readjust the fuel screw.

IDLE ADJUSTMENT:

Adjust for desired idle speed

The idle speed screw is located on the left side of the carburetor. It is the larger of the two screws on the side of the carburetor and is unique with its knurled head for easy fingertip adjustment. To raise the idle, turn the screw in, clockwise, (in 1/4 turn increments) and rev the engine after each adjustment. To lower the idle, turn the screw counter-clockwise.

TOP END JETTING:

Adjust for clean full throttle acceleration

Jet your top end (main jet) based on the acceleration of your Cobra Motorcycle on the longest straight at the track. Observe any of the lean or rich symptoms (spark plug appearance and bike performance) listed above and change your jetting accordingly.

PART THROTTLE

Adjust for desired acceleration

Using an area of the track that allows the rider to operate and mid throttle and transition (accelerate, or 'roll on') from closed, or mostly closed throttle, to a larger throttle opening. Observe the rich and lean symptoms listed above. Adjust the jet needle position by moving the clip from its current position (move the clip higher on the needle to make the bike run leaner, or move the clip lower on the needle to make the bike run richer) to one higher or lower.

.

Troubleshooting

1) Engine not behaving properly

- a) Carburetor top is installed backwards (happens a lot)
- b) The carburetor slide indexing pin is missing

2) Engine is down on power

- a) Clutch engagement is not set properly
- b) Jetting is incorrect
- c) Silencer needs repacked
- d) Exhaust pipe
 - i) Has excess carbon buildup
 - ii) Has large dent in it
- e) Compression is low
 - i) Piston
 - ii) Rings
- f) Reeds are damaged
- g) Ignition timing is incorrect

3) Engine is excessively loud

a) Silencer needs repacking

4) Engine 'blubbers' at high RPMs

a) Jetting too rich

5) Engine won't start

- a) Fuel
 - i) None in tank
 - ii) Is sour or bad
- b) Carburetor is dirty
- c) Ignition
 - i) Spark plug fouled
 - ii) Spark plug cap off
 - iii) Engine Shut-off 'kill' switch is shorted
 - iv) Bad electrical ground
 - v) Stator winding damaged
- d) Exhaust is plugged

6) Engine won't idle

- a) Idle knob needs adjusted
- b) Carburetor jets are dirty

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