

PREFACE

This Service Manual describes the technical features and servicing procedures for the KYMCO **X-Town 125 ABS/ CBS.**

Section 1 contains the precautions for all operations stated in this manual. Read them carefully before any operation is started.

Section 2 is the removal/installation procedures for the frame covers which are subject to removal/installation frequency during maintenance and servicing operations.

Section 3 describes the inspection/ adjustment procedures, safety rules and service information for each part, starting from periodic maintenance.

Sections 5 to 12 give instructions for disassembly, assembly and adjustment of engine parts. Section 13 is the AFI system. Section 14 to 15 is the removal/ installation of chassis. Section 16 to 19 states the testing and measuring methods of electrical equipment.

Most sections start with an assembly or system illustration and troubleshooting for the section. The subsequent pages give detailed procedures for the section.

The information and contents included in this manual may be different from the motorcycle in case specifications are changed.

KWANG YANG MOTOR CO., LTD. QUALITY TECHNOLOGY DEPT. EDUCATION SECTION

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GENERAL INFORMATION

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER





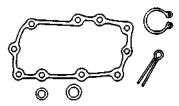
SPECIFICATIONS

| Name | X-Town 125 | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Model No. | KS25AD | | |
| Overall length | | 2250 mm | |
| Overall width | | 800 mm | |
| Overall height | | 1385 mm | |
| Wheel base | | 1545 mm | |
| Engine type | | O.H.C. | |
| Displacement | | 125 cc | |
| Fuel Used | | 92# nonleaded gasoline | |
| | Front wheel | 70 | |
| | Rear wheel | 100 | |
| weight (kg) | Total | 170 | |
| | Front wheel | | |
| Grass weight | | 77 | |
| Gross weight | Rear wheel | 107 | |
| (kg) | Total | 184 | |
| RRGround cleara | nce (mm) | 135 | |
| Braking distance (r | n) | 7.9m / 30 km/hr | |
| Min. turning radi | us (mm) | 2600 | |
| Engine | part | | |
| Starting system | | Starting motor | |
| Туре | | Liquid cooled 4 | |
| •• | | stroke | |
| Cylinder arrange | | Single cylinder | |
| Combustion char | | Semi-sphere | |
| Valve arrangem | | O.H.C. 4V | |
| Bore x stroke (n | <i>,</i> | 54*54.5 11.7:1 | |
| Compression rat | | 11./.1 | |
| (kg/cm ² -rpm) | | 15 | |
| Max.horsepowe | | 10.7/8750 | |
| Max. torque (N. | m/rpm) | 12.2/6750 | |
| Intake(1mm) | Open | 8° BTDC | |
| Intake(1mm) | Close | 31° BTDC | |
| Exhaust(1) | Open | 32° BTDC | |
| Exhaust(1mm) | Close | 6° BTDC | |
| Valve Intake | | 0.1mm | |
| clearance Exhaust | | 0.1mm | |
| Idle speed (rpm) | | | |
| Cooling Type | Liquid cooling Forced pressure & | | |
| | Lubrication type | | |
| Lubrication type | | wet sump | |

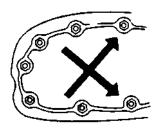
| Oil filter | type | | | Full-flow filtration |
|--|---------|--------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Oil capacity | | | 1.2L | |
| Exchangin | | acity | r | 1.0L |
| 8_ | -0 | | Fuel syst | |
| Air cleane | r type | & N | | Paper element, wet |
| Fuel capac | city | | | 13 L |
| Throttle t | ype | | | Butterfly type |
| | | El | ectrical sy | ystem |
| Ignition t | уре | | | ECU |
| Spark plu | g | | | NGK CR7E /CPR7EA-9 |
| Spark plu | lg gap |) | | 0.8~0.9mm |
| Battery C | apaci | ty | | 12V 12AH |
| | | Trai | nsmission | system |
| Clutch ty | pe | | | Dry multi-disc |
| Transmis | sion (| Gear | tvne | Non-stage |
| | | ovar | ope | Transmission |
| | | | operation | Automatic centrifugal |
| Reduction | n Gea | r typ | e | Two-stage reduction |
| Reduction | n ratio | • | 1st | 0.83~2.2 |
| Reduction | Tain | J | 2nd | 10.41 |
| | | N | /loving de | |
| Front | Caste | er ang | le | 28° |
| Axle | Trail | lengt | h | 140mm |
| Turning | nala | | Left | 40° |
| Turning a | ingle | Right | | 40° |
| Tire pressure (kg/cm ²) | | Front | | 2.0 |
| | | | Rear | 2.25 |
| Brake system | | | Front | Disk brake |
| type | | Rear | | Disk brake |
| Damping Device | | | | |
| Suspension Front | | Front | Telescope | |
| type | | | Rear | Double Swing |
| Frame type | | | Pipe under bone | |

SERVICE PRECAUTIONS

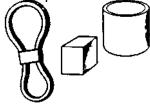
Make sure to install new gaskets, O-rings, circlips, cotter pins, etc. when reassembling.



When tightening bolts or nuts, begin with larger-diameter to smaller ones at several times, and tighten to the specified torque diagonally.



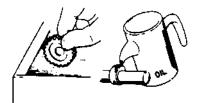
■ Use genuine parts and <u>lubricants</u>.



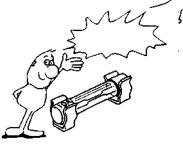
When servicing the motorcycle, be sure to use special tools for removal and installation.



After disassembly, clean removed parts. Lubricate sliding surfaces with engine oil before reassembly.



Apply or add designated greases and lubricants to the specified lubrication points.



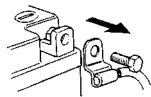
KYMCO

X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

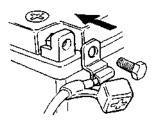
When two persons work together, pay attention to the mutual working safety.



- Disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal before operation.
- When using a spanner or other tools, make sure not to damage the motorcycle surface.

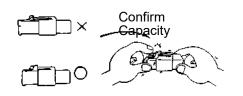


- After operation, check all connecting points, fasteners, and lines for proper connection and installation.
- When connecting the battery, the positive (+) terminal must be connected first.
- After connection, apply grease to the battery terminals.
- Terminal caps shall be installed securely.

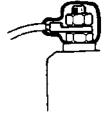


If the fuse is burned out, find the cause and repair it. Replace it with a new one according to the specified capacity.

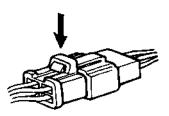
■ After operation, terminal caps shall be installed securely.



When taking out the connector, the lock on the connector shall be released before operation.



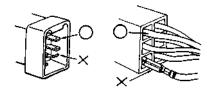
- Hold the connector body when connecting or disconnecting it.
- Do not pull the connector wire.



Check if any connector terminal is bending, protruding or loose.



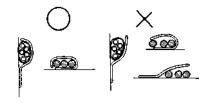
- The connector shall be inserted completely.
- If the double connector has a lock, lock it at the correct position.
- Check if there is any loose wire.



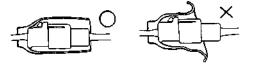
Before connecting a terminal, check for damaged terminal cover or loose negative terminal.

KYMCO

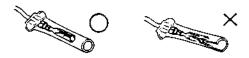
X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS



Check the double connector cover for proper coverage and installation.



- Insert the terminal completely.
- Check the terminal cover for proper coverage.
- Do not make the terminal cover opening face up.

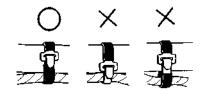


Secure wire harnesses to the frame with their respective wire bands at the designated locations. Tighten the bands so that only the

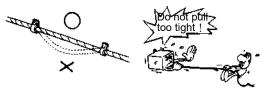
insulated surfaces contact the wire harnesses.



After clamping, check each wire to make sure it is secure.



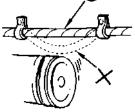
Do not squeeze wires against the weld or its clamp.



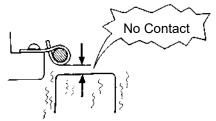
After clamping, check each harness to make sure that it is not interfering with any moving or sliding parts.



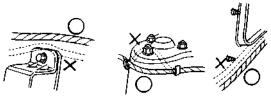
When fixing the wire harnesses, do not make it contact the parts that will generate high heat.



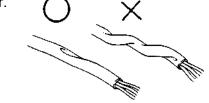
- Route wire harnesses to avoid sharp edges or corners. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.
- Route wire harnesses passing through the side of bolts and screws. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.



Route harnesses so they are neither pulled tight nor have excessive slack.



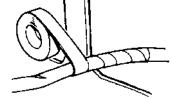
Protect wires and harnesses with electrical tape or tube if they contact a sharp edge or corner.



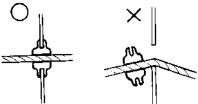
KYMCO

X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

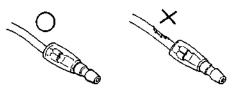
■ When rubber protector cover is used to protect the wire harnesses, it shall be installed securely.



- Do not break the sheath of wire.
- If a wire or harness is with a broken sheath, repair by wrapping it with protective tape or replace it.



When installing other parts, do not press or squeeze the wires.



After routing, check that the wire harnesses are not twisted or kinked.



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■ Wire harnesses routed along with handlebar should not be pulled tight, have excessive slack or interfere with adjacent or surrounding parts in all steering positions.



When a testing device is used, make sure to understand the operating methods thoroughly and operate according to the operating instructions



Be careful not to drop any parts.



When rust is found on a terminal, remove the rust with sand paper or equivalent before connecting.





Symbols:

The following symbols represent the servicing methods and cautions included in this service manual.



: Apply engine oil to the specified points. (Use designated engine oil for lubrication.)



: Apply grease for lubrication.



: Transmission Gear Oil (90#)



: Use special tool.



: Caution



: Warning



TORQUE VALUES STANDAR TORQUE VALUES

| Item | Torque (kgf-m) | Item | Torque (kgf-m) |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| 5mm bolt, nut | 0.45~0.6 | 5mm screw | 0.45~0.6 |
| 6mm bolt, nut | 0.8~1.2 | 6mm screw, SH bolt | 0.7~1.1 |
| 8mm bolt, nut | 1.8~2.5 | 6mm flange bolt, nut | 1.0~1.4 |
| 10mm bolt, nut | 3.0~4.0 | 8mm flange bolt, nut | 2.4~3.0 |
| 12mm bolt, nut | 5.0~6.0 | 10mm flange bolt, nut | 3.0~4.5 |

Torque specifications listed below are for important fasteners.

ENGINE

| Item | Qty | Thread dia.(mm) | Torque (kgf-m) | Remarks |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----------------|----------------|---------|
| Cylinder head bolt A | | 6 | 0.7~1.1 | |
| Cylinder head bolt B | | 6 | 0.7~1.1 | |
| Oil filter screen cap | | 30 | 2.0~3.0 | |
| O2 sensor | | 12 | 0.7~1.1 | |
| Cylinder head cover | | 6 | 0.8~0.9 | |
| Tappet adjusting hole cap | | 30 | 1.0~2.0 | |
| Cam chain set plate | | 6 | 1.0~1.4 | |
| Engine oil drain bolt | | 12 | 2.0~3.0 | |
| Clutch outer nut | | 12 | 5.0~6.0 | |
| Clutch drive plate nut | | 28 | 5.0~6.0 | |
| Starter motor mounting bolt | | 6 | 0.8~1.2 | |
| Oil pump bolt | | 6 | 0.7~1.1 | |
| Drive face nut | | 12 | 5.5~6.5 | |
| Spark plug | | 10 | 1.0~1.4 | |
| A.C. Generator flywheel | | 12 | 5.0~6.0 | |
| Cam chain tensioner pivot | | 6 | 0.8~1.2 | |

FRAME

| Item | Qty | Thread dia.(mm) | Torque (kgf-m) | Remarks |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----------------|--------------------|---------|
| Steering stem lock nut | | Bc1 | 6.0~6.5 | U - nut |
| Front axle | | 14 16 | 1.5~2.5 11~13 | U - nut |
| Rear axle nut | | 10 | 3.5~4.5 | |
| Rear shock absorber upper bolt | | 10 8 | 3.5~4.5 1.8~2.0 | |
| Rear shock absorber lower bolt | | 0 | 1.0 2.0 | |
| Muffler exh. Pipe | | | | |



SPECIAL TOOLS

| Tool Name | Tool No. | Illustration (Note: the special tools may differ slightly from those shown in the figure of this manual.) |
|---|------------|--|
| Flywheel puller (Refer to the " STARTER CLUTCH " section in the chapter10.) | A120E00003 | |
| Oil seal and bearing installer | A120E00014 | 0000000 |
| Universal holder (Refer to the "DRIVE PULLEY, DRIVE BELTAND DRIVEN PULLEY" section in the chapter8.) | A120E00017 | E017 |
| Flywheel holder (Refer to the " STARTER CLUTCH " section in the chapter10.) | A120E00021 | |
| Clutch spring compressor (Refer to the "DRIVE PULLEY, DRIVE BELTAND DRIVEN PULLEY" section in the chapter8.) | A120E00034 | Elo |
| Valve adjuster (Refer to the "VALVE CLEARANCE" section in the chapter 3.) | A120E00036 | - |



SPECIAL TOOLS

| Tool Name | Tool No. | Illustration (Note: the special tools may differ slightly from those shown in the figure of this manual.) |
|--|------------|--|
| Bearing puller | A120E00037 | |
| Valve spring compressor (Refer to the "CYLINDER HEAD" section in the chapter 6.) | A120E00040 | [3331] |
| Lock nut wrench (Refer to the "STEERING STEM" section in the chapter 15.) | A120F00023 | E EQ23 |
| Lock nut wrench (Refer to the "STEERING STEM" section in the chapter 15.) | A120F00002 | FOOZ |
| Bottom Ball Race Remove special tool/ Top Ball Cone Race Remove special tool (Refer to the "STEERING STEM" section in the chapter 15.) | A120F00009 | |
| Bottom Ball Race Install special tool Top Ball Cone Race Install special tool (Refer to the "STEERING STEM" section in the chapter 15.) | A120F00019 | |



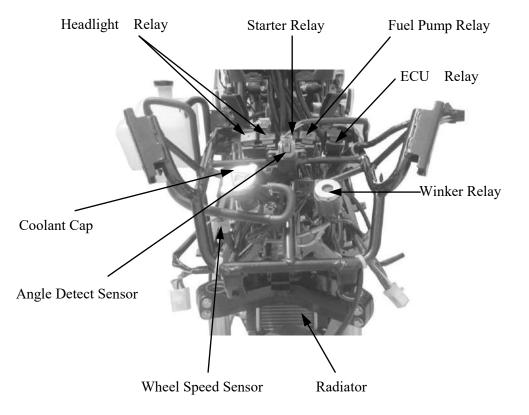
LUBRICATION POINTS

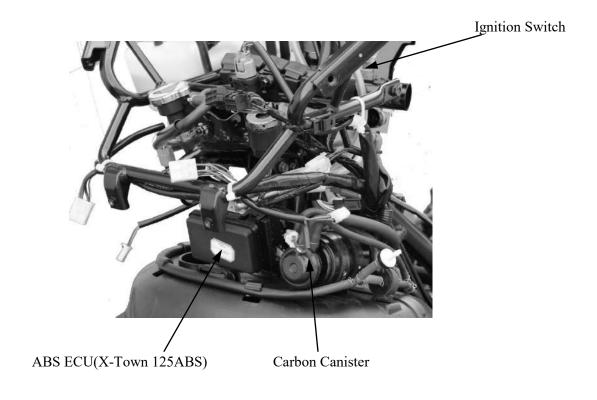
ENGINE

| Lubrication Points | Lubricant |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Valve guide/valve stem movable part | ·GenuineKYMCOEngineOil(SAE5W-50) |
| Cam lobes | ·API , SJ Engine Oil |
| Valve rocker arm friction surface | |
| Cam chain | |
| Cylinder lock bolt and nut | |
| Piston surroundings and piston ring grooves | |
| Piston pin surroundings | |
| Cylinder inside wall | |
| Connecting rod/piston pin hole | |
| Connecting rod big end | |
| Crankshaft R/L side oil seal | |
| Starter reduction gear engaging part | |
| Countershaft gear engaging part | |
| Final gear engaging part | |
| Bearing movable part | |
| O-ring face | |
| Oil seal lip | |
| Starter idle gear | High-temperature resistant grease |
| Friction spring movable part/shaft movable | |
| part | |
| Shaft movable grooved part | |
| A.C. generator connector | Adhesive |
| Transmission case breather tube | |

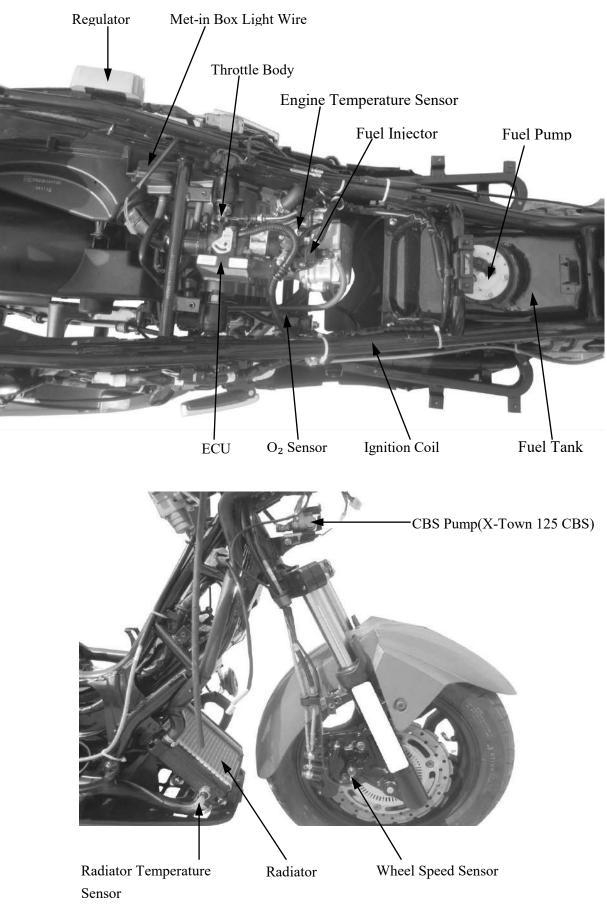


CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING



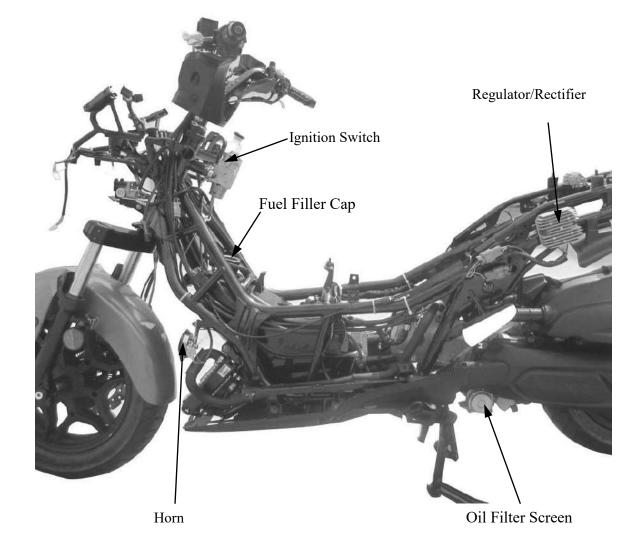






1-13





-**1-14**



Troubleshooting

Vehicle can not be started

Preliminary 6 Step Inspection

1. Is the battery fully charged (12 V or higher). See the Battery topic for more information.

2. Key-On and listen for any action with Fuel Pump / Fuel Pump Relay (It will turn off automatically in 5-10 seconds)

3. Key-On to check for any failure lamp light up on dashboard. See the Self-Diagnosis topic for more information.

- 4. Is the Idle screw of Throttle Valve being changed or loose?
- 5. Has the vehicle under regular service? Is the gas station a good one?
- 6. Is the spark plug the correct model of specified by the vehicle builder?



General Troubleshooting

| ENGINE WILL NOT START OR IS HARD TO START | |
|---|--|
| | Possible cause |
| 1. Check for operation of the fuel pump — Abnormal — • ! | Faulty fuel pump |
| Normal | |
| 2. Inspect the fuel flow — Abnormal — ! | Faulty pressure regulator |
| Normal | |
| 3. Inspect the fuel injector Abnormal ! | Faulty injector |
| Normal | |
| ! | Fouled spark plug Faulty ECU |
| | Broken or shorted spark plug wire Faulty ignition switch Faulty ignition pulse generator Loose or disconnected spark plug wire |
| | Valve stuck open Worn cylinder and piston ring Damaged cylinder head gasket |
| Compression normal ! | Seized valve Improper valve timing |
| 6. Starting following normal procedure — Engine start — ! but stops | Improper ignition timing (Faulty ignition coil or ignition pulse |
| Engine does not start ! | generator) Fuel contaminated |
| 7. Remove and inspect spark plug — Wet plug — ! | Throttle valve open Clogged air cleaner |

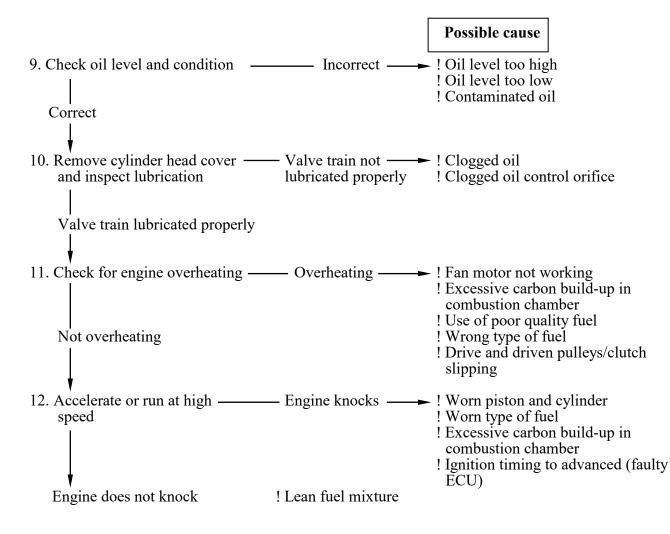


ENGINE LACKS POWER

| | | Possible cause |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Raise wheel off the ground —— and spin by hand | | ! Brake dragging ! Worn or damaged wheel bearing |
| Wheel spins freely | | |
| 2. Check tire pressure ——— | — Pressure low —— | ! Faulty tire valve ! Punctured tire |
| Pressure normal | | |
| 3. Accelerate lightly — Er | ngine speed does ———• t increase | ! Air cleaner dirty ! Restricted fuel flow ! Clogged muffler |
| Engine speed increase | | ! Pinched fuel tank breather |
| 4. Check ignition timing | — Incorrect ——— | ! Faulty ECU ! Faulty ignition pulse generator |
| Correct | | |
| 5. Test cylinder compression —— | — Incorrect ——— | ! Worn cylinder and piston rings ! Leaking head gasket |
| Normal | | ! Improper valve timing |
| 6. Inspect fuel flow | — Abnormal ——— | Faulty pressure regulator |
| Normal | | |
| 7. Inspect the fuel injector ——— | — Abnormal ——— | - ! Faulty injector |
| Normal | | |
| 8. Remove spark plug — Fo | ouled or discolored —— | Faulty spark plug |
| Not fouled or discolored | | |
| Y | | |

1-17-







Possible cause 1. Check ignition timing — Incorrect — Improper ignition timing Correct 2. Inspect the fuel flow — Abnormal — I Faulty pressure regulator Normal 3. Inspect the fuel injector — Abnormal — I Faulty injector Normal 4. Check for leaks in the intake pipe ——Leaking —► ! Loose insulator clamp ! Damage insulator No leak 5. Perform spark test —— Weak or intermittent spark —— ! Faulty the spark plug ! Faulty carbon or wet fouled spark plug ! Faulty ECU ! Faulty ignition coil ! Faulty ignition pulse generator ! Faulty ignition switch ! Loose or disconnected spark plug wires Good spark

POOR PERFORMANCE AT LOW AND IDLE SPEED

1-19



POOR PERFORMANCE AT HIGH SPEED

| | | Possible cause |
|---|----------------|---|
| 1. Check ignition timing — | – Incorrect — | - ! Faulty ECU |
| Correct | | |
| 2. Inspect the fuel flow | – Abnormal —— | Faulty pressure regulator |
| Normal | | |
| 3. Inspect the fuel injector | – Abnormal ——• | Faulty injector |
| Normal | | |
| 4. Check valve timing | Incorrect — | ! Camshaft not installed properly |
| Correct | | |
| 5. Check valve spring Not weak | Weak —— | Faulty valve spring |
| not weak | | |
| POOR HANDLING | | |
| 1. If steering is heavy — | | Possible cause Steering stem adjusting nut too tight Damaged steering head bearings |
| 2. If either wheel is wobbling | • | ! Excessive wheel bearing play ! Bent rim |
| | | ! Improper installed wheel hub ! Swing arm pivot bearing excessively worn ! Bent frame |
| 3. If the motorcycle pulled to one side | , | ! Faulty the shock absorber ! Front and rear wheel not aligned ! Bent fork ! Bent swing arm ! Bent axle |





| SERVICE INFORMATION | 2- 1 |
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| FASTENER REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION | 2- 2 |
| FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION | 2- 3 |
| EXHAUST MUFFLER | 2-14 |



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When removing frame covers, use care not to pull them by force because the cover joint claws may be damaged.
- Make sure to route cables and harnesses according to the Cable & Harness Routing.

TORQUE VALUES

| Exhaust muffler pipe nuts | 1.8~2.2 kgf-m |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Exhaust muffler brake /RR Frok | 3.2~3.8 kgf-m |
| RR fork/Engine case | 3.0~4.0 kgf-m |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Noisy exhaust muffler

- Damaged exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler joint air leaks

Lack of power

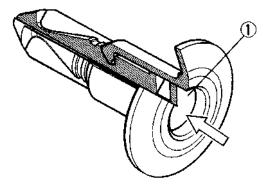
- Caved exhaust muffler
- Clogged exhaust muffler
- Exhaust muffler air leaks



FASTENER REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION

REMOVAL

Depress the head of fastener center piece \leftarrow . Pull out the fastener.

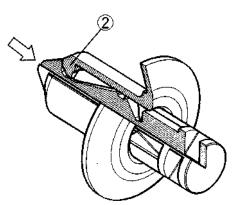


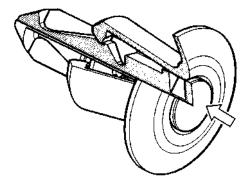
INSTALLATION

Let the center piece stick out toward the head so that the pawls \uparrow close. Insert the fastener into the installation hole.

★ To prevent the pawl ↑ from damage, insert the fastener all the way into the installation hole

Push in the head of center piece until it becomes flush with the fastener outside face.







FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/ INSTALLATION

SEAT

Unlock the seat with the ignition key. Open the seat. Remove the two nuts and seat damper unit. Remove the two nuts and the seat.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

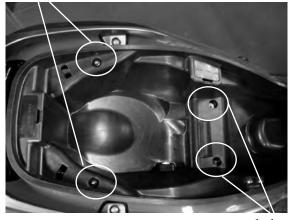


LUGGAGE BOX

Unlock the seat with the ignition key. Open the seat.

Remove two bolts, and two nuts then lift luggage box.

nut





Luggage Box Light Connector



Disconnect the luggage box light connector, then remove the luggage box.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



CENTER COVER

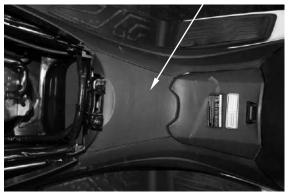
Remove the luggage box.

Remove the center cover.

During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.

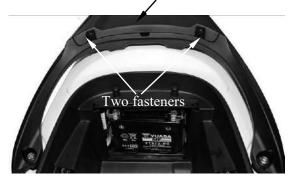
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Center Cover





Rear carrier Cover





Remove the fuel tank cover by pushing the tank cover downward

REAR CARRIER.

Remove two fasteners and then remove the rear carrier cover

Remove four bolts and then remove the rear carrier.



Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Rear Center Cover







BODY COVER

Remove the seat and luggage box(2-3) Remove the rear carrier cover(2-4). Remove the rear carrier(2-4).

Remove two fasteners and then remove the rear center cover

Remove two nuts

Remove two bolts and two fasteners



Disconnect the taillight connector. , then remove the body cover.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

UPPER/LOWER HANDLEBAR COVER

Remove the four screws and then remove upper handlebar cover.





Remove the two screws, then remove the bottom handlebar cover.

Disconnect the throttle cable refer to the "THROTTLE BODY /TPS" section, then pull the throttle cable out from the lower cover. Remove the lower cover.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





WINDSHIELD/WINDSHIELD GARNISH

Remove five bolts and windshield garnish.



FRONT CENTER COVER

Remove the windshield Remove two screws and fastener then remove the front center cover. Remove the front cover. Installation is in the reverse order of removal

RIGHT/LEFT FOOT SKIRT

) Pull the rubber foot mat off

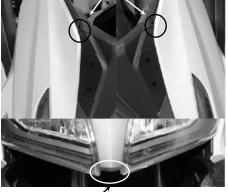
②Remove the 6 screws attaching to the right or left skirt.

③Remove the 6 fastener under the body④Remove the foot skirt

* During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





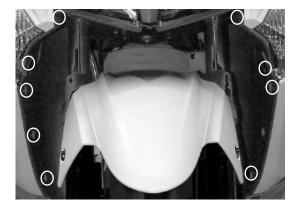
fastener the rubber foot mat

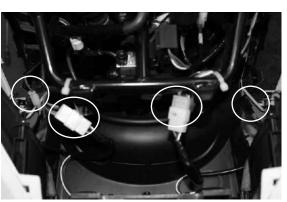


FRONT COVER

Remove two bolts.







cover.

Remove fourteen screws from the inner

Remove ten fastener from the cowl under.

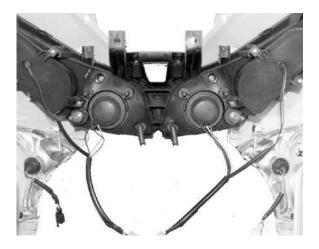
Disconnect the headlight/position light connector and right/left turn signal light connectors.

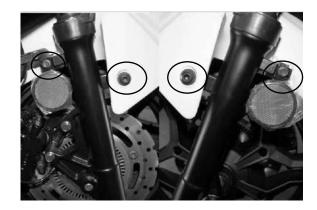




Remove the front cover

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





FRONT FENDER

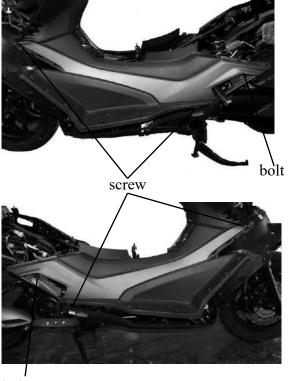
Remove four screws attaching to the front fender.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

RIGHT/LEFT FLOORBOARD

Remove the body cover (2-5) . Remove the front cover (2-8) Remove four screws and two bolts then remove right/left floorboard.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





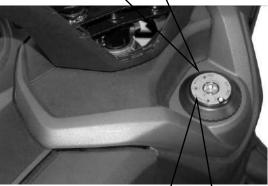


INNER COVER

Remove the front cover. Remove right/left floorboard. Remove one screws Remove the ignition key garnish Remove remove the handler panel.

* During removal, do not pull the joint claws forcedly to avoid damage.







reserve tank lid



screw

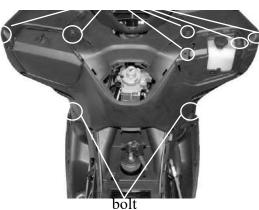
Remove one screws then remove the reserve tank lid

Remove six screws and two bolts

screw

KYMCO

X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS



Remove one screw ,connect the left front box assy and inner cover Disconnect the DC power connectors.

Remove the fuel tank fill cap and collection of fuel spill tank .



DC power connectors



fuel spill tank



Remove the inner cover. Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

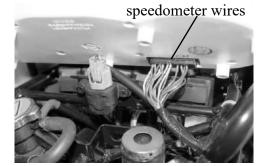
X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

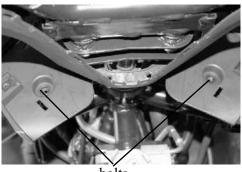
2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

METER PANEL

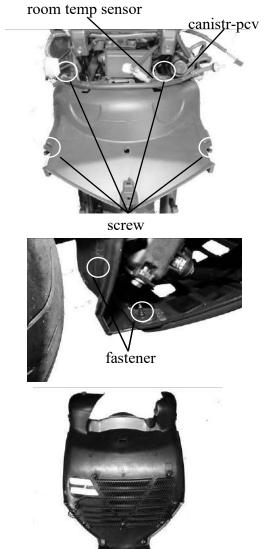
Remove the front cover Remove the inner cover. Disconnect the speedometer wires

Remove two bolts then remove meter panl Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





bolts



FRONT INNER FENDER

Remove canistr-pcv and room temp sensor . Remove four screws, connect front inner fender and the coolant tank cover Remove front inner fender

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

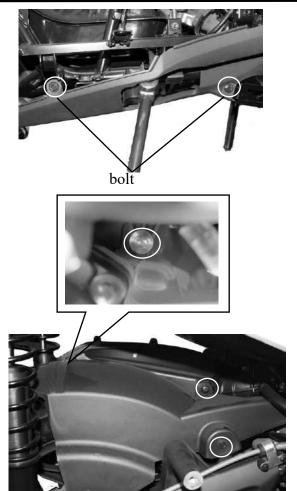
COOLANT TANK COVER Remove two fasteners.

Remove the coolant tank cover



UNDER COVER

Remove four bolts Remove the under cover.



TIRE FENDER

Remove the body cover.

Remove four bolts attaching to the tire fender

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

FENDER, REAR INNER Remove rear cushion two bolts

Remove five bolts

Remove fender rear inner



Rear cushion



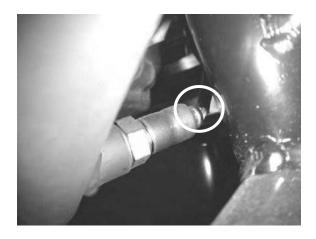


2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

EXHAUST MUFF¹ ER

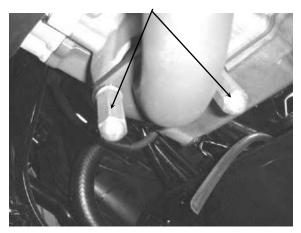
REMOVAL

Disconnect the connector with O2 heater/O2 sensor.



Nuts

Remove the two exhaust pipe joint nuts



Remove three muffler mount bolts and muffler and gasket.





2. EXHAUST MUFFLER/FRAME COVERS

INSTALLATION

Replace the gasket with a new one. Install the exhaust muffler and three mounting bolt.

Install and tighten the two exhaust pipe joint nuts to the specified torque

Torque: 20 N•m (2 kgf•m,)

Tighten the three mounting bolts

Torque: 35 N•m (3.5 kgf•m,)



Gasket





| SERVICE INFORMATION | 3- | 1 |
|----------------------|--------|----|
| MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE | 3- | 2 |
| FUEL LINE | - 3- | 3 |
| THROTTLE OPERATION | 3- | 3 |
| ENGINE OIL | 3- | 4 |
| TRANSMISSION OIL | 3- | 8 |
| AIR CLEANER | 3- | 9 |
| SPARK PLUG | 3-1 | 10 |
| VALVE CLEARANCE | 3-1 | 11 |
| IDLE SPEED | . 3- ′ | 12 |
| CYLINDER COMPRESSION | 3-1 | 13 |
| DRIVE BELT | 3-1 | 13 |
| CLUTCH SHOE WEAR | . 3- ′ | 14 |
| HEADLIGHT AIM | 3-1 | 14 |
| COOLANT | 3-1 | 15 |
| BRAKE FLUID | 3-1 | 16 |
| BRAKE PAD WEAR | - 3- ′ | 16 |
| NUTS/BOLTS/FASTENERS | 3-1 | 17 |
| WHEELS/TIRES | 3-1 | 17 |
| SUSPENSION | 3-´ | 18 |
| SIDE STAND | 3-1 | 19 |



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

| 0 | engine, make sure that the working area is well ventilated. Never run the area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas, which may lle. |
|---|--|

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under some conditions. The working area
must be well ventilated and do not smoke or allow flames or sparks near the working area or
fuel storage area.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE

| Throttle grip free play Spark plug Spark plug gap Valve clearance Idle speed Cylinder compression | : 2~6 mm : NGK CR7E/ CPR7EA : 0.6~0.7mm/0.8 ~ 0.9 i : IN: 0.10 mm : 1800 rpm :15kg/cm² | |
|--|--|--|
| Engine oil capacity: | U | |
| At disassembly | : 1.2L | |
| At change | : 1.0L | |
| Gear oil capacity: | | |
| At disassembly | : 0.13L | |
| At change | : 0.12L | |
| Coolant type Reserve tank capacity Radiator capacity Ignition timing | : Water Cooling :0.49L :0.87L : ECU control | |

TIRE

| | 1 Rider(75kg) | 2 Riders(150kg) |
|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Front | 2.0 kg/cm ² | 2.0 kg/cm ² |
| Rear | 2.25 kg/cm ² | 2.25 kg/cm ² |

TIRE SPECIFICATION

Front : 120/80-14 Rear : 150/70-13

TORQUE VALUES

Front axle : 2.0 kgf-m Rear axle nut : 12 kgf-m

Maintenance schedule

Perform the pre-ride inspection at each scheduled maintenance period. This interval should be judged by odometer reading or months, whichever comes first.

Maintenance schedule legend

I: INSPECT AND CLEAN, ADJUST, LUBRICATE OR REPLACE IF NECESSARY C: CLEAN R: REPLACE A: ADJUST L: LUBRICATE

The maintenance schedule on the flowing two pages specifies the \dashv aintenance required to keep your X-Town scooter in peak operating condition. Maintenance work should be performed in accordance with KVMCO standards and specifications by properly trained and equipped technicians. Your KYMCO dealer meets all of these requirements.

- * Should be serviced by your KYMCO dealer, unless you have the proper tools, service data and are technically qualified.
- ** In the interest of safety, we recommend these items be serviced only by your KVMCO dealer. KYMCO recommends that your KYMCO dealer road test your scooter after each periodic maintenance service is completed.

| | FREQUENCY | WHICHEVER COMES FIRST | ODO | OME | TER | REAI | DING | 6 (| (NOTI | Ξ1) |
|----|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-------|-------|
| | | X 1000 km | 1 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | REFER |
| П | EM | X 1000 mi | 0.6 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | TO |
| | | MONTH | 1 | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | PAGE |
| * | AIR CLEANER | NOTE 2 | | R | R | R | R | R | R | 41 |
| | SPARK PLUG | NOTE 4 | | Ι | R | Ι | R | Ι | R | 42 |
| * | THROTTLE OPERATION | | | Ι | I | Ι | Ι | Ι | Ι | 41 |
| * | VALVE CLEARANCE | | | Ι | А | Ι | А | Ι | А | |
| * | FUEL LINE | | | | | | | | | |
| | CRANKCASE BREATHER | NOTE 3 | С | С | С | С | С | С | С | 52 |
| | ENGINE OIL | | R | R | R | R | R | R | R | 35 |
| * | ENGINE OIL SCREEN | | | С | R | С | R | С | R | |
| * | ENGINE OIL FILTER | | R | R | R | R | R | R | R | |
| * | ENGINE IDLE SPEED | | | | Ι | | Ι | | Ι | |
| * | TRANSMISSION OIL | NOTE 5 | R | R | R | R | R | R | R | 39 |
| * | DRIVE BELT | | | I | Ι | R | Ι | Ι | R | |
| ** | RADIATOR COOLANT | | Ι | I | R | Ι | R | Ι | R | 50 |
| | ENGINE LIMIT LEVER RUBBER GASKET | | Inspect at every 10000km Replace at every 30000km | | | | | | | |



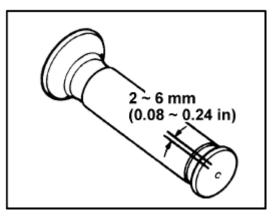
| | FREQUENCY | WHICHEVER COMES FIRST | ODC | DME | TER | REA | | G (N | OTE1 |) |
|-----|----------------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|------|------|-------|
| | | X 1000km | 1 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | REFER |
| ITE | EM | X 1000 mi | 0.6 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | TO |
| | | MONTH | 1 | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | PAGE |
| ** | CLUTCH SHOE WEAR | | | | I | | | | I | |
| | BRAKE FLUID | NOTE 6 | | Ι | R | I | R | I | R | 43 |
| | BRAKE PAD WEAR | | | Ι | Ι | Ι | Ι | Ι | I | 44 |
| | BRAKE SYSTEM | | | Ι | Ι | Ι | Ι | Ι | I | |
| * | BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH | | | Ι | I | Ι | Ι | I | I | |
| ** | STEERING BEARINGS | | | Ι | I | | - | I | I | |
| * | HEADLIGHT AIM | | | Ι | Ι | Ι | Ι | Ι | I | |
| * | NUTS,BOLTS,FASTENERS | | | Ι | I | | | I | | |
| ** | WHEEL/TIRES | | | Ι | I | I | Ι | I | | 49 |
| * | CVT FILTER | | | С | С | С | С | С | С | |
| ** | INJECTOR | | | D | С | D | С | D | С | |

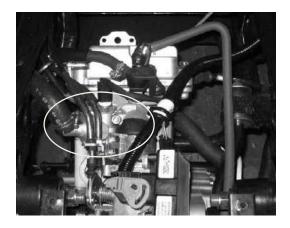


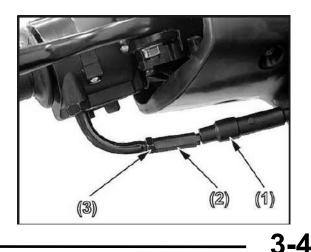
FUEL LINE

Check the fuel lines and replace any parts which show signs of deterioration, damage or leakage.









THROTTLE OPERATION

Check the throttle grip for smooth movement. Measure the throttle grip free play. Free Play: $2 \sim 6$ mm

Major adjustment of the throttle grip free play is made with the adjusting nut at the throttle body side. Adjust by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjusting nut.

Minor adjustment is made with the adjusting nut at the throttle grip side. Slide the rubber cover (1) out and adjust by loosening the lock nut (3) and turning the adjusting nut (2).

ENGINE OIL

Engine oil recommendation

Use a premium quality 4-stroke motor oil to ensure longer service life of your scooter. Use only oils which are rated, SJ under the API service classification. The recommended viscosity is SAE 5W-50. If a SAE 5W-50 motor oil is not available, select an alternative according to the chart.

Engine oil capacity:

At disassembly:1.2 L

At change:1.0 L

Engine oil level check

Check the engine oil level each day before riding the scooter.

The level must be maintained between the upper and lower level marks on the oil filler cap/dipstick.

1. Start the engine and let it idle for a few minutes.

2. Stop the engine and put the scooter on its center stand on level ground.

3. After a few minutes, remove the oil filler cap/dipstick, wipe it clean, and reinsert the oil filler cap/dipstick without screwing it

in. Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick. The oil level should be between the upper and lower marks on the oil filler cap/dipstick.

4. If required, add the specified oil up to the upper level mark. Do not overfill.

5. Reinstall the oil filler cap/dipstick. Check for oil leaks.

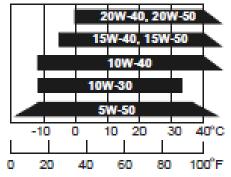
* Let the engine and exhaust system cool before working in those areas.



ENGINE OIL VISCOSITIES

KYMCO

X-Town125 ABS/CBS





Engine oil replacement

Engine oil quality is the chief factor affecting engine service life. Change the engine oil as specified in the maintenance schedule. When running in very dusty conditions, oil changes should be performed more frequently than specified in the maintenance schedule. Please dispose of used engine oil in a manner that is compatible with the environment. We suggest you take it in a sealed container to your local recycling center or service station for reclamation. Do not throw it in the trash or pour it on the ground or down a drain. Used engine oil may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible after handling used oil.

Change the engine oil with the engine at normal operating temperature and the scooter on its center stand to assure complete and rapid draining.



1. Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick(1) from the right crankcase cover.

2. Place a container under the left crankcase.

3. Remove the oil drain plug (2) to drain the oil.

4. Reinstall the drain plug and tighten the drain plug to specification.

Oil drain plug torque:

25 N-m (2.5 kgf-m,) 5. Fill the crankcase with the recommended grade oil and install the oil filler cap. **Oil capacity (after draining):** 1.0 L(0.95 US qt, 0.8 lmp qt) 6. Start the engine and let it idle for 2□3

minutes.

7. Stop the engine and check that the oil level is at the upper level mark on the oil filler cap/dipstick with the scooter upright on firm, level ground. Make sure there are no oil leaks.

* Let the engine and exhaust system cool before working in those areas.









Oil filter replacement

*

Change the engine oil with the engine at normal operating temperature and the scooter on its center stand to assure complete and rapid draining.

Let the engine and exhaust system cool before working in those areas.

1. Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick (1) from the right crankcase cover.

2. Place a drain pan under the crankcase and remove the oil strainer screen cap (2).

The spring (3) and oil strainer screen (4) will come out when the drain plug is removed.

Let the engine oil drain out.

3. Clean the oil strainer screen.

4. Check that the oil strainer screen, sealing rubber and drain plug O-ring are in good condition.

5. Install the oil strainer screen, spring and oil strainer screen cap.

Oil strainer screen cap torque: 15N-m (1.5 kgf-m)

6. Fill the crankcase with the recommended grade oil and install the oil strainer screen cap.

Oil capacity (after draining):

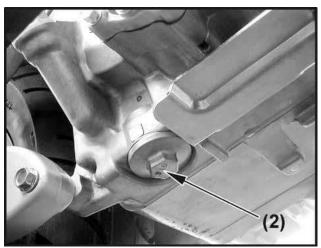
1.0 L

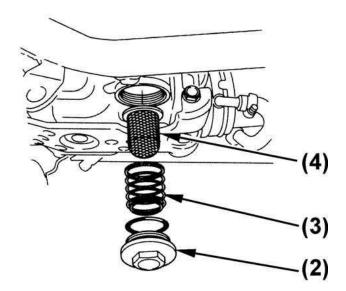
7. Start the engine and let it idle for $2 \sim 3$ minutes.

8. Stop the engine and check that the oil level is at the upper level mark on the oil filler cap/dipstick with the scooter upright on firm, level ground. Make sure there are no oil leaks.









Oil filter replacement

*

*

*

Change the engine oil with the engine at normal operating temperature and the scooter on its center stand to assure complete and rapid draining.

Let the engine and exhaust system cool before working in those areas.

1. Remove the oil filler cap/dipstick (1) from the right crankcase cover.

2. Place a drain pan under the crankcase.

Remove three bolts and then remove the

oil filter cap (2) and O-ring (3).

The spring (4) will come out when the

filter cap is removed.

Let the engine oil drain out.

3. Remove and discard the oil filter (5)

Do not remain the rubber seal on the oil filter in the oil filter housing.

4. Check that the O-ring is in good condition.5. Install the new oil filter.

Make sure the rubber seal on the oil filter facing the left crankcase.

6. Install the spring, O-ring and cap.

Torque: 12 N-m (1.2 kgf-m)

7. Fill the crankcase with the recommended grade oil and install the oil filler cap.

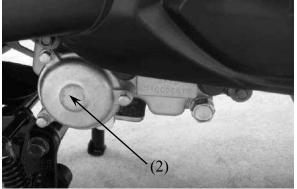
Oil capacity (after draining): 1.0 L

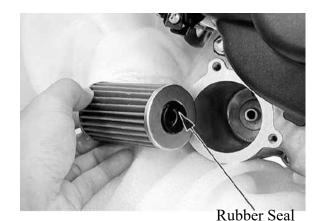
8. Start the engine and let it idle for $2 \sim 3$ minutes.

9. Stop the engine and check that the oil level is at the upper level mark on the oil filler cap/dipstick with the scooter upright on firm, level ground. Make sure there are no oil leaks.



(1)+





O-ring









TRANSMISSION OIL

Oil change

- 1. Place the scooter in its center stand.
- 2. Place a drain pan under the drain bolt (1).
- 3. Remove the transmission oil drain bolt.
- 4. Remove the transmission oil filler bolt (2), slowly turn the rear wheel and drain the oil.

After draining the oil completely, install the oil drain bolt with a new sealing washer and tighten it.

Torque: 13 N-m (1.3 kgf-m)

5. Fill the transmission case with recommended oil.

Recommended transmission oil: SAE 90

Oil capacity (at draining): 0.12 L

6. Install the transmission oil filler bolt with a new sealing washer and tighten it.

Torque: 13 N-m (1.3 kgf-m)





(2)



AIR CLEANER

The air cleaner should be serviced at regular intervals. Service more frequently when riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.

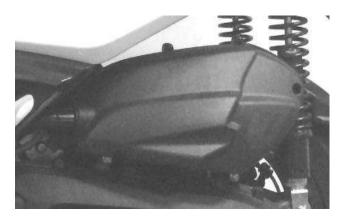
Air cleaner element replacement

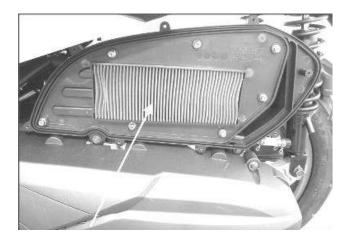
1. Remove the screws from the air cleaner cover , then remove air cleaner cover.

2. Remove screws from the air cleaner element, then remove and discard this air cleaner element.

3. The new air cleaner element installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Use the KYMCO genuine air cleaner element or an equivalent air cleaner element specified for your model. Using the wrong KYMCO air cleaner element or a non-KYMCO air cleaner element which is not of equivalent quality may cause premature engine wear or performance problems.





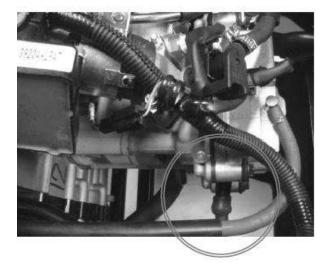


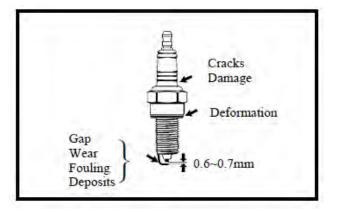
SPARK PLUG

Remove the spark plug cap and spark plug Check the spark plug for wear and fouling deposits.

Clean any fouling deposits with a spark plug cleaner or a wire brush.

Specified Spark Plug: NGK CR7E / CPR7EA-9 Measure the spark plug gap. Spark Plug Gap: 0.8~0.9 mm





When installing, first screw in the spark plug by hand and then tighten it with a spark plug wrench.



VALVE CLEARANCE

Remove the four bolts , then remove cylinder head cover.



Timing hole cap

Remove the timing hole cap and O-ring Remove the crankshaft hole cap and O-ring .

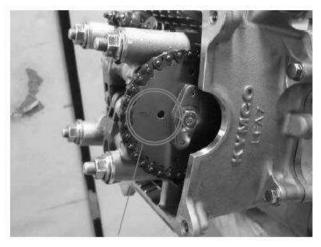
Turn the A.C. generator flywheel to the top dead center (TDC) on the compression stroke so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the left crankcase cover.

The punch mark on the camshaft should face upward as shown.

If the punch mark on the camshaft are facing downward, turn the crankshaft one full turn (180°) and the punch mark are facing upward.



Crankshaft hole cap



Punch mark



Adjust by loosening the valve adjusting screw lock-nut and turning the adjusting screw until there is a slight drag on the thickness gauge.

Valve Clearance: IN: 0.10 mm EX:0.10 mm Apply oil to the valve adjusting screw locknut threads and seating surface. Hold the adjusting screw and tighten the lock nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 0.9 kgf-m (9 N-m)

Special tool: Valve adjuster A120E00036

After tightening the lock-nut, recheck the valve clearance.

Install the removed parts in the reverse order of removal.

IDLE SPEED

 It is not necessary to adjust idle speed or X -TOWN125i. The throttle body is factory preset originally, do not loosen or tighten the painted bolts and screws of throttle body. Loosening or tightening them can cause throttle a idle and valve with failure.

Idle Speed:

3 - 13

X-TOWN125i: 1800 rpm









CYLINDER COMPRESSION

Warm up the engine before compression test. Remove the center cover and spark plug cap. Remove the spark plug . Insert a compression gauge. Open the throttle valve fully and push the starter button to test the compression.

Compression:

X-Town 125:15 kg/cm²

If the compression is low, check for the following:

- Leaky valves
- Valve clearance too small
- · Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Worn pistons
- Worn piston/cylinder

If the compression is high, it indicates that carbon deposits have accumulated on the combustion chamber and the piston head.

DRIVE BELT

Remove the left crankcase cover. Inspect the drive belt for cracks or excessive wear. Replace the drive belt with a new one if necessary and in accordance with the Maintenance Schedule.







CLUTCH SHOE WEAR

Start the engine and check the clutch operation by increasing the engine speed gradually.

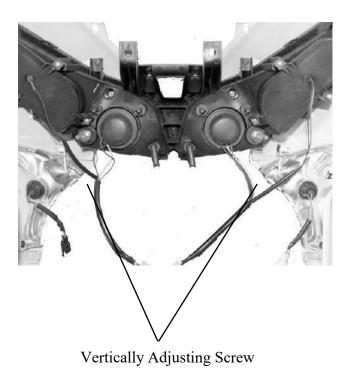
If the scooter tends to creep, or the engine stalls, check the clutch shoes for wear and replace if necessary (refer to the "DRIVE PULLEY, DRIVE BELT AND DRIVEN PULLEY" section in the chapter 8).



HEADLIGHT AIM

Remove the front cover Place the scooter on a level surface Adjust the headlight beam adjuster. A clockwise rotation moves the beam up and counterclockwise rotation moves the beam down. Adjust the headlight beam horizontally by turning the horizontal beam adjuster.

A clockwise rotation moves the beam toward the right side of the rider.



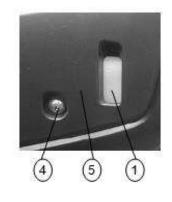
COOLANT

Inspection

The coolant reservor is in the front box,check the coolant lever through the inspection window ① while the engine is at the normal operating temperature,with the scooter in upright position. If the level is below the "LOW" level line ③ remove the left foot mat, remove the lid screw④ the reservoir lid⑤,and the reservoir tank cap⑥ to add coolant until it reach the full level ②.

If the reserve tank is empty, or if coolant loss is excessive, check for leaks and see your KYMCO dealer for repair.







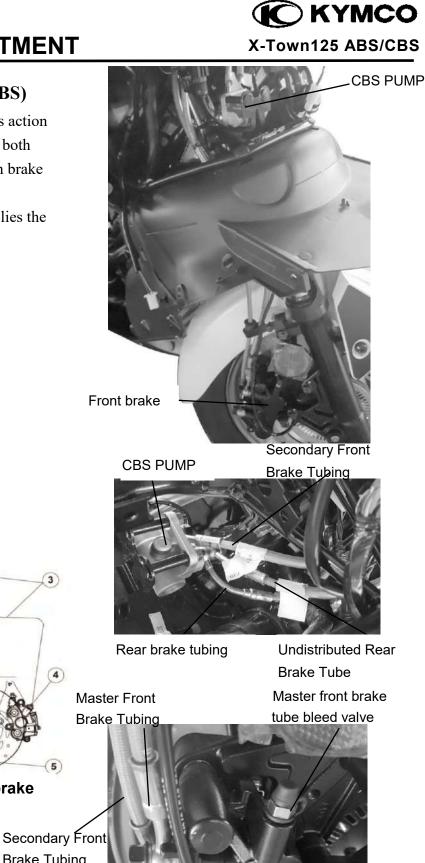
Combination Braking System (CBS)

Combination Braking System, the rider's action of depressing the rear brake lever applies both front and rear brakes, The amount of each brake applied is determined by CBS pump.

Depressing the front brake lever only applies the front brake.

- **(1)** Rear brake lever
- **(2)** the master cylinder
- **③** the brake tubing
- **(4)** the brake caliper
- **(5)** the brake disc
- 6 CBS Pump

CBS Diagraph



Secondary front brake tube bleed valve

the front caliper



(5)

2)

3

Front brake

Rear brake

Brake Tubing

3-17

X-Town125 ABS/CBS

BRAKE FLUID

Brake fluid level

With the scooter in an upright position, check the front and rear fluid level. It should be above the lower level mark. If the level is at or below the lower level mark "L", check the brake pads for wear.

Worn pads should be replaced. If the pads are not worn, have your brake system inspected for leaks.

The recommended brake fluid is **DOT 4** brake fluid from a sealed container, or an equivalent.

Other checks

Make sure there are no fluid leaks. Check for deterioration or cracks in the hoses and fittings.

BRAKE PAD WEAR

Brake pad wear depends upon the severity of usage, the type of riding, and road conditions. (Generally, the pads will wear faster on wet and dirty roads.) Inspect the pads at each regular maintenance interval.

Front brake /Rear brake

Check the cutout in each pad. If either pad is worn to the cutout, replace both pads as a set. See your KYMCO dealer for this service.



Front brake (CBS)



Rear brake





NUTS/BOLTS/FASTENERS

Check all important chassis nuts and bolts for looseness.

Tighten them to their specified torque values if any looseness is found.

WHEELS/TIRES

Tire pressure

Insufficient air pressure in the tires not only hastens tire wear but also seriously affects the stability of the scooter. Under inflated tires make smooth cornering difficult and overinflated tires decrease the amount of tire in contact with the ground which can lead to skids and loss of control. Be sure that the tire pressure is within the specified limits at all times. Tire pressure should only be adjusted when the tires are cold.

Cold inflation tire pressure

| | 1 Rider(75kg) | 2 Riders (150kg) |
|-------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Front | 2.0 kg/cm ² | 2.25 kg/cm ² |
| Rear | 2.0 kg/cm ² | 2.25 kg/cm ² |







SUSPENSION

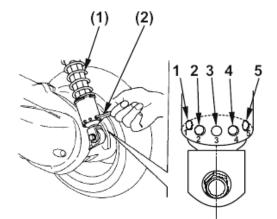
Check the action of the front/rear shock absorbers by compressing them several times. Check the entire shock absorber assembly for oil leaks, looseness or damage. Jack the rear wheel off the ground and move the rear wheel sideways with force to see if the engine hanger bushings are worn. Replace the engine hanger bushings if there is any looseness.



Rear suspension adjustment

Each shock absorber (1) has 5 adjustment positions for different load or riding conditions.

Use a pin spanner (2) to adjust the rear shocks. Always adjust the shock absorber position in sequence (1-2-3-4-5 or 5-4-3-2-1). Attempting to adjust directly from 1 to 5 or 5 to 1 may damage the shock absorber. Position 1 is for light loads and smooth road conditions. Positions 3 to 5 increase spring preload for a stiffer rear suspension, and can be used when the scooter is heavily loaded. Be certain to adjust both shock absorbers to the same position.



SIDE STAND

Your scooter's side stand is not only necessary when you park, but it contains an important safety feature. This feature cuts-off the ignition if you try to ride the scooter when the side stand is down. Perform the following side stand inspection.

INTERLOCK FUNCTION CHECK

Check the side stand ignition cut-off system,

- 1. Place the scooter on its center stand.
- 2. Put the side stand up and start the engine.
- 3. Lower the side stand. The engine should stop as you put the side stand down.

If the side stand system does not operate as described, see your KYMCO dealer for service.

Engine limit lever rubber gasket

Engine limit lever rubber gasket is made of rubber,Deterioration and friction is normal, so it needs inspction and replacement: inspect every 10000km and replace every 30000km.

Removal

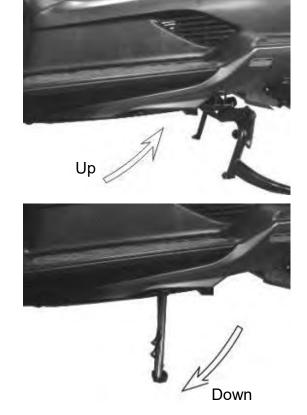
*

- 1. Remove the engine hanger fixing nut, and remove the engine hanger bolt.
- 2. Remove the engine limit lever nut and remove the rubber gasket ①.
- 3. Remove the limit lever and remove the gasket ②.

Install the new gaskets in reverse order.

Torque:

Engine hanger nut torque:60-70 NM Engine limit lever nut torque:40-50 NM









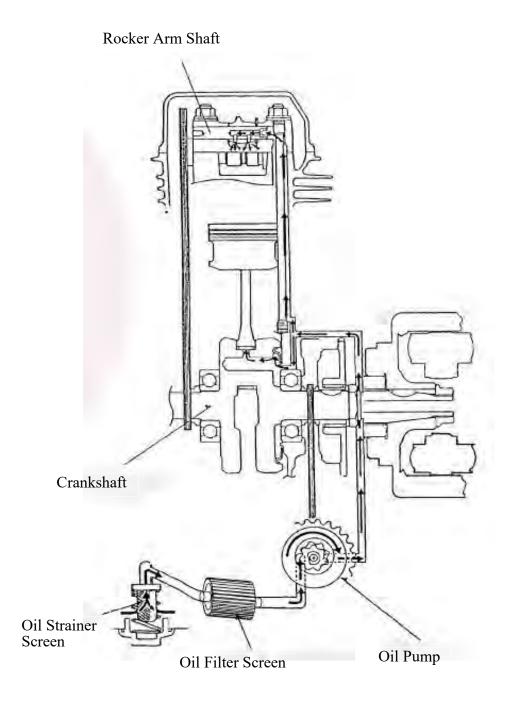




| LUBRICATION SYSTEM DIAGRAM | 4-1 |
|----------------------------|-----|
| SERVICE INFORMATION | 4-2 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING | 4-2 |
| OIL PUMP | 4-3 |



LUBRICATION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The oil pump service may be done with the engine installed in the frame.
- When removing and installing the oil pump use care not to allow dust or dirt to enter the engine.
- If any portion of the oil pump is worn beyond the specified service limits, replace the oil pump as an assembly.
- After the engine has been installed check that there are no oil leaks and that oil pressure is correct.
- For oil pressure indicator inspection, refer to section 20 of this manual.

SPECIFICATIONS

| Unit: mm | (in) |
|----------|------|
|----------|------|

| | Standard |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Inner rotor-to-outer rotor clearance | 0.15 |
| Outer rotor-to-pump body clearance | 0.15~0.2 |
| Rotor end-to-pump body clearance | 0.04~0.09 |

ENGINE OIL

| Engine Oil Capacity | At disassembly: | 1.2 liter |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Engine On Capacity | At change: | 1.0 liter |
| Recommended Oil | | SAE5W-50 |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Oil level too low

- Natural oil consumption
- Oil leaks
- Worn piston rings
- Worn valve guide
- Worn valve guide seal

Oil contamination

- Oil not changed often enough
- Faulty cylinder head gasket
- Loose cylinder head bolts

Poor lubrication pressure

- Oil level too low
 - Clogged oil filter or oil passage
 - Faulty oil pump



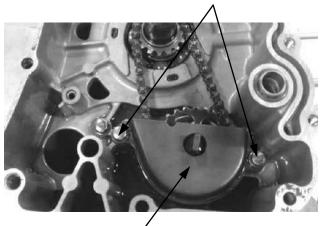
OIL PUMP REMOVAL

Remove the flywheel and driven gear (refer to the **"STARTER CLUTCH"** section in the chapter 10).

Remove the bolt and then oil separator cover.

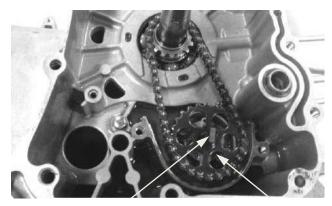
When removing and installing the oil pump, be careful not to allow dust or dirt to enter the engine.

Bolts



Oil Separator Cover

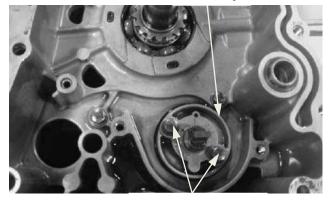
Pry the snap ring off and remove the oil pump driven gear, then remove the oil pump drive chain.



Snap Ring

Oil Pump Driven Gear

Oil Pump



Oil Separator Bolt

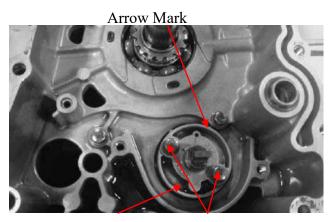
Remove the two oil separator bolts to remove the oil pump.

INSTALLATION

Install the oil pump and oil separator and tighten the two bolts.

The arrow mark must be keep upward.

* Make sure the pump shaft rotates freely and arrow on the oil pump is upside.



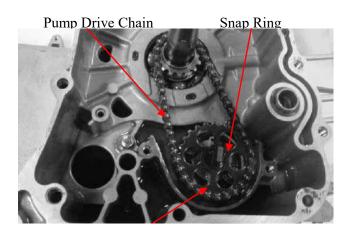
Oil Separator

Bolts

Install the pump drive chain and driven gear, then set the snap ring securely on the pump shaft.



Snap ring



Pump Driven Gear

Bolts



Oil Separator Cover

Install the oil separator cover properly.

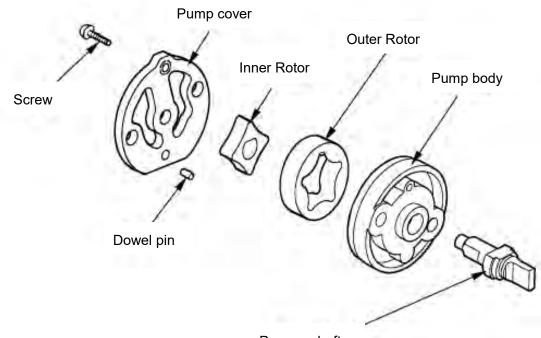
ж

Fit the tab of the separator cover into the slit in the separator.



DISASSEMBLY

Remove the screw and disassemble the oil pump as shown.



Pump shaft

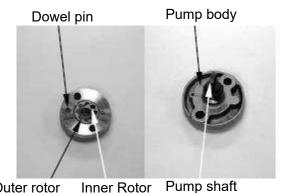
ASSEMBLY

*

Install the outer rotor, inner rotor and pump shaft into the pump body.

Insert the pump shaft by aligning the flat on the shaft with the flat in the inner rotor. Install the dowel pin.

There is one punch mark on the surface of the inner rotor and outer rotor. The mark is upside.



Inner Rotor Outer rotor



5

ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

| SERVICE INFORMATION | 5-1 |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION | 5-2 |
| ENGINE HANGER | 5-8 |



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- A floor jack or other adjustable support is required to support and maneuver the engine. Be careful not to damage the scooter body, cables and wires during engine removal.
- Use shop towels to protect the scooter body during engine removal.
- Drain the coolant before removing the engine.
- After the engine is installed, fill the cooling system with coolant and be sure to bleed air from the water jacket. Start the engine to check for coolant leaks.
- Before removing the engine, the rear brake caliper must be removed first. Be careful not to bend or twist the brake fluid tube.

SPECIFICATIONS

| Engine oil capacity: | At disassembly: 1.2 L (1.27USqt) | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| | At change | : 1.0L (1.06 USqt) |

Coolant capacity:

Radiator capacity : 0.87 liter Reserve tank capacity : 0.49 liter

TORQUE VALUES

Engine hanger (Engine side) Engine hanger (Frame side) 5.0 kgf-m (50 N-m) 6.5 kgf-m (65 N-m)



(A)

ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

***** Remove the air cleaner Disconnect the ECU connector (A) Disconnect the O2 heater/O2 sensor connector Disconnect the throttle cable(B)



(B)

(I)

*

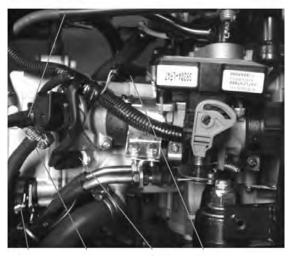
Remove a bolt from fuel hose guide (C). Disconnect the fuel hose (D) from fuel injector. Disconnect the WTS connector (E) from

WTS.

Disconnect the coolant temperature sensor connector (F) from coolant temperature sensor.

Disconnect the fuel injector connector(G) Disconnect the output water hose(H) Disconnect the air bleed hose(I)





(D) (C) (E) (F)



(H)



Loosen the rear axle nut. Support the scooter securely on its main stand.

Remove two bolts (1) attaching to rear brake hose clamps.

Remove the two bolts (2), then remove the rear brake caliper.

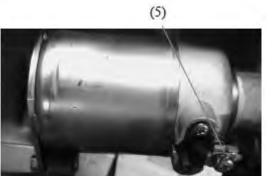


Disconnect the alternator connector (3). Disconnect the ignition pulse generator connector (4).



(4) (3)

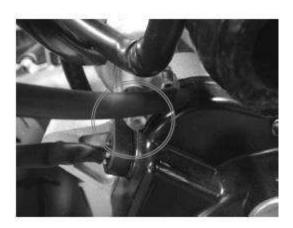
Release the rubber cap and remove the terminal screw (5) to disconnect the start motor cable from the start motor.



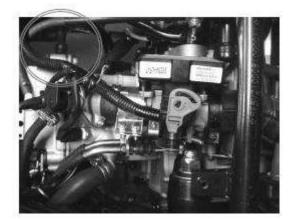


Remove the bolts and engine ground cable.





Remove the spark plug cap.





Disconnect the lower radiator hose from lower radiator pipe.



Remove the right and left rear shock absorber lower mount bolts .

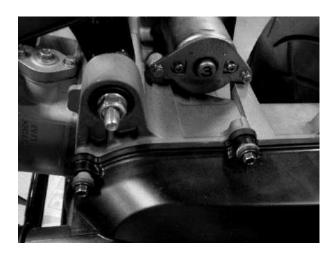




5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

X-Town 125 ABS/ CBS

Remove the engine mount nut Pull out the engine mount bolt.



Remove the engine from the frame.

* At removing the engine, be careful not to catch your hand or finger between the engine hanger and crankcase.

5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Tighten the engine mounting bolt/nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 5 kgf-m (50 N-m)

Tighten the right and left rear shock absorber lower mount bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 4.0kgf-m (40N-m)

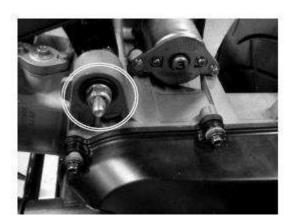
Install the rear brake caliper and tighten the mount bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 3.2 kgf-m (32 N-m, 23 lbf-ft)

After installation, inspect and adjust the following:

• Throttle grip free play

• Fill the cooling system with coolant and start the engine to bleed air from the system. API/ABV Reset



5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION



ENGINE HANGER

REMOVAL

Remove the engine mount nut and pull it out.

Be careful to put the engine down.

Remove the left/right engine hanger mount bolt. Remove the engine from frame.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Tighten the engine hanger mount bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 5 kgf-m (50 N-m)

Tighten the engine mount bolt/nut to the specified torque. (frame side)

Torque: 5 kgf-m (50 N-m, 36 lbf-ft)







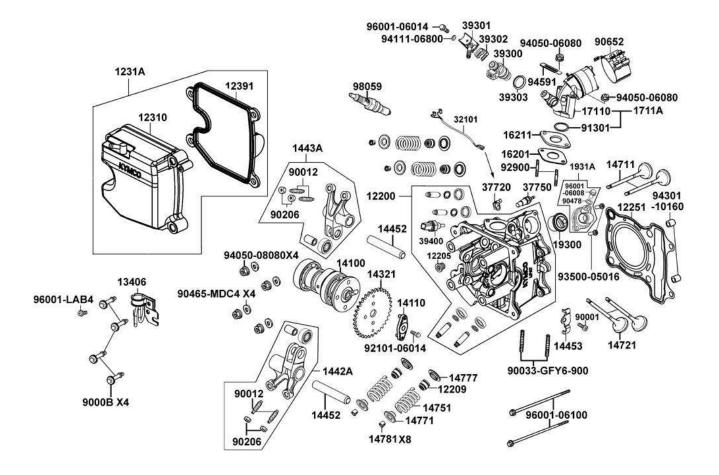


CYLINDER HEAD/VALVES

| SCHEMATIC DRAWING | 6- | 1 |
|---------------------|----|----|
| SERVICE INFORMATION | 6- | 2 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING | 6- | 3 |
| CYLINDER HEAD COVER | 6- | 4 |
| CAMSHAFT HOLDER | 6- | 5 |
| CAMSHAFT | 6- | 7 |
| CYLINDER HEAD | 6- | 12 |



SCHEMATIC DRAWING



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder head can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame. Coolant in the radiator and water hoses must be drained.
- When assembling, apply molybdenum disulfide grease or engine oil to the valve guide movable parts and valve arm sliding surfaces for initial lubrication.
- The valve rocker arms are lubricated by engine oil through the engine oil passages. Clean and unclog the oil passages before assembling the cylinder head.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.
- After removal, mark and arrange the removed parts in order. When assembling, install them in the reverse order of removal.

| SPECIFICATIONS | | Unit: mm | |
|---------------------------|----------|---|--|
| Item | | Standard | |
| Valve clearance (cold) | IN | 0.1 mm | |
| | EX | 0.1 mm | |
| Cylinder head compression | pressure | 15 kg/cm ² (213 psi, 1500 kPa) | |
| Cylinder head warpage | | — | |
| Camshaft cam height | IN | 25.965 | |
| Camshaft cam height | EX | 25.810 | |
| Valve rocker arm I.D. | IN | 10~10.015 | |
| valve locker ann 1.D. | EX | 10~10.015 | |
| Valve rocker arm shaft | IN | 9.972~9.987 | |
| O.D. | EX | 9.972~9.987 | |
| Valve stem O.D. | IN | 4.975~4.97 | |
| varve stelli 0.D. | EX | 4.975~4.97 | |
| Valve guide I.D. | IN | 5.0~5.012 | |
| valve guide I.D. | EX | 5.0~5.012 | |
| Valve stem-to-guide | IN | 0.010~0.037 | |
| clearance | EX | 0.030~0.057 | |

SPECIFICATIONS

TORQUE VALUES

| Cylinder head cover bolt Tensioner mounting bolt Tensioner sealing bolt | 0.8~0.9 kgf-m 0.9 kgf-m 0.9 kgf-m | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Cylinder head cap nut | 2 kgf-m | Apply engine oil to threads |
| Cylinder head bolt | 0.7~1.1 kgf-m | Apply engine on to threads |



SPECIAL TOOLS

Valve spring compressor

A120E00040

TROUBLESHOOTING

• The poor cylinder head operation can be diagnosed by a compression test or by tracing engine top-end noises.

Poor performance at idle speed

Compression too low

Compression too low

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Burned or bend valves
- Incorrect valve timing
- Broken valve spring
- Poor valve and seat contact
- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Warped or cracked cylinder head
- Poorly installed spark plug

Compression too high

• Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber

White smoke from exhaust muffler

- Worn valve stem or valve guide
- Damaged valve stem oil seal

Abnormal noise

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Sticking valve or broken valve spring
- Damaged or worn camshaft
- Worn cam chain tensioner
- Worn camshaft and rocker arm

CYLINDER HEAD COVER

REMOVAL

Remove four bolts then remove the cylinder head cover

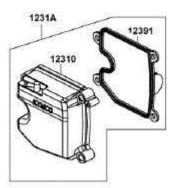


INSTALLATION

*

Install a new cylinder head cover O-ring and install the cylinder head cover.

Be sure to install the O-ring into the <u>groo</u>ve properly.



Install and tighten the cylinder head cover bolts to the specified torque in a crisscross pattern.

Torque: 0.8~0.9kgf-m





CAMSHAFT HOLDER

REMOVAL

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the T mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase.

Hold the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and location is the top dead center on the compression stroke.

Remove two bolts attaching cam chain tensioner.

Remove four nuts of camshaft holder and remove the sprocket fixed nut then remove the sprocket.

Remove the camshaft gear bolt.

INSTALLATION

Install the camshaft gear bolt and holder washers and nuts. Tighten four cylinder head nuts to the specified torque.

Torque:

0.7~1.1 kgf-m (Holder nuts)

1.0~1.4 kgf-m (Cam shaft set plate)

1.8~2.2 kgf-m (Cylinder head M8X1.25)



- Install the camshaft holder with the "EX" mark face exhaust valve side.
- Apply engine oil to the threads of the cylinder head cap nuts.
- Diagonally tighten the cylinder head nuts in 2~3 times.







DISASSEMBLY

INSPECTION

Take out the valve rocker arm shafts Remove the valve rocker arms.



Rocker Arm Shafts

Camshaft Holder

Inspect the camshaft holder, valve rocker arms and rocker arm shafts for wear or damage.

| If the valve rocker arm contact surface is |
|--|
| worn, check each cam lobe for wear or |
| damage. |

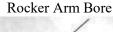
Inspect the rocker arm bore, cam lobe contact surface and adjuster surface for wear/pitting/scratches/blue discoloration. If any defects are found, replace the rocker arm shaft with a new one, then inspect lubrication system.

ASSEMBLY

Apply engine oil to the rocker arms and rocker arm shafts.

Install the rocker arms and shafts into the camshaft holder.

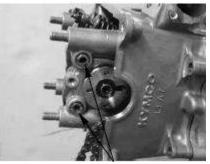
- Install the exhaust valve rocker arm shaft on the "EX" side of the camshaft holder
 - Clean the intake valve rocker arm shaft off any grease before installation.



Rocker Arm Shafts



Adjuster Surface Contact Surface



Rocker Arm Shafts





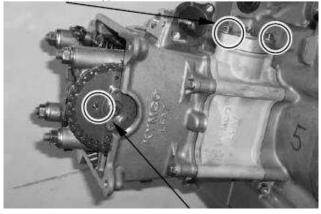
CAMSHAFT

REMOVAL

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase. Hold the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and the location is the top dead center on the compression stroke.

Remove the tensioner sealing bolt and spring. Remove the two bolts from cam chain tensioner and then remove the tensioner and gasket.

Tensioner Sealing Bolt

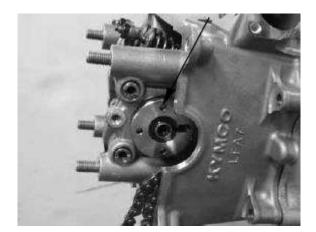


Round Hole

Camshaft

Remove the camshaft gear and bolt.

Remove the camshaft from the cylinder head





INSPECTION

Camshaft

Inspect camshaft lobes for pitting/scratches/blue discoloration.



If any defects are found, replace the camshaft with a new one, then inspect lubrication system.

Check each camshaft bearing for play or damage. Replace the camshaft assembly with a new one if the bearings are noisy or have excessive play.

Camshaft Bearings



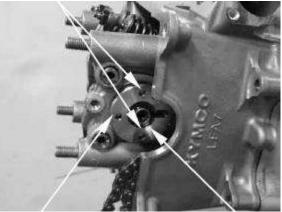
X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

INSTALLATION

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase.

Keep the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and align the punch marks on the camshaft gear with the cylinder head surface (Position the intake and exhaust cam lobes down.) and install the cam chain onto the camshaft gear.

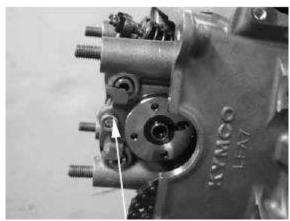
Punch Marks



Round Hole

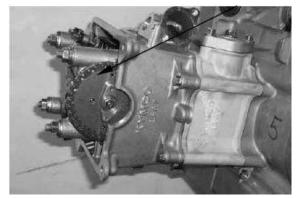
Cam shaft

Install the rocker arms shafts fixed bolt .



Bolt

Camshaft Gear



Install the camshaft gear



DISASSEMBLY

Remove the valve spring cotters, retainers, springs, spring seats, oil seals and valves using a valve spring compressor.

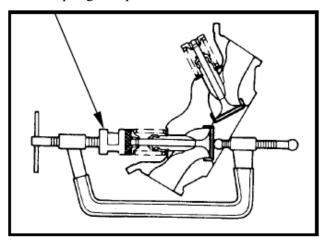
- Be sure to compress the valve springs with a valve spring compressor.
- Mark all disassembled parts to ensure correct reassembly

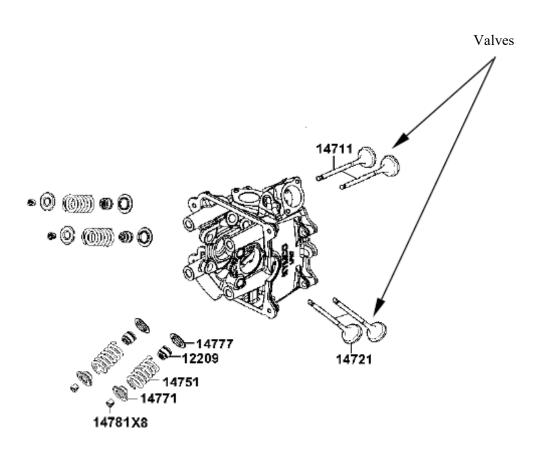
Special tool:

*

Valve Spring Compressor A120E00040

Valve Spring Compressor





INSPECTION

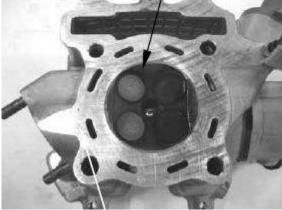
Remove carbon deposits from the exhaust port and combustion chamber.

| * | Be careful not to damage the cylinder |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| | head mating surface. |

Combustion Chamber

KYMCO

X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS



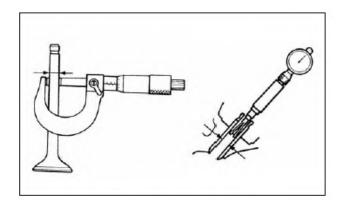
Exhaust Port

Valve /Valve guide

Inspect each valve for bending, burning, scratches or abnormal stem wear.

If any defects are found, replace the valve with a new one.

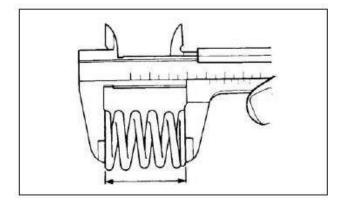
If the stem-to-guide clearance exceeds the service limits, replace the cylinder head is necessary.



Valve spring

*

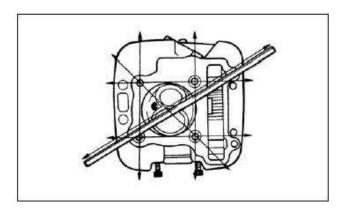
Measure the free length of the inner and outer valve springs.



Cylinder head

Check the spark plug hole and valve areas for cracks.

Check the cylinder head for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge.



Valve Spring Compressor

ASSEMBLY

Install the valve spring seats and oil seal.

Be sure to install the new oil seals.

Lubricate each valve with engine oil and insert the valves into the valve guides. Install the valve springs and retainers. Compress the valve springs using the valve spring compressor, then install the valve cotters.

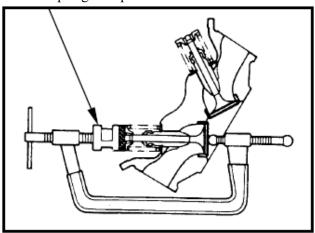
• When assembling, a valve spring compressor must be used.

Special tool:

Valve Spring Compressor A120E00040

Tap the valve stems gently with a plastic hammer for $2 \sim 3$ times to firmly seat the cotters.

Be careful not to damage the valves.





Cylinder Head



CYLINDER/PISTON

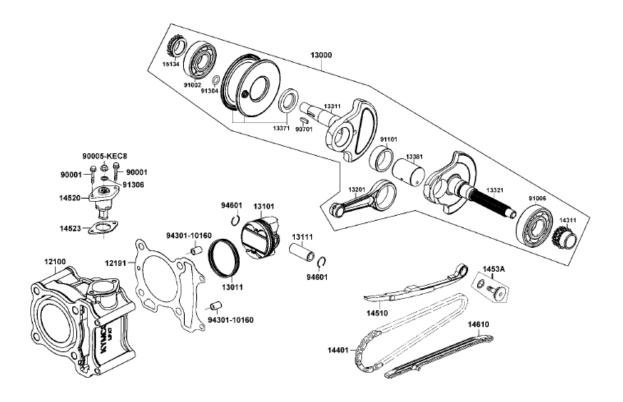
7

| SCHEMATIC DRAWING | 7-1 |
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| SERVICE INFORMATION | 7-2 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING | 7-2 |
| CYLINDER AND PISTON | 7-3 |





SCHEMATIC DRAWING



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When installing the cylinder, use a new cylinder gasket and make sure that the dowel pins are correctly installed.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.

SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)

| | Item | | Standard |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Cylinder | I.D. | | 52.4~52.41 |
| | Warpage | | |
| | Cylindricity | | |
| | True roundness | | |
| | Ring-to-groove | top | 0.015~0.055 |
| | clearance | Second | 0.015~0.055 |
| | Ring end gap | top | 0.10~0.25 |
| Piston, piston ring | | Second | 0.10~0.25 |
| | | Oil side rail | 0.2~0.7 |
| | Piston O.D. | | 52.37~52.39 |
| | Piston O.D. measuring position | | 9 mm from bottom of skirt |
| | Piston-to-cylinder clearance | | 0.01~0.04 |
| | Piston pin hole I.D. | | 15.002~15.008 |
| Piston pin O.D | | 14.994~15 | |
| Piston-to-piston pin clearance | | 0.002~0.014 | |
| Connecting rod small end I.D. bore | | 15.016~15.034 | |

TROUBLESHOOTING

• When hard starting or poor performance at low speed occurs, check the crankcase breather for white smoke. If white smoke is found, it means that the piston rings are worn, stuck or broken.

Compression too low or uneven compression

- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston rings
- Worn, stuck or broken piston rings

Compression too high

• Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber or on piston head

Excessive smoke from exhaust muffler

- Worn or damaged piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston

Abnormal noisy piston

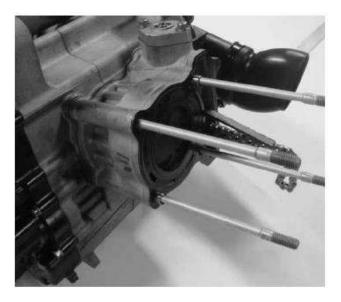
- Worn cylinder, piston and piston rings
- Worn piston pin hole and piston pin
- Incorrectly installed piston

CYLINDER AND PISTON

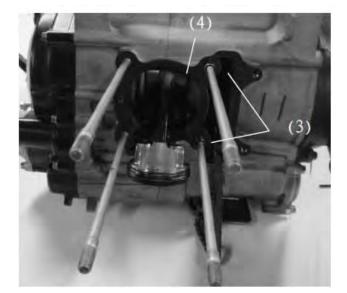
REMOVAL

Remove the cylinder head (refer to "**CYLINDER HEAD**" section in the chapter 6). Remove the water hose attached the cylinder.

Remove the cylinder



Remove the cylinder gasket (4) and dowel pins (3). Clean any gasket material onto the cylinder surface.



Remove the piston pin clip.

★ Place a clean shop towel in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.

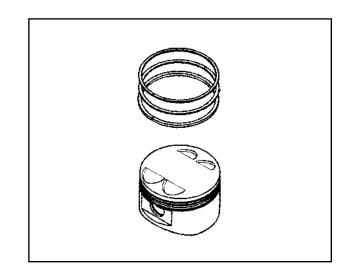
Press the piston pin out of the piston and remove the piston.



Spread each piston ring and remove it by lifting up at a point opposite the gap

* Do not damage the piston ring by spreading the ends too far.

Clean carbon deposits from the piston ring grooves.

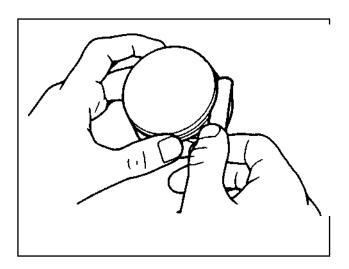


INSPECTION

Piston ring

Inspect the piston rings for movement by rotating the rings. The rings should be able to move in their grooves without catching.

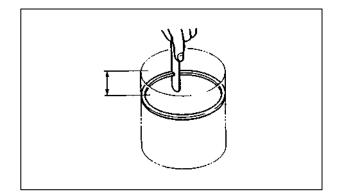
Push the ring until the outer surface of the piston ring is nearly flush with the piston and measure the ring-to-groove clearance.



Insert each piston ring into the bottom of the cylinder squarely.

Use the piston head to push each piston ring into the cylinder.

Measure the piston ring end gap.

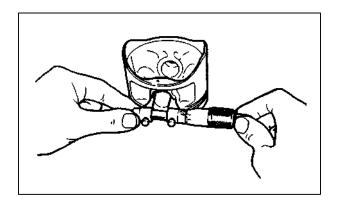


KYMCO X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

Piston/Piston pin Measure the piston O.D. at the point (A) from the bottom and 90° to the piston pin hole.

Calculate the cylinder-to-piston clearance

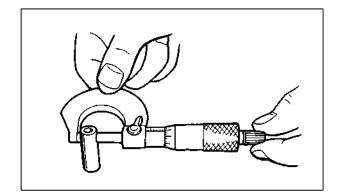
Measure the piston pin hole. Take the maximum reading to determine the I.D..



(A)

Measure the piston pin O.D. at piston and connecting rod sliding areas.

Measure the piston-to-piston pin clearance.



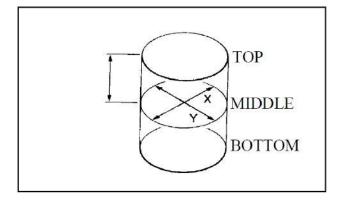


Cylinder

Check the cylinder for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge in the directions shown.



Check the cylinder wall for wear or damage. Measure and record the cylinder I.D. at three levels in an X and Y axis. Take the maximum reading to determine the cylinder wear.

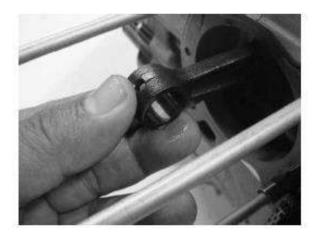


Measure the piston-to-cylinder clearance. Take a maximum reading to determine the clearance.

Measure the taper and out-of-round at three levels in an X and Y axis. Take the maximum reading to determine them.

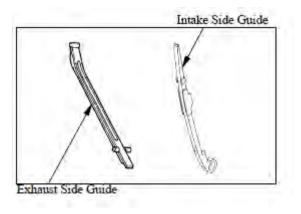
Measure the connecting rod small end I.D.

Measure the connecting rod-to-piston pin clearance.



Inspect the exhaust side and intake side chain guides.

Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.



INSTALLATION

Piston ring

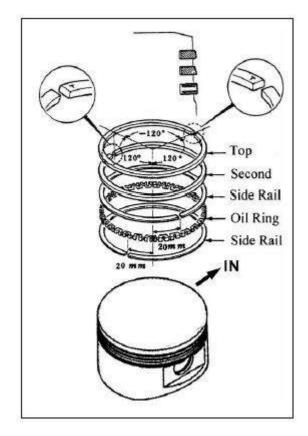
Carefully install the piston rings into the piston ring grooves with the markings facing up.

* Be careful not to damage the piston and rings.

- Do not confuse the top and second rings.
- To install the oil ring, install the oil ring, then install the side rails.

Stagger the piston ring end gaps 120° degrees apart from each other.

Stagger the side rail end gaps as shown.



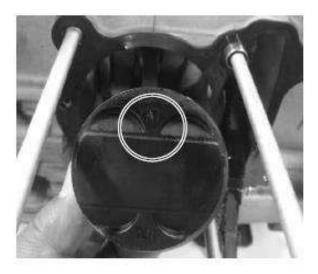


CYLINDER/PISTON

Clean any gasket material attached the cylinder mating surfaces of the crankcase and oil passage.

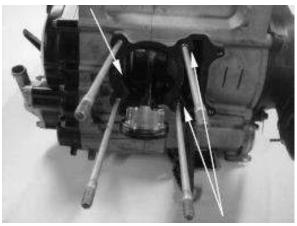
Apply engine oil to the piston pin. Apply engine oil to the connecting rod small end and piston pin hole.

Install the piston with the "IN" mark face intake side and piston pin.









Dowel pins

Place a clean shop towel over the crankcase prevent the clip from falling into the crankcase.

Install the new pin clip.

Make sure that the piston pin clips are seated securely.
 Do not align the piston pin clip end gap with the piston cut-out

Install the dowel pins and gasket.

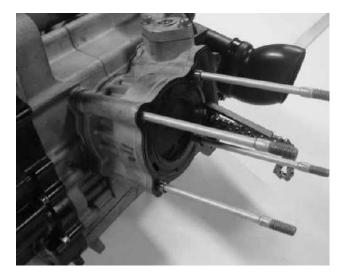


Apply engine oil to the cylinder wall, piston and piston ring outer surfaces.

Pass the cam chain through the cylinder and install the cylinder over the piston.

Be careful not to damage the piston rings and cylinder walls.

Install the cylinder head and camshaft holder has installed (refer to the "**CYLINDER HEAD**" section in the chapter 6), Connect the water hose





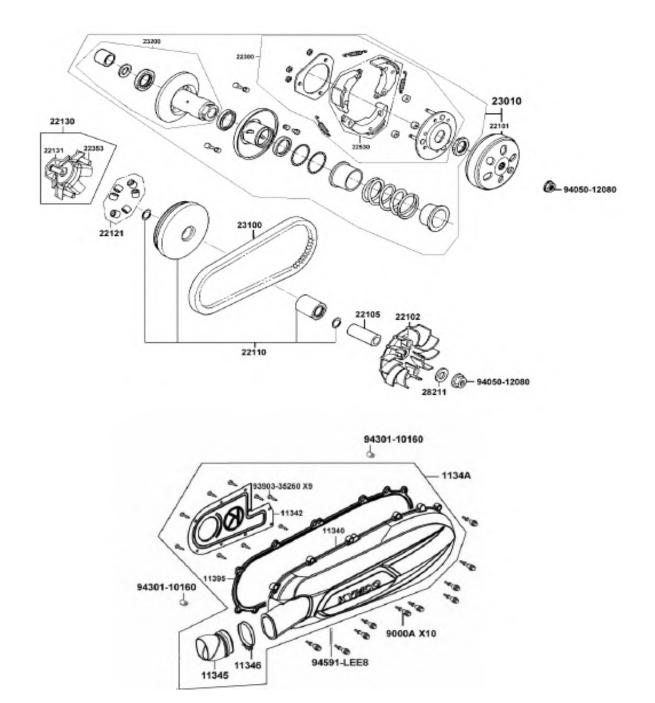
DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

| SCHEMATIC DRAWING | 8- | 1 |
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| SERVICE INFORMATION | 8- | 2 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING | 8- | 2 |
| LEFT CRANKCASE COVER | 8- | 3 |
| DRIVE PULLEY, DRIVE BELT AND DRIVEN PULLEY | 8- | 4 |





SCHEMATIC DRAWING



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The drive pulley, clutch and driven pulley can be serviced with the engine installed.
- Avoid getting grease and oil on the drive belt and pulley faces. Remove any oil or grease from them to minimize the slipping of drive belt and drive pulley.

SPECIFICATIONS

| Item | Standard (mm) |
|---------------------------------|---------------|
| Movable drive face bushing I.D. | 24.011~24.052 |
| Drive face collar O.D. | 23.960~23.974 |
| Clutch outer I.D. | 130~130.2 |
| Driven face O.D | 33.965~33.985 |
| Movable driven face I.D. | 34~34.025 |
| Weight roller O.D. | 17.920~18.080 |

TORQUE VALUES

| Drive face nut | 9.5 kgf-m (93.1 N-m) | I |
|------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Clutch outer nut | 5.5 kgf-m (54 N-m) | |
| Clutch drive plate nut | 5.5 kgf-m (54 N-m) | |

SPECIAL TOOLS

Universal holder Clutch spring compressor A120E00017 A120E00034

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Worn drive belt
- Broken ramp plate
- Worn or damaged clutch lining
- Broken driven face spring

Engine stalls or motorcycle creeps

• Broken clutch weight spring

Lack of power

- Worn drive belt
- Weak driven face spring
- Worn weight roller
- Faulty driven face

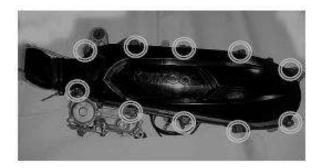
8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

X-Town 125 ABS/ CBS

LEFT CRANKCASE COVER

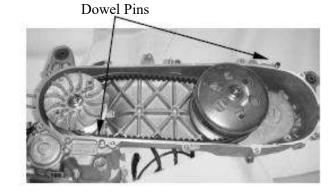
REMOVAL

Remove the bolts attaching to the left crankcase cover. Remove the gasket and dowel pins.



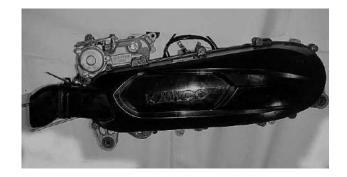
INSTALLATION

Install the dowel pins and gasket.



Install the left crankcase cover.

Install and tighten ten bolts diagonally to specified torque.





DRIVE PULLEY, DRIVE BELT AND DRIVEN PULLEY

REMOVAL

Remove the left crankcase cover

Use the special tool to hold the drive pulley, then remove the nut and ratchet.

Special tool:

Special tool:

.

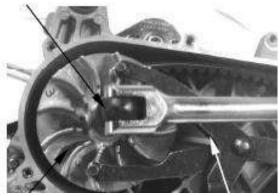
Universal holder A120E00017

Remove the drive pulley face and washer.

Hold the clutch outer with the universal holder and remove the clutch outer nut.

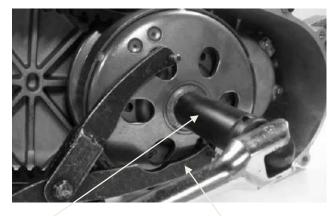
Universal Holder A120E00017

Nut/Ratchet



Drive Pulley Face

Universal Holder



Nut

Universal Holder

Remove the clutch outer, driven pulley assembly and drive belt together.

Clutch Outer/Driven Pulley Assembly



Drive Belt

8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS

Remove the movable drive face assembly.

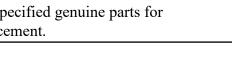


Movable Drive Face Assembly

X-Town 125 ABS/ CBS

Drive belt inspection Check the drive belt for cracks, separation or abnormal or excessive wear. Replace a new belt at every 15000KM

* Use specified genuine parts for replacement.





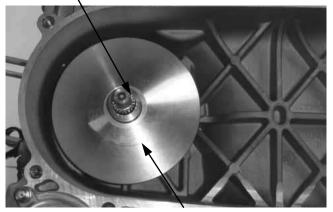
Clutch out inspection

Inspect the clutch outer for wear or damage. Measure the clutch outer I.D.



INSTALLATION

Apply lubricant to the drive face boss inner surface, then install the movable drive face assembly. Boss



Movable Drive Face Assembly

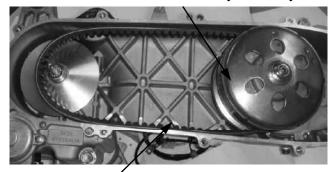
Install the clutch outer onto the driven pulley assembly.

Compress the driven pulley assembly by hand, then install the drive belt into the driven pulley assembly.

- The drive belt should be installed so
- that the arrows on the drive belt periphery point in the normal turning direction if the drive belt has arrow mark.
 - The drive belt contact surface of the driven face should be thoroughly cleaned.

Install the driven pulley assembly/clutch outer and drive belt together.

Clutch Outer/Driven Pulley Assembly

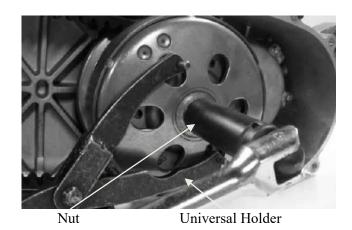


Drive Belt

Use the special tool to hold clutch outer, then tighten the nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 5.0~6.0kgf-m (50 ~60N-m)

Special tool: Universal holder A120E00017



8. DRIVE AND DRIVEN PULLEYS



Install the drive pulley face and ratchet. Use the special tool to hold drive pulley face, then tighten the nut to the specified torque.

Torque:

5.5~6.5 kgf-m (55~65 N-m)

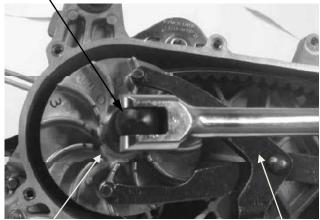
Special tool:

Universal holder A120E00017

Noted:

There is a washer between the drive pulley face and nut, don't forget to mount it when installation.

Nut/Ratchet



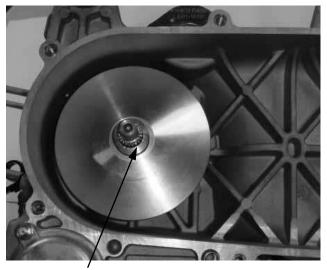
Drive Pulley Face

Universal Holder

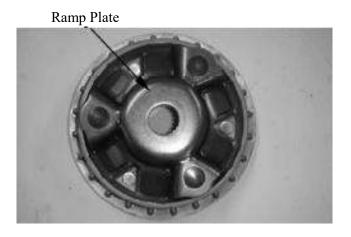


DRIVE PULLEY DISASSEMBLY

Remove the drive face boss.



Boss



Remove the ramp plate

Take out six weight rollers.



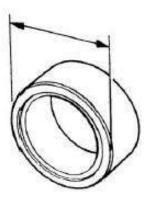
Weight Roller



DRIVE PULLEY INSPECTION

Weight rollers

Check each roller for wear or damage. Measure outside diameter.



Ramp plate

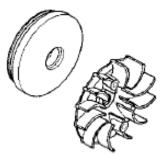


Movable drive face/Slide pieces/Drive pulley face

Check the movable drive face splines for wear, cracks or damage.

Check the ramp plate for cracks or damage.

Check the movable drive face and drive pulley face cracks or damage.





DRIVE PULLEY ASSEMBLY

Clean the movable drive face, drive pulley face, weight rollers, slide pieces, ramp plate and drive face boss.

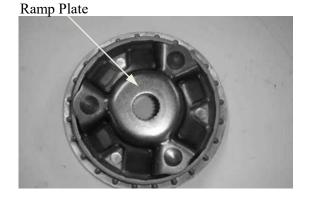
Remove any excess grease.

*

*



Weight Roller





Boss

Install the weight rollers.

The direction of all weight rollers is the same. The thin side is towards to clockwise.

Install the slide pieces and ramp plate.

Install the drive face boss.



DRIVEN PULLEY DISASSEMBLY

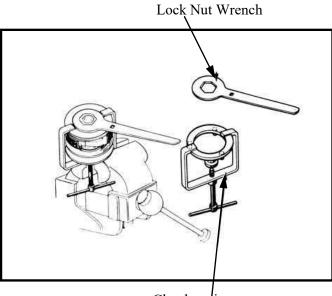
Hold the clutch/driven pulley assembly with the clutch spring compressor.

* Be sure to use a clutch spring compressor to avoid spring damage.

Special tool:

Clutch Spring Compressor A120E00034

Set the tool in a vise and remove the clutch drive plate nut.



Clutch spring compressor

Remove the clutch weight.





Remove the spring.

Remove the spring collar on the movable driven face.

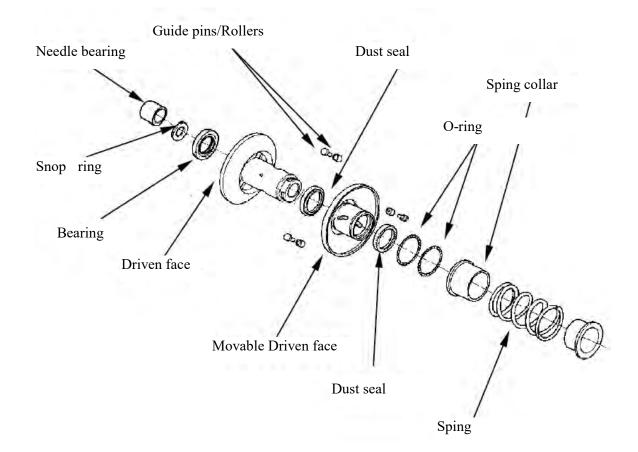
Remove the three guide pins/rollers, then

remove the movable driven face.

Remove the needle bearing from driven face.

Remove the snap ring, then remove the

bearing from driven face.



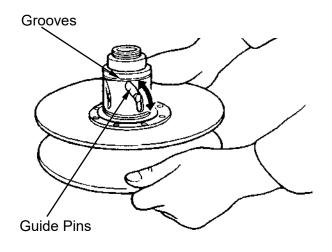


DRIVEN PULLEY INSPECTION

Check the driven pulley for smooth operation. If any scratches or damage is found then replace as a set.

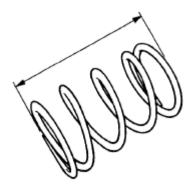
Check guide pins and rollers for wear or damage.

If any scratches or damage is found then replace as a set.



Check the spring for damage. Measure the spring free length.

Check the clutch shoe for heat damage. Measure the clutch shoe thickness.







DRIVEN PULLEY ASSEMBLY

side.

Clean any oil from the drive belt sliding surfaces on the driven face. Filling 12 g of grease to driven face inner

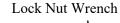
Apply Grease

Apply grease to lips of the new dust seals and install into the movable driven face. Coat new O-rings with grease and install them into the movable driven face grooves. Install the movable driven face onto the driven face.

Install the guide rollers and guide roller pins. Filling 5 g of grease to each guide groove. Install the guide pins/rollers.



Apply Grease



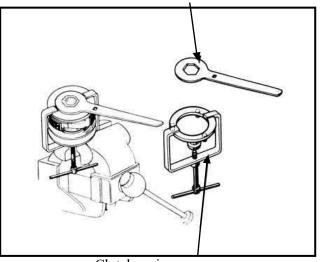
Install spring collar.

Use the special tool to install spring and clutch, then install and tighten the nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 5.5 ~6.5m (55~65N-m)

Special tool:

Clutch Spring Compressor A120E00034



Clutch spring compressor



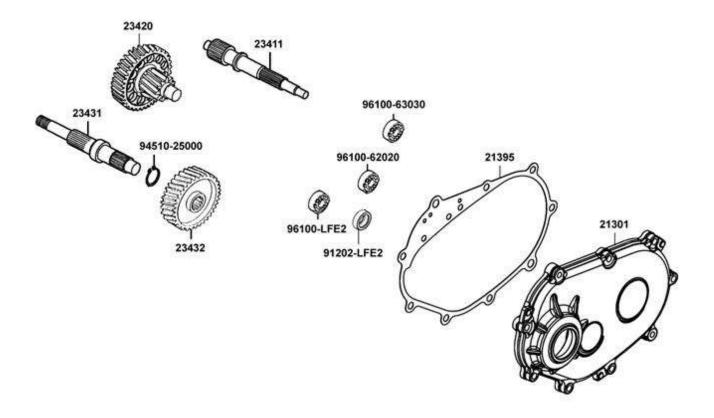
| SCHEMATIC DRAWING | 9-1 |
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| TROUBLESHOOTING | 9-2 |
| FINAL REDUCTION | 9-3 |
| BEARING REPLACEMENT | 9-7 |



9



SCHEMATIC DRAWING



SERVICE INFORMATION GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The servicing operations of this section can be made with the engine installed.
- When replacing the drive shaft, use a special tool to hold the bearing inner race for this operation.

SPECIFICATIONS

Specified Oil: SAE 90# Oil Capacity: At disassembly : 0.13liter At change : 0.12 liter

TORQUE VALUES

Transmission case cover bolt 1.0~1.4kgf-m

SPECIAL TOOLS

Oil seal and bearing installer A120E00014 Bearing puller A120E00037

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine starts but motorcycle won't move

- Damaged transmission
- Seized or burnt transmission

Abnormal noise

- Worn, seized or chipped gears
- Worn bearing

Oil leaks

- Oil level too high
- Worn or damaged oil seal

9-2

Final Reduction

Removal

Drain the transmission gear oil into a clean container

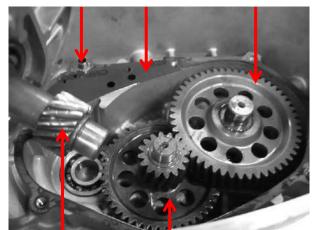
Remove the driven pulley

Remove the nine bolts from the transmission case cover, and then remove the transmission case cover.

Remove the dowel pins and gasket. Remove the final gear and shaft, then remove the countershaft.



Dowel Pin Gasket Final Gear



Drive Shaft

Counter Shaft



Inspect the countershaft and gear for wear or damage.

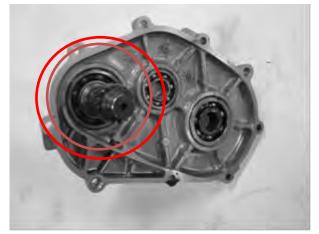
Inspect the final gear and final gear shaft for wear, damage or seizure.





Check the driveshaft for wear or damage.

Check the left crankcase bearings for excessive play and inspect the oil seal for wear or damage.



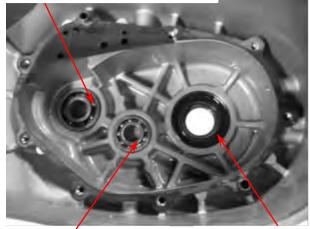






Check the transmission case cover bearings for excessive play and inspect the final shaft bearing oil seal for wear or damage.

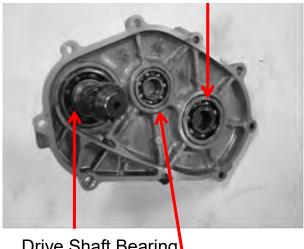
Drive Shaft Bearing



Drive Shaft Bearing

Final Shaft Bearing

Final Gear Shaft Bearing



Drive Shaft Bearing

Counter Shaft Bearing

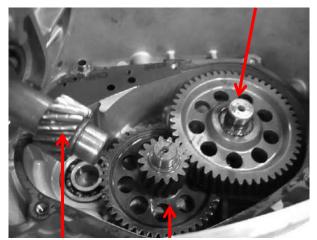
Installation

Install the final gear and final gear shaft. Install the Countershaft Install the driveshaft.



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Drive Shaft

Counter Shaft

Dowel pins

Install new gasket. Install the two dowel pins.



Install the transmission case cover. Install and tighten the nine bolts to the specified torque in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.

Torque: 1.0~1.4kgf-m

Fill the transmission case with the specified oil





Bearing Replacement

Transmission Case Cover Remove the transmission case cover

Remove the transmission case cover bearings by using the special tool.

Special tool: Bearing puller A120E00037

Install the new bearings or new oil seal into the transmission case cover by using the special tool.

Special tool: Oil seal and bearing installer A120E00014



Transmission Case

Remove the all transmission gears Remove the transmission case bearings by using the special tool.

Special tool: Bearing puller A120E00037

Install the new bearings or new oil seal into the transmission case by using the special tool.

Special tool: Oil seal and bearing installer A120E00014





After installation, fill the transmission case with the specified oil.

Specified gear oil: SAE90#

Oil capacity : At disassembly: 0.13 liter At change : 0.12 liter

Install and tighten the oil check bolt.

Torque : 0,8~1,2kgf-m

Start the engine and check for oil leaks.



Drain Bolt



Oil Check Bolt

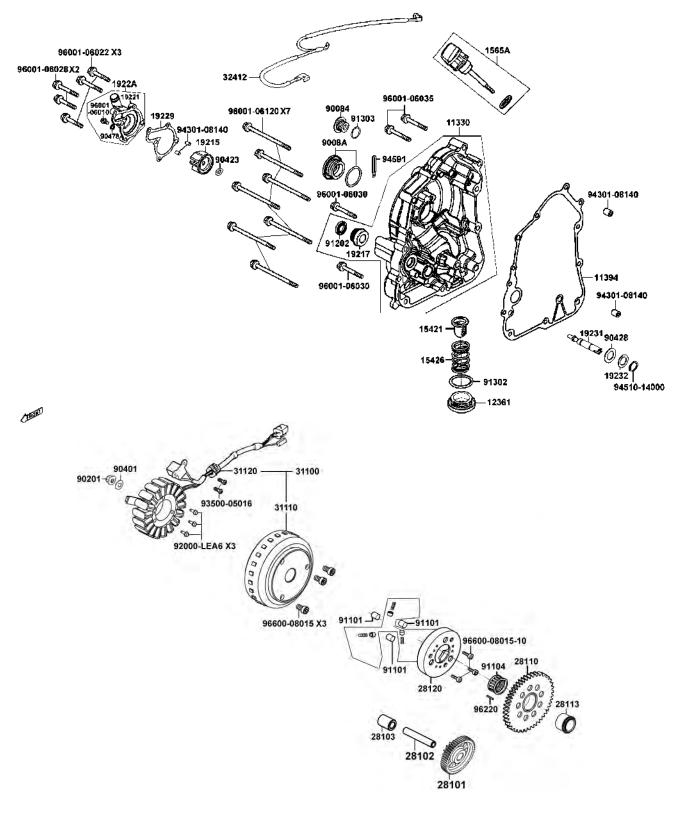


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| SERVICE INFORMATION | 10-2 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING | 10-2 |
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SCHEMATIC DRAWING



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- All operations and inspections in this section can be made with the engine installed.
- Should drain the coolant before removing the right crankcase cover.
- Be careful not to drain the coolant when the engine temperature is high. (Perform this operation when the engine is cold.)
- Drain the coolant into a clean container.
- Drain the engine oil into a clean container before removing the right crankcase cover.
- When the right crankcase cover is installed, fill with the recommended engine oil and coolant. Remember to bleed air from the water hose.

SPECIFICATIONS

Engine oil: SAE 5W/50# API-SJ Oil capacity at change: 1.0 Liter Coolant capacity: 0.87L Coolant: distilled water + coolant concentrate

SPECIAL TOOLS

| Flywheel puller | A120E00003 |
|-----------------|------------|
| Flywheel holder | A120E00021 |

TORQUE VALUES

Flywheel nut : 5.0~6.0 kgf-m (58.8 N-m)

TROUBLESHOOTING

Refer to chapter 1 for A.C. generator troubleshooting. **Starter motor rotates but engine does not start**

- Faulty starter clutch
- Starter motor rotates reversely
- Weak battery



A.C.GENERATOR Removal Drain the engine oil.

Disconnect the alternator stator connectors.

Remove the 10 bolts from the right crankcase cover and then remove the cover.



Remove the two dowel pins and gasket.



Remove the two pulse coil mount screws. Remove the three stator mount bolts, grommet and the stator from the right crankcase cover.





INSPECTION

Check the stator and pulse coil for damage.

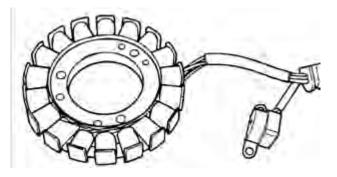
INSTALLATION

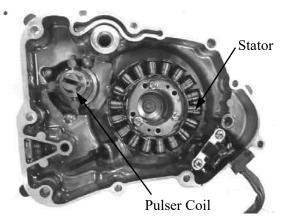
Install the stator and tighten the stator mount bolts to the specified torque.

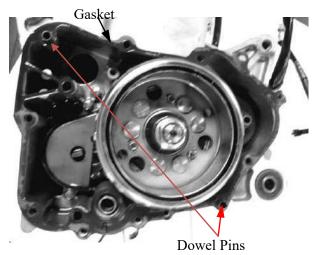
Torque: 1 kgf-m

Apply sealant to the grommet seating surface and install it to the cover groove properly. Install the pulse coil and tighten mount screws securely.

Clean the mating surfaces of the right crankcase and cover.







Install the dowel pins and gasket.

Install the right crankcase cover and tighten the bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.





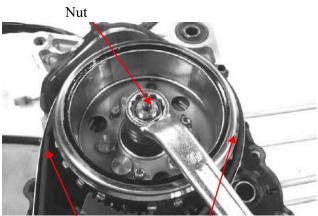
STARTER CLUTCH REMVOAL

Remove the right crankcase cover

Hold the flywheel with a special tool and remove the flywheel nut.

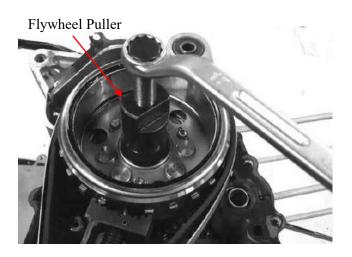
Special tool: Flywheel holder

A120E00021



Flywheel Holder

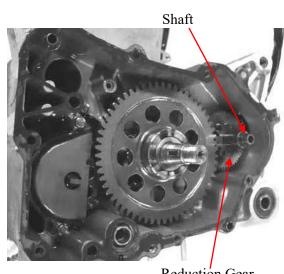
Flywheel



Remove the flywheel by using the special tool. **Special tool:**

Flywheel puller A120E00003

Remove the reduction gear shaft and reduction gear.



Reduction Gear

Remove the starter driven gear.

Starter Driven Gear

KYMCO

X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS



INSPECTION

Install the driven gear into the flywheel.

Check the operation of the sprag clutch by turning the driven gear.

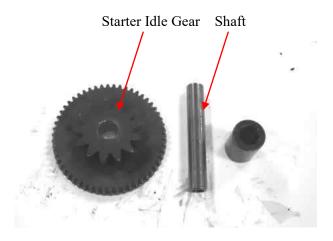
You should be able to turn the driven gear clockwise smoothly, but the gear should not turn counterclockwise.

Remove the starter driven gear by turning the driven gear.

Check the starter driven gear teeth for wear or damage.



Starter Driven Gear



Check the starter reduction gear teeth and shaft for wear or damage.



KYMCO

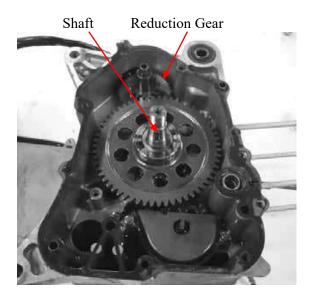
X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

INSTALLATION

the right crankcase.

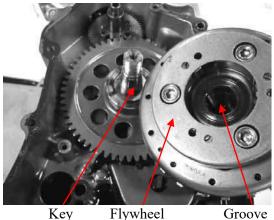
Install the starter driven gear onto the crankshaft.





Install the flywheel onto the crankshaft by aligning the key on the crankshaft with the groove in the flywheel.

* Before installation, check and make sure that the inside the flywheel is not contaminated.



Flywheel Key

Apply oil to the starter reduction gear shaft. Install the starter reduction gear and shaft to

10-7

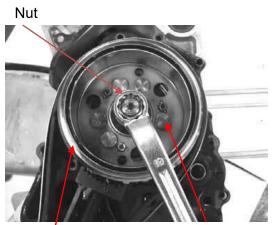


Hold the flywheel with the special tool and tighten the flywheel nut.

Torque: 5.0~6.0 kgf-m

Special tool: Flywheel holder

A120E00021



Flywheel

Flywheel Holder

Install the dowel pins and gasket.

Install the right crankcase cover and tighten the bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3steps.





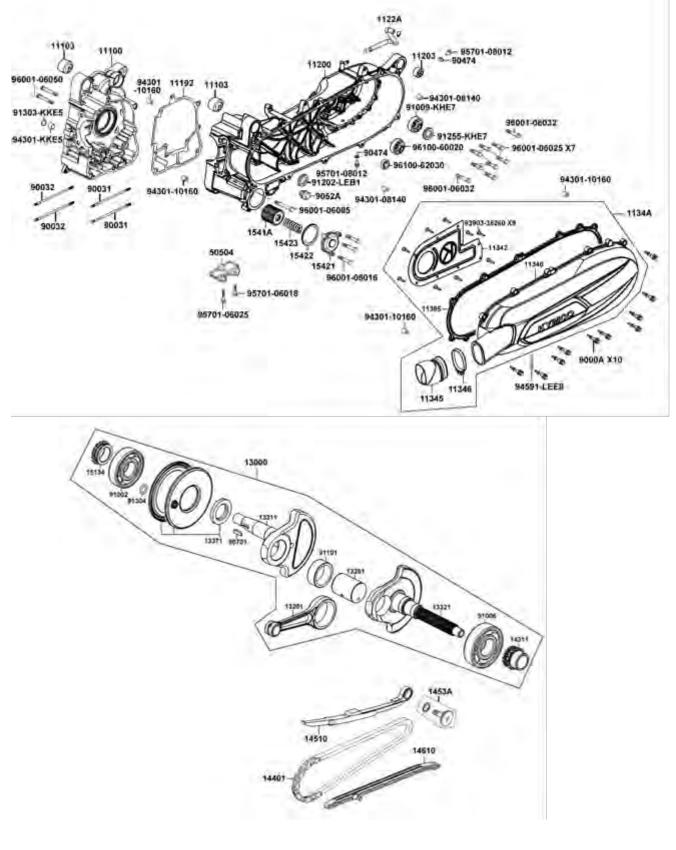
CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT

| SCHEMATIC DRAWING | 11-1 |
|----------------------|------|
| SERVICE INFORMATION | 11-2 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING | 11-2 |
| CRANKCASE SEPARATION | 11-3 |
| CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY | 11-4 |





SCHEMATIC DRAWING



11-1



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- This section covers crankcase separation to service the crankshaft. The engine must be removed for this operation.
- When separating the crankcase, never use a driver to knock the crankcase forcedly to prevent damaging the mating surfaces.
- When installing the crankcase, do not use an iron hammer to tap it.
- When installing the crankcase or crankshaft, must be replaced in pair.
- The following parts must be removed before separating the crankcase.

Cylinder head Cylinder/piston Right crankcase cover/drive and driven pulley A.C. generator/starter clutch Rear wheel/rear shock absorber Starter motor Oil pump

SPECIFICATIONS

| | Item | Standard (mm) |
|------------|---|---------------|
| | Connecting rod big end side clearance | 0.15~0.35 |
| Crankshaft | Connecting rod big end radial clearance | 0~0.008 |

TORQUE VALUES

| Crankcase bolt | 1.0 kgf-m |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Cam chain tensioner slipper bolt | 1.0 kgf-m |

TROUBLESHOOTING

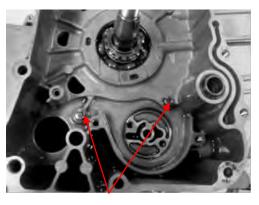
Excessive engine noise

- Excessive bearing play
- Excessive crankpin bearing play
- Worn piston pin and piston pin hole

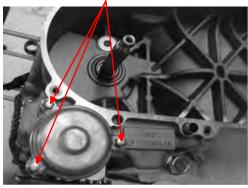


CRANKCASE SEPARATION

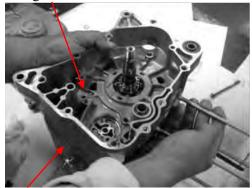
Remove the two right crankcase attaching bolts.



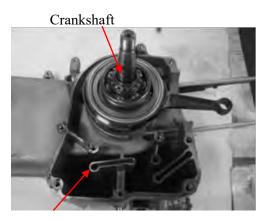
Bolts



Right Crankcase



Left Crankcase



Left Crankcase

Remove the left crankcase bolts.

Place the crankcase with the left crankcase down and remove the right crankcase from the left crankcase.

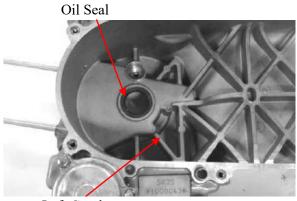
• Never use a driver to pry the crankcase mating surfaces apart.

Remove the gasket and dowel pins.

Remove the crankshaft from the left crankcase.

Remove the oil seal from the left crankcase.





Left Crankcase

CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY

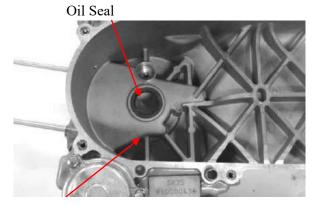
*

Clean off all gasket material from the crankcase mating surfaces.

Avoid damaging the crankcase mating surfaces.



Install a new oil seal into the left crankcase.



Left Crankcase

Place the left crankcase down and install the Crankshaft into the left crankcase.

- * Avoid damaging the oil seal.
 - Apply grease to the lip of the oil seal.

Change a new gasket.

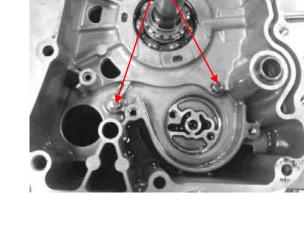
Place into the crankshaft and onto the left crankcase.

Install the right crankcase squarely and do not tap it with an iron or plastic hammer.

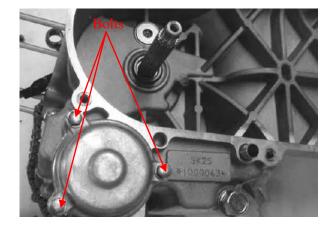
Install and tighten the right and left crankcase attaching bolts.

Torque: 1 kgf-m

*



Bolts





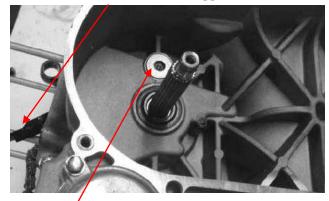
11-5



Install the cam chain. Install the cam chain tensioner slipper. Install and tighten the cam chain tensioner slipper bolt.

Torque: 1.0kgf-m

Cam Chain Tensioner Slipper



Bolt

12. COOLING SYSTEM

COOLING SYSTEM

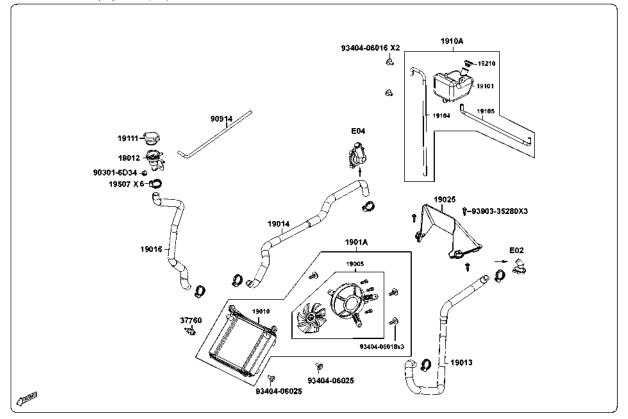
| SCHEMATIC DRAWING | 121 |
|--------------------------|------|
| SERVICE INFORMATION | 122 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING | 122 |
| COOLING SYSTEM TESTING | 124 |
| RADIATOR | 128 |
| FAN MOTOR | 1210 |
| FAN MOTOR SWITCH | 1211 |
| WATER PUMP | 1212 |
| THERMOSENSOR | 1212 |
| WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR | 1217 |
| THERMOSTAT | 1218 |



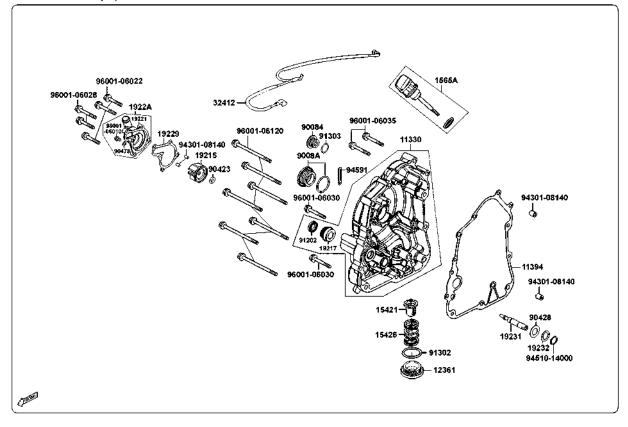
12. COOLING SYSTEM

SCHEMATIC DRAWING

KS25AA(SP) F21 (2/2)



KS25AA(SP) E04



12-1

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The water pump must be serviced after removing the engine. Other cooling system service can be done with the engine installed in the frame.
- The engine must be cool before servicing the cooling system. When the coolant temperature is over 100°C, never remove the radiator cap to release the pressure because the boiling coolant may cause danger.
- Avoid spilling coolant on painted surfaces because the coolant will corrode the painted surfaces. Wash off any spilled coolant with fresh water as soon as possible.
- After servicing the system, check for leaks with a cooling system tester.

SPECIAL TOOL

Mechanical seal driver

TORQUE VALUES

| Water pump impeller | 1.0~1.4 kgf-m (11.8 N-m) |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Water pump cover bolt | 1.0~1.4 kgf-m (11.8 N-m) |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine temperature too high

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermosensor
- Faulty radiator cap
- Faulty thermostat
- Insufficient coolant
- Passages blocked in hoses or water jacket
- Clogged radiator fins
- Passages blocked in radiator
- Faulty water pump

Temperature gauge shows the wrong temperature

- Faulty temperature gauge or thermosensor
- Faulty thermostat

Coolant leaks

- Faulty pump mechanical (water) seal
- Deteriorated O-rings
- Damaged or deteriorated water hoses

SPECIFICATIONS

| Radiator cap relief pressure | | 90Kpa(0.9± kg/cm²) | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Begins to open | | 8082°C | | | |
| Thermostat temperature | Full-open | 00 °C | | | |
| | Valve lift | 3.5 mm | | | |
| Coolant capacity | | Radiator and engine | 0.87 liter | | |
| | | Reserve tank 0.49 liter | | | |
| Standard coolant concentration | | | 1:1 mixture with soft water | | |

COOLANT GRAVITY CHART

| Temp. °C Coolant concentration | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 5% | 1.009 | 1.009 | 1.008 | 1.008 | 1.007 | 1.006 | 1.005 | 1.003 | 1.001 | 0.009 | 0.997 |
| 10% | 1.018 | 1.107 | 1.017 | 1.016 | 1.015 | 1.014 | 0.013 | 1.011 | 1.009 | 1.007 | 1.005 |
| 15% | 1.028 | 1.027 | 1.026 | 1.025 | 1.024 | 1.022 | 1.020 | 1.018 | 1.016 | 1.014 | 1.012 |
| 20% | 1.036 | 1.035 | 1.034 | 1.033 | 1.031 | 1.029 | 1.027 | 1.025 | 1.023 | 1.021 | 1.019 |
| 25% | 1.045 | 1.044 | 1.043 | 1.042 | 1.040 | 1.038 | 1.036 | 1.034 | 1.031 | 1.028 | 1.025 |
| 30% | 1.053 | 1.051 | 1.051 | 1.049 | 1.047 | 1.045 | 1.043 | 1.041 | 1.038 | 1.035 | 1.032 |
| 35% | 1.063 | 1.062 | 1.060 | 1.058 | 1.056 | 1.054 | 1.052 | 1.049 | 1.046 | 1.043 | 1.040 |
| 40% | 1.072 | 1.070 | 1.068 | 1.066 | 1.064 | 1.062 | 1.059 | 1.056 | 1.053 | 1.050 | 1.047 |
| 45% | 1.080 | 1.078 | 1.076 | 1.074 | 1.072 | 1.069 | 1.056 | 1.063 | 1.062 | 1.057 | 1.054 |
| 50% | 1.086 | 1.084 | 1.082 | 1.080 | 1.077 | 1.074 | 1.071 | 1.068 | 1.065 | 1.062 | 1.059 |
| 55% | 1.095 | 1.093 | 1.091 | 1.088 | 1.085 | 1.082 | 1.079 | 1.076 | 1.073 | 1.070 | 1.067 |
| 60% | 1.100 | 1.098 | 1.095 | 1.092 | 1.089 | 1.086 | 1.083 | 1.080 | 1.077 | 1.074 | 1.071 |

COOLANT MIXTURE (WITH ANTI-RUST AND ANTI-FREEZING EFFECTS)

| Freezing Point | Mixing Rate | KYMCO SIGMA Coolant Concentrate | Distilled Water |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| -9°C | 20 % | | |
| -15°C | 30 % | | |
| -25°C | 40 % | | |
| -37°C | 50 % | | |
| -44.5℃ | 55 % | | |

*

• Use coolant of specified mixing rate. (The mixing rate of 860cc KYMCO SIGMA coolant concentrate + 859cc distilled water is 50%.)

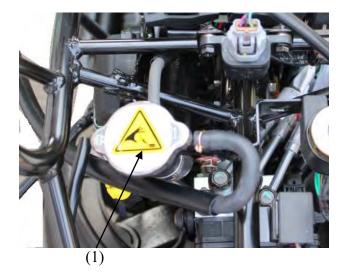
- Do not mix coolant concentrate of different brands.
- Do not drink the coolant, which is poisonous.
- The freezing point of coolant mixture shall be 5° C lower than the freezing point of the riding area.

12. COOLING SYSTEM

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COOLING SYSTEM TESTING RADIATOR CAP INSPECTION

Removing the radiator cap while the engine is hot can cause the coolant to spray out, seriously scalding you.
 Always let the engine and radiator cool down before removing the radiator cap.



Cap Tester

Remove the radiator cap (1).

Pressure test should be served on the radiator cap.

Replace the radiator cap if it does not hold pressure, or if relief pressure is too high or too low.

It must hold the specified pressure for at least six seconds.

Before installing the cap in the tester, wet the sealing surface.

Radiator Cap Relief Pressure:

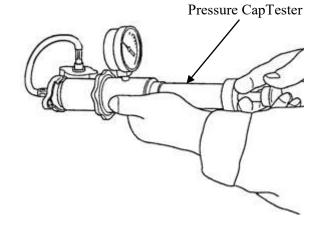
90 kPa (0.9 kg/cm², 12.8 psi) Pressurize the radiator, engine and hoses, and check for leaks.

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Excessive pressure can damage the cooling system components. Do not exceed 105 kPa (1.05 kg/cm², 14.9 psi).

Repair or replace components if the system will not hold the specified pressure for at least six seconds.





12. COOLING SYSTEM

COOLANT REPLACEMENT PREPARATION

• The effectiveness of coolant decreases with the accumulation of rest or if there is a change in the mixing proportion during usage. Therefore, for best performance change the coolant regularly as specified in he maintenance schedule.

• Mix only distilled, low mineral water with the antifreeze.

Recommended mixture:

1:1 (Distilled water and antifreeze)

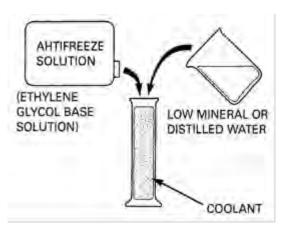
REPLACEMENT/AIR BLEEDING

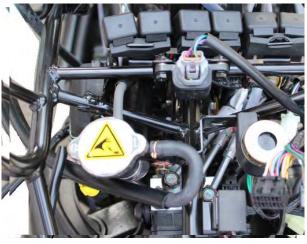
Remove the front cover (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2).

When filling the system or reserve tank with coolant (checking the coolant level), place the scooter in a vertical position on a flat, level surface.

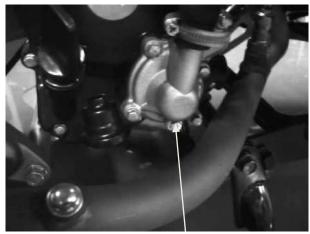
Remove the radiator cap (1).

Remove the drain bolt (2) and drain the coolant from the system.





(1)



(2)

Remove the screw (3) and reserve tank lid (4).



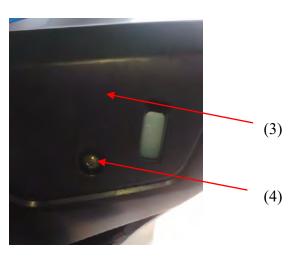
Remove the reserve tank cap and drain the coolant from the reserve tank. Reinstall and tighten the drain bolt securely.

Fill the reserve tank to the upper level line.





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Fill the system with the recommended coolant through the filler opening up to the filler neck (1).

Bleed air from the system as follow:

1. Start the engine and let it idle for 2-3 minutes.

2. Snap the throttle three to four times to bleed air from the system.

3. Stop the engine and add coolant to the proper level if necessary. Reinstall the radiator cap.

4. Check the level of coolant in the reserve tank and fill to the upper level if it is low.



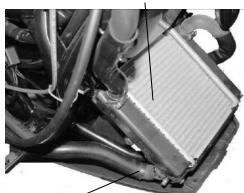
Inspect the radiator soldered joints and seams for leaks.

Blow dirt out from between core fins with compressed air. If insects are clogging the radiator, wash them off. Carefully straighten any bent fins.

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Radiator



Outlet Tube of Reserve Tank

RADIATOR REMOVAL

Drain the coolant. Disconnect the outlet tube of the reserve tank.

Remove the overflow tube clamp and disconnect the overflow tube.

Disconnect the air vent tube from the radiator filler.

Disconnect the fan motor wire coupler.

Loosen the hose band and disconnect the upper hose and lower hose from the radiator.

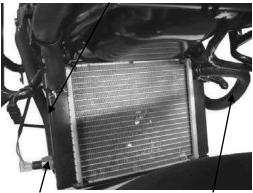
Disconnect the thermostatic switch wire coupler.

Air Vent Tube



Overflow Tube

Outlet Tube of Reserve Tank



Thermostatic Switch

Outlet Tube of Reserve Tank

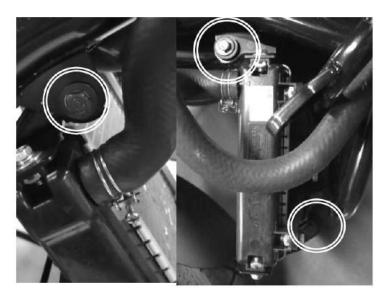
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Remove three nuts (10) and then remove the radiator from frame.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

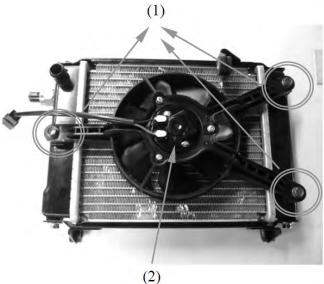
Refill the coolant



FAN MOTOR REMOVAL

Remove the radiator Remove the three mounting bolts (1) and then remove the fan motor (2)



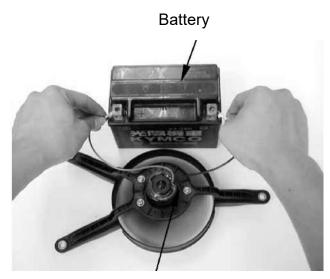


INSPECTION

Check the fan motor to operate using an available battery.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reveres order of removal.



Fan motor

FAN MOTOR SWITCH REMOVAL

Disconnect the fan motor switch connectors Remove the thermostat(1).

INSPECTION

Place the thermal switch in the stove with water as shown and raise the water temperature gradually to check for the temperature at which the starts to operate. If the thermal switch operating temperature is not within the specified range, replace the thermal switch with a new one.

| OFF→ON | Over $88-92^{\circ}$ C |
|--------|--------------------------|
| ON→OFF | Lower 88– 92° C |

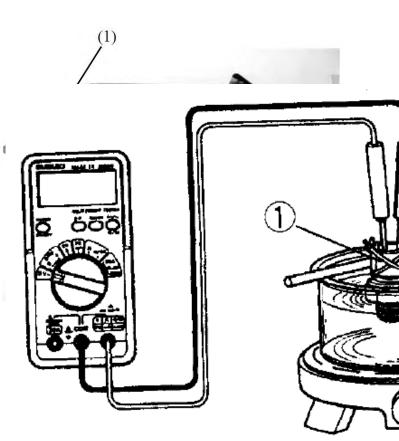
Handle the cooling fan motor switch carefully as it is vulnerable to impact.

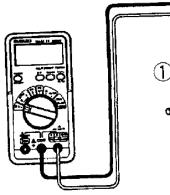
INSTALLATION

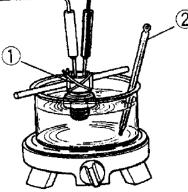
Change a new O-ring. Tighten the cooling fan motor switch to specified torque.

Torque: 1.8 kgf-m (18 N-m, 13 lbf-ft)

- •Replace the O-ring a new one.
 - Do not use grease to the O-ring.







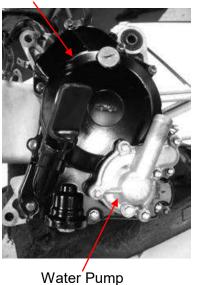
WATER PUMP

MECHANICAL SEAL (WATER SEAL) INSPECTION

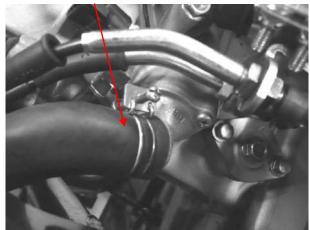
Inspect the telltale hole for signs of mechanical seal coolant leakage.

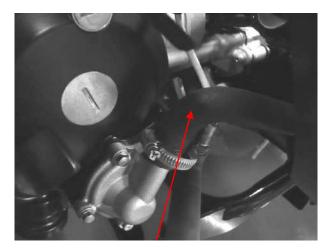
If the mechanical seal is leaking, remove the right crankcase cover and replace the mechanical seal.

Right Crankcase Cover



Outlet Hose





Inlet Hose

WATER PUMP/IMPELLER REMOVAL

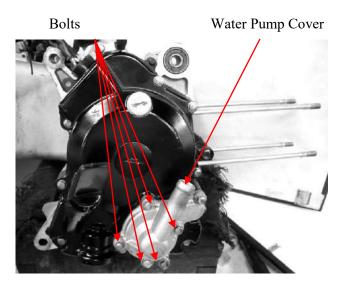
Drain the coolant . Remove the coolant inlet hose and outlet hose.



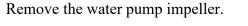
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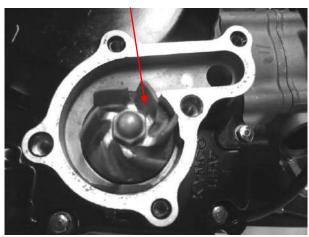
Remove five bolts and the water pump cover, gasket and two dowel pins.



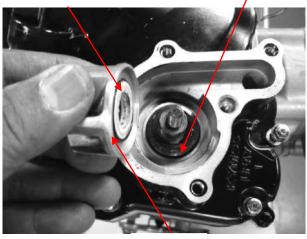
Impeller (Left Hand Threads)



The impeller has left hand threads.



Seal Washer (Porcelain) Mechanical Seal



Impeller

Inspect the mechanical (water) seal and seal washer if wear or damage.

★ The mechanical seal and seal washer must be replace as a set.

⋇

WATER PUMP SHAFT REMOVAL

Disconnect the water hose from the right crankcase cover. Remove five bolts attaching the water pump assembly. Remove the water pump assembly, gasket and dowel pins.



Remove the water pump shaft clip and water pump shaft



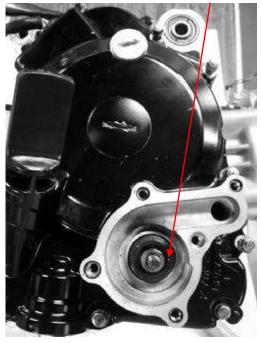
Water pump shaft

Install the dowel pins and a new gasket and then install the water pump assembly to the right crankcase cover.

Tighten five bolts to secure the water pump assembly.

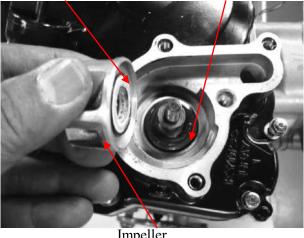
*-When installing the water pump assembly, aligning the groove on the water pump shaft with the tab on the oil pump shaft.

Water Pump Assembly



Seal Washer (Porcelain)

Mechanical Seal



Impeller

WATER PUMP/IMPELLER **INSTALLATION**

When the mechanical seal is replaced, a new seal washer must be installed to the impeller.



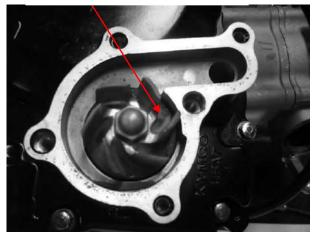
Install the impeller onto the water pump shaft.

Torque: 1.2 kgf-m (12 N-m, 9 lbf-ft)

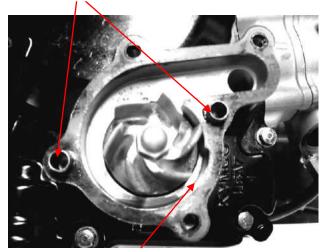
*

The impeller has left hand threads.

Impeller (Left Hand Threads)

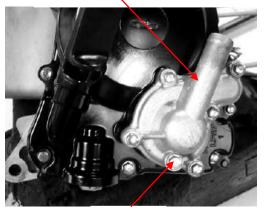






Gasket

Water Pump Cover



Bolt

Install two dowel pins and a new gasket.

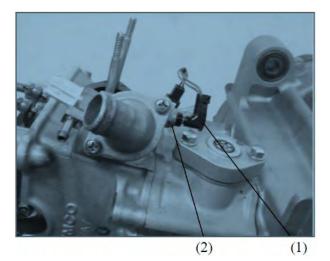
Install the water pump cover and tighten the bolts.

Torque: 1 kgf-m (10 N-m, 7 lbf-ft)

WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR

REMOVAL

Remove the luggage box Drain the coolant Disconnect the water temperature sensor connectors (1). Remove the water temperature sensor (2) from thermostat.



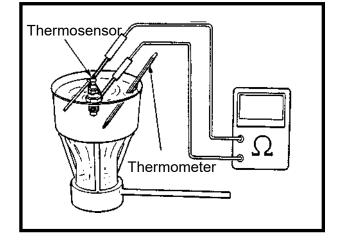
INSPECTION

Connect the water temperature sensor to the ohmmeter and dip it in water contained in a pan which is placed on an electric heater. Gradually raise oil temperature while reading the thermometer in the pan and the ohmmeter connected. If the resistance measured is out of specification, replace the temperature gauge with a new one.

| Temperature | Standard resistance |
|-------------|---------------------|
| 50°C | 133.9178.9 Ω |
| 100°C | 2629.3 Ω |

★ • Handle the water temperature sensor
 ↓ carefully as it is vulnerable to impact.

• Do not allow the water temperature sensor and the thermometer to come in contact with the bottom of the pan.



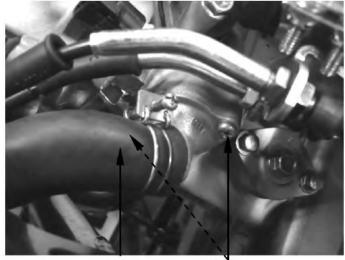
INSTALLATION

Tighten the water temperature sensor. **Torque:** 0.8 kgf-m (8 N-m, 5.8 lbf-ft) Connect the sensor connectors. After the water temperature sensor has been installed, fill coolant and perform air bleeding.

THERMOSTAT THERMOSTAT REMOVAL

REMOVAL

Drain the coolant Remove the luggage box



(1) Bolts

Disconnect the water hose (1) from the thermostat housing.

Remove the mounting bolt (2) and the thermostat housing attaching the cylinder head.

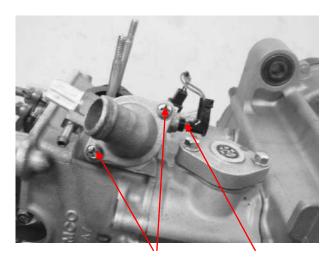
INSTALLATION

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

After the water thermostat has been installed, fill coolant and perform air bleeding .

DISASSEMBLY

Remove two screws and separate the thermostat housing halves.



Screws

Thermosta

Thermosta



Remove the thermostat from the thermostat housing.

INSPECTION

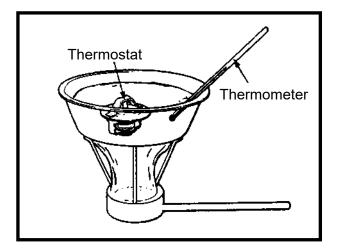
Suspend the thermostat in a pan of water over a burner and gradually raise the water temperature to check its operation.

Technical Data

| Begins to open | 71± 1.5°C |
|----------------|--------------|
| Full-open | 80 °C |
| Valve lift | 3.5mm |

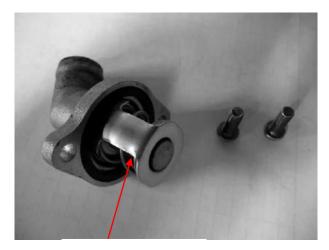
*-

- Do not make the thermostat touch the pan as it will give a false reading.
- Replace the thermostat if the valve stays open at room temperature.
- Test the thermostat after it is opened for about 5 minutes and holds the temperature at 70℃.



ASSEMBLY

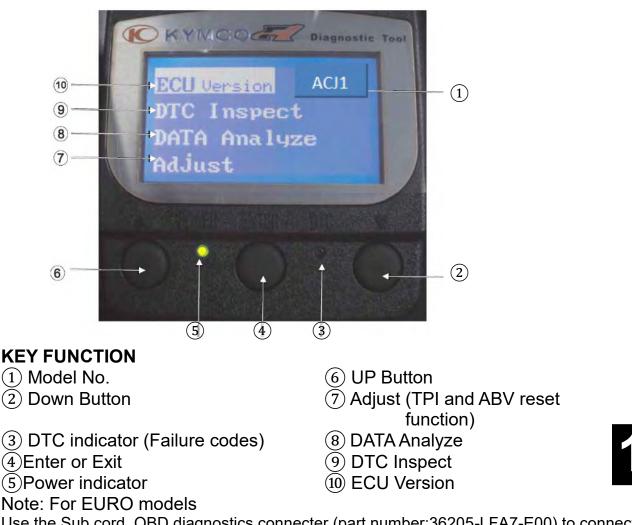
Thermostat assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.



Thermostat Housing



13. Fi DIAGNOSTIC TOOL OPERATION × -1 Fi Diagnostic Tool Operation Instructions Part No. 3620A-LEB2-E00



Use the Sub cord, OBD diagnostics connecter (part number:36205-LFA7-E00) to connect between vehicle and diagnostic tool.



To: Vehicle







| 1. | Fi diagnostic tool outlook | 13-0 |
|----|------------------------------------|------|
| 2. | DTC Inspection Procedure | 13-2 |
| 3. | DTC Clear Procedure | 13-5 |
| 4. | Data Analysis | 13-6 |
| 5. | Adjust | 13-8 |
| 6. | Diagnostic Standard Specifications | 13-9 |



DTC INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Connect Fi diagnostic tool with the connector of harness wire located beside the Battery.



Press the "Enter "button

Check the software version

Press the "Enter" button and then turn to the first page.

ACJ1 C Inspect A Analyze Just

name: b-FA7QKAA **4K0700**

ACJ1

Model

Ware:

Press the "Down" button to enter theDTCInspect.

U Version ACJ1 C Inspect A Analyze ust



X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

Press the "Enter "button to check theDTCnumber

ECU Version ACJ1 DTC Inspect DATA Analyze Adjust

Press the "Enter "button

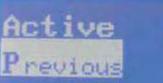
KYMCO Diagnostic Previous DTC Load DTC Clear

Press the "Enter "button

KYMCO Diagnostic Previous Active Occurred History

Display what'sDTCnumber on this DTC-List. Refer toDTCsummary list.

Press the "Enter " button and then turn to the previous page



DTC-List

NO Active DTC

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Press the "UP" button

KYMCO Diagnostic Previous Active Occurred History

KYMCO Diagnostic Previous Active Occurred History

KYMCO Diagnostic Previous DTC Load DTC Clear

Press the "Enter " button and then turn to the first page.

ECU Version ACJ1 DTC Inspect DATA Analyze Adjust

13-4

Press the "Enter " button and then turn to the previous page.

Press the "UP" button



X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

DTC CLEAR PROCEDURE

Choose " Load DTC"

Press the "Down" button

Press the "Enter "button

TheDTCindicator is lighting at that time.

KYMCO Diagnostic Previous DTC Load DTC Clear

KYMCO Diagnostic Previous DTC Load DTC Clear



ClearingDTCcompleted until theDTC indicator is off.

KYMCO Diagnostic

Clearing DTC Completed



DATA ANALYSIS

Choose " Data Analyze "

Press the "Enter " button to enter page 01.

ECU Version ACJ1 DTC Inspect DATA Analyze Adjust

The figure includes engine speed, idle speed setpoint and battery voltage.

Refer to standard specifications .

Press the "Down" button to enter page 02.

KYMCO Diagnose 01 Engine Speed 0rm Idle speed setpoint 0rm Battery Voltage 12.37 V

The figure includesTPS position, TPI idle adapted voltage and TPIWOTadapted (Throttle grip fully opened). Refer to standard specifications . Press the "Down" button to enter page 03.

The figure includes engine working temperature, atmosphere pressure and Manifold pressure. Refer to standard specifications on page 18-9. Press the "Down" button to enter page 04.



| KYMCO Dia9 | nose 03 |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| Temp. | 24 °C |
| Air Temp. Manifold | 25 °C |
| Pressure | 101. 3KPa |



The figure includes fuel injector interval, ignition advance angle and ABV angle.

Refer to standard specifications .

Press the "Down" button to enter page 05.

KYMCO Diagnose 04 Fuel Inj. interval 0ms Ignition advance 5.15 ABU angle 0

The figure includes O2sensor voltage,O2 heater working condition and O2 correction.

Refer to standard specifications .

Press the "Down" button to enter page 06.

The figure includes rollover voltage .

Refer to standard specifications .

Press the "Down" button to enter page 07.

| KYMCO Diagn | ose 05 |
|-------------------------|--------|
| UZ sensor Volta9e | 3.14 V |
| 02 Heater activation | OFF |
| correction | 0% |

KYMCO Diagnose 06 rollover Voltage 0.585 V

The figure includes ECU counter hours. Press the "UP" button to the first page. KYMCO Diagnose 07 ECU counter 0.5 H

ADJUST

Need to make TPI/ABV reset to operate after changing new ECU and clean THROTTLE BODY and changing the engine department product, let ECU set up and set up initially

Choose "Adjust "

Press the " Enter " button to TPI/ABVReset

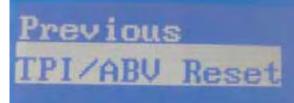
ECU Version ACJ1 DTC Inspect DATA Analyze Adjust

Press the "Enter "button

Please key switch off then key switch on Completed the TPI /ABV reset operate.

KYMCO Diagnostic TPI reset Completed ABV reset Completed Please Key Off -> Key On







Diagnostic Standard Specifications

| ECU No Hardware Ver Software Ver | Data | Reference | Memo |
|--|---|--|---|
| Hardware Ver Software Ver | | | |
| Software Ver | | | ACJ1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Calibration Ver | | | |
| Model Name | | | |
| Active | | | |
| Dccurred | | | |
| History | | | |
| Air Temp.(°C) | | environ.temp ± 2 °C | |
| Engine Temp.(Cooling) | | environ.temp ± 2 °C | |
| Atom. Pressure (Kpa.) | | 101.3 ± 3 kPa | The ambient pressure drop about 12kpa at the altitude every 1000m raised |
| Throttle Position (%) | | Below2.5° / below98° | |
| Throttle Position (V) | 0.2 | 3V ± 0.05 / >3.27V | IDLE/Throttle fully |
| ΓΡΙ Idle Mean (V) | | 0.23±0.05 | IDLE/Throttle fully |
| Battery Volt (V) | | >12 V | |
| dle Speed Set point (RPM) | | | |
| SCAdapMean (°) | | | |
| Cut Out Switch Volt (V) | | 0.4 ~ 1.44 V | 3.7 ~ 4.7 V(Over 65°) |
| Accumulated Eng. Run Time (Hr) | | | |
| EngineSpeed IDLE(rpm) | | 1800 ± 100 rpm | 80~90°C |
| MAPSample (kPa) | | 47 ~ 60 kpa | 80~90°C |
| njection duration (ms) | | 1.3 ~ 2.5 ms | 80~90°C |
| gn. Advance (°) | | 2 ~ 13 BTDC | 80~90°C |
| gn.Dwell duration (ms) | | 1.9 ~ 2.6 ms | |
| Air Temp.(°C) | | environ.temp ±2 °C | |
| Engine Temp. (°C) | | >80 °C | |
| D ² sensor voltage (V) | | 0 ~ 1 V | |
| D ² sensor heater (Yes/no) | | YES | |
| D ² sensor correct | | ±15% | |
| DLE CO(%) | | 0.3 ~ 1.5 % | Engine warm up to 80~90 °C |
| ABVAngDurMech (°) | | <140 ° | >140 ° The scooter with exchang engine oil and clean throttly body >180 ° The scooter must clean throttly body |
| EngineSpeed IDLE(rpm) | | 1800 ± 100 rpm | 80~90°C |
| MAPSample (kPa) | | 47 ~ 60 kpa | 80~90°C |
| njection duration (ms) | | 1.3 ~ 2.5 ms | 80~90°C |
| gn. Advance (°) | | 2 ~ 13 BTDC | 80~90°C |
| gn.Dwell duration (ms) | | 1.9 ~ 2.6 ms | Battery Volt (V) 14V-1.9~2.1ms, 12V-2.5~2.6ms |
| Air Temp.(°C) | | environ.temp ±2 °C | |
| Engine Temp. (°C) | | >80 °C | |
| D ² sensor voltage (V) | | 0 ~ 1 V | |
| D ² sensor heater (Yes/no) | | YES | |
| | | ±15% 0.3 ~ 1.5 % | Engine warm up to 80~90 °C |
| ABVAngDurMech (°) | | <140 ° | >140 ° The scooter with exchang engine oil and clean throttly body >180 ° The scooter must clean throttly body |
| č | | | |
| | hrottle Position (%) hrottle Position (V) PI Idle Mean (V) attery Volt (V) dle Speed Set point (RPM) SCAdapMean (°) aut Out Switch Volt (V) ccumulated Eng. Run Time (Hr) ngineSpeed IDLE(rpm) IAPSample (kPa) njection duration (ms) gn. Advance (°) gn.Dwell duration (ms) ir Temp. (°C) ngine Temp. (°C) P ² sensor voltage (V) P ² sensor correct DLE CO(%) BVAngDurMech (°) ngineSpeed IDLE(rpm) IAPSample (kPa) njection duration (ms) gn. Advance (°) gn.Dwell duration (ms) ir Temp.(°C) ngine Temp. (°C) rigne Speed IDLE(rpm) IAPSample (kPa) njection duration (ms) gn. Advance (°) gn.Dwell duration (ms) ir Temp.(°C) rigne Temp. (°C) P ² sensor voltage (V) P ³ sensor voltage (V) P ³ sensor voltage (V) P ³ sensor voltage (V) P ³ sensor voltage (V) P ⁴ sensor heater (Yes/no) P ⁴ sensor correct DLE CO(%) | hrottle Position (%) 0.2 hrottle Position (V) 0.2 PI Idle Mean (V) 0.2 attery Volt (V) 0.2 de Speed Set point (RPM) 0.2 SCAdapMean (°) 0.2 stut Out Switch Volt (V) 0.2 ccumulated Eng. Run Time (Hr) 0.1 ngineSpeed IDLE(rpm) 10 tAPSample (kPa) 0.1 njection duration (ms) 0.1 gn. Advance (°) 0.1 gn. Advance (°) 0.1 ngine Temp. (°C) 0.1 ngine Temp. (°C) 0.2 sensor voltage (V) 0.2 s² sensor correct 0.1 DLE CO(%) 10 BVAngDurMech (°) 10 ngineSpeed IDLE(rpm) 10 tAPSample (kPa) 10 njection duration (ms) 10 ngine Temp. (°C) 10 sensor voltage (V) </td <td>hrottle Position (%)Below2.5° / below98° hrottle Position (V)PI dle Mean (V)$0.23 \pm 0.05 / > 3.27 V$PI dle Mean (V)$0.23 \pm 0.05 / > 3.27 V$PI dle Mean (V)$0.23 \pm 0.05 / > 3.27 V$attery Volt (V)$0.23 \pm 0.05 / > 3.27 V$dle Speed Set point (RPM)SCAdapMean (°)sut Out Switch Volt (V)$0.4 \sim 1.44 V$ccumulated Eng. Run Time (Hr)ngineSpeed IDLE(rpm)1800 $\pm 100 rpm$tAPSample (kPa)47 ~ 60 kpanjection duration (ms)$1.3 \sim 2.5 ms$nn. Advance (°)$2 \sim 13 BTDC$gn.Dwell duration (ms)$1.9 \sim 2.6 ms$ir Temp. (°C)environ.temp $\pm 2^{\circ}C$ngine Temp. (°C)>80 °C2^{2} sensor voltage (V)$0 \sim 1 V$$2^{2}$ sensor correct$\pm 15\%$DLE CO(%)$0.3 \sim 1.5 \%$BVAngDurMech (°)$1.3 \sim 2.5 ms$nn. Advance (°)$2 \sim 13 BTDC$nn. Advance (°)$2 \sim 13 BTDC$nn Advance (°)$1.3 \sim 2.5 ms$nn Advance (°)$2 \sim 13 BTDC$nn Advance (°)$2 \sim 13 BTDC$nn Advance (°)$1.3 \sim 2.5 ms$nn. Advance (°)$1.9 \sim 2.6 ms$ir Temp. (°C)environ.temp $\pm 2^{\circ}C$ngine Temp. (°C)>80 °C2^{2} sensor voltage (V)$0 \sim 1 V$$2^{2}$ sen</td> | hrottle Position (%)Below2.5° / below98° hrottle Position (V)PI dle Mean (V) $0.23 \pm 0.05 / > 3.27 V$ PI dle Mean (V) $0.23 \pm 0.05 / > 3.27 V$ PI dle Mean (V) $0.23 \pm 0.05 / > 3.27 V$ attery Volt (V) $0.23 \pm 0.05 / > 3.27 V$ dle Speed Set point (RPM)SCAdapMean (°)sut Out Switch Volt (V) $0.4 \sim 1.44 V$ ccumulated Eng. Run Time (Hr)ngineSpeed IDLE(rpm)1800 $\pm 100 rpm$ tAPSample (kPa)47 ~ 60 kpanjection duration (ms) $1.3 \sim 2.5 ms$ nn. Advance (°) $2 \sim 13 BTDC$ gn.Dwell duration (ms) $1.9 \sim 2.6 ms$ ir Temp. (°C)environ.temp $\pm 2^{\circ}C$ ngine Temp. (°C)>80 °C 2^{2} sensor voltage (V) $0 \sim 1 V$ 2^{2} sensor correct $\pm 15\%$ DLE CO(%) $0.3 \sim 1.5 \%$ BVAngDurMech (°) $1.3 \sim 2.5 ms$ nn. Advance (°) $2 \sim 13 BTDC$ nn. Advance (°) $2 \sim 13 BTDC$ nn Advance (°) $1.3 \sim 2.5 ms$ nn Advance (°) $2 \sim 13 BTDC$ nn Advance (°) $2 \sim 13 BTDC$ nn Advance (°) $1.3 \sim 2.5 ms$ nn. Advance (°) $1.9 \sim 2.6 ms$ ir Temp. (°C)environ.temp $\pm 2^{\circ}C$ ngine Temp. (°C)>80 °C 2^{2} sensor voltage (V) $0 \sim 1 V$ 2^{2} sen |



FUEL SYSTEM (Auto Control Fuel Injection System)

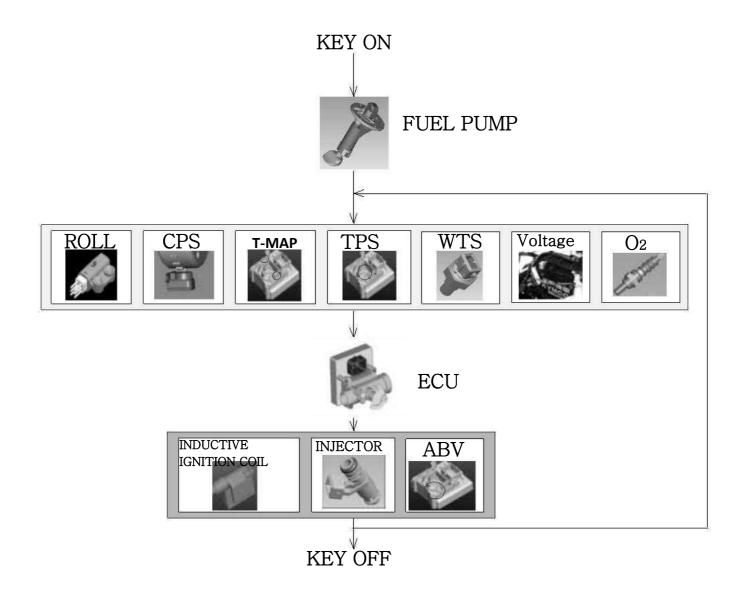
| SYSTEM DIAGRAM | 14-1 |
|-----------------------------------|-------|
| SYSTEM LOCATION 1 | 14-2 |
| SERVICE INFORMATION 1 | 14-3 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING 1 | 14-4 |
| CHECK ENGINE LAMP (CELP) 1 | 14-5 |
| HOW TO SHOW THE FAILURE CODE 1 | 14-6 |
| CELP FAILURE CODES CHART 1 | 14-7 |
| MAINTAINING BY CHECKING COMPONENT | 14-11 |
| MAINTAINING SPECIAL NOTICE 1 | 4-16 |
| MAINTAINING RESET 1 | 4-17 |
| DIAGNOSTIC RECORD SHEET 1 | 14-18 |



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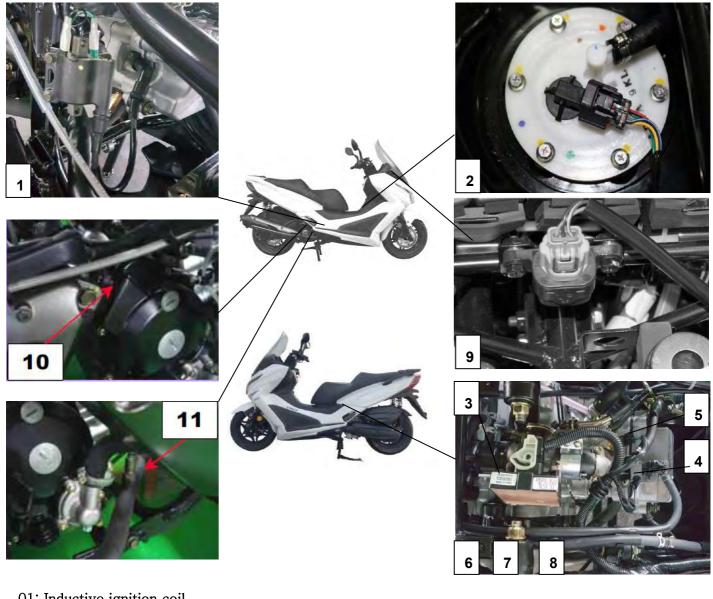


SYSTEM DIAGRAM





SYSTEM LOCATION



- 01: Inductive ignition coil
- 02: Fuel pump 03: ECU
- 04: Fuel injector
- 05: WTS sensor 06: T-MAP sensor
- 07: ABV
- 08: TPS
- 09: Roll sensor(Angle detect sensor)
- 10: CPS
- 11: O2/O2 HT sensor

KYMCO

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Gasoline is very dangerous. When working with gasoline, keep sparks and flames away from the working area.
 Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Be sure to work in a well-ventilated area.

*Disconnect the cables of the battery when the engine is running, which could lead to ECU damage.

*Connect the harness positive (+) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal or connect the Harness negative (-) to the battery positive (+) terminal, which could lead to ECU damage.

*Always keep fuel over 750 cc in fuel tank.

SPECIFICATIONS

| Item | | | Standard | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Charging voltage of battery | | | 13.5~14.5V | |
| Voltage from | n the ECl | J to sensor | 5±0.1V | |
| Fuel injecto | r resistan | ce (20°C/68°F) | 10.6~15.9Ω | |
| Water temperature sensor resistance | | | 2.075±10 KΩ (20~30°C) | |
| Throttle pos | ition sens | or voltage | Idle (0°)=0.23±0.05V | |
| | | | Throttle fully (90° /3.27V over) | |
| Fuel pump resistance (20°C/68°F) | | | F: about 1100Ω E: about 100Ω | |
| O2 sensor heater resistance | | | 6.7~9.5Ω | |
| O2 sensor | Voltago | Air/Fuel<14.7 (Rich) | >0.7V | |
| | Voltage | Air/Fuel>14.7 (Lean) | <0.18V | |

| Item | Standard |
|--|--|
| Crank position sensor (Pulser) resistance (20°C/68°F) | 95~144Ω |
| Inductive ignition coil resistance (20°C/68° | Secondary: 10.42~14.49K Ω |
| Roll sensor voltage (diagnostics) | Normal: 0.3~1.4V Over 65° fall down: 3.5~4.7V |
| Idle speed | 1800±100 rpm |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine won't startBackfiring or misfiriBattery voltage tooIgnition system mailIowFuel level too lowIgnition system mailPinched or clogged fuel hosePoor performanceFaulty fuel pump operating systemfuel economyClogged fuel filter (fuel pump)Pinched or cloggedClogged fuel injectorFaulty fuel injectorFaulty spark plug or wrong typeCut by ECU due to angle detect sensor or incorrect function

Backfiring or misfiring during acceleration Ignition system malfunction

KYMCO

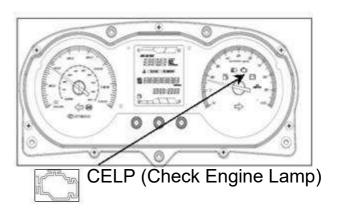
Poor performance (drive ability) and poor fuel economy Pinched or clogged fuel hose Faulty fuel injector

Engine stall, hard to start, rough idling Intake air leak Fuel contaminated/deteriorated Pinched or clogged fuel hose Idle speed misadjusted



CHECK ENGINE LAMP (CELP)

- *When turning on the switch, the lamp will be lighted for 2 seconds then off. Let user to know the lamp is available and connect to ECU.
- *But after then or during riding, if the CELP start to blink or keep lighting, it means something wrong with this vehicle, you better do the further check to find out the failure code to know which part get trouble
- *There are 3 kinds of priority grade let user to know what kind of trouble was happened.
 - *Priority grade 1: CELP blinks continuously. This is the most emergent situation like engine over heat. User better slow down the riding and go to dealer for checking.
 - *Priority grade 2: ČELP lights all the time. It means components get trouble or circuit something wrong. Do the further check to find out the failure code to know which part get trouble.
 - *Priority grade 3: CELP just blinks once suddenly and then disappear. It sometimes just warning like the RPM was too high in a short term.



| PRIORITY | LAMP ACTION | |
|----------|-------------|--|
| 1 | ON OFF | |
| 2 | | |
| 3 | ON OFF | |



How To Show Failure Code

*You can read the failure code by as below :

*Turn switch on. The CELP will be lighted for 2 seconds then off. The CELP start to blink to show the failure codes (The number of blinks from 1 to 25). *If vehicle got more than one failure code, the CELP will be shown from lower number failure code and then show the other higher number one after four seconds. All the failure codes would be shown repeatedly.

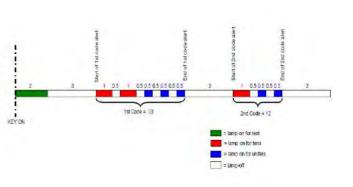
How To Reset Failure Code

*After repairing the trouble, you should clear the failure code or it will still exist in the ECU memory. When you maintain this vehicle next time, it will show again and you get confuse.

*Turn switch on. The CELP will be lighted for two seconds then off.

*The CELP begins to blink to show the failure codes.

*The self-diagnosis memory data will be erased when all the failure codes has showed for 4 cycles.



CELP Failure Code Chart(1)

| Blink | Failure Codes | Fault description | Priority | Fault management |
|-------|------------------|--|----------|--|
| 1 | P0217 | Engine temperature overheat | 1 | Slow down the vehicle and go to workshop for checking immediately. Confirm if the engine temperature sensor or electriccircuit is abnormality. |
| 2 | P0335 | Crankshaft position sensor or circuit malfunction | 2 | Check if the connector of crankshaft position Sensor Is loosen. Check if the Rotor is align with Crankshaft positionsensor during the crankshaft running. |
| 3 | P1120 | Throttle position sensor setting value problem | 2 | Make sure if the connector of Throttle position Sensor is connected correctly. Check if the Throttle position sensor is adjusted. |
| 4 | P1121 | Throttle position sensor output range problem | 2 | Make sure if the connector of Throttle position sensoris connected correctly. Check if the Throttle position sensor is adjusted. |



CELP Failure Code Chart(2)

| Blink | Failure Codes | Fault description | Priority | Fault management |
|-------|------------------|--|----------|---|
| 5 | P1122 | Throttle position sensor movement speed problem | 2 | Make sure if the connector of Throttle position sensor is connected correctly. Check if theThrottle position sensor is adjusted. |
| 6 | P0560 | Battery voltage malfunction | 1 | Check if the battery voltage is lower or higher. Check if the charge system is malfunction. |
| 7 | P0110 | Inlet air temperature sensor or electric circuit malfunction | 2 | Check if the connector of Inlet air Temperature sensor loosen. Check if the resistance of sensor is normal . |
| 8 | P0410 | Idle air valve or electric circuit malfunction | 2 | Check if the connector of Idle air valve loosen. Check if the resistance ofvalve is normal. |
| 9 | P0505 | Idle speed volume control range | 2 | Check if the opening angle is over 180 for Idle air valve. Check if the opening angle is malfunction. |
| 10 | P0251 | Injector or electric circuit | 2 | Check if the connector of Injector is loosen. Check if the ECU send signal to Injector. Check if the power source and resistance of Injector are malfunction. |

CELP Failure Code Chart(3)

| Blink | Failure Codes | Fault description | Priority | Fault management |
|-------|------------------|--|----------|--|
| 11 | P0350 | Ignition coil or electric circuit malfunction | 2 | Check if the connector of ignition coil is loosen. Check if the ECU send signal to Ignition coil. The power source and resistance is malfunction. |
| 12 | P0230 | Fuel pump relay or electric circuit malfunction | 2 | Check if the connector of relay is loosen. Check if the ECU send signal to relay. Check the fuel pump relay resistance |
| 13 | P0219 | Engine speed is over than top speed | 2 | Check if the belt of CVT is broken. |
| 14 | P1560 | Sensor don't receive power source from ECU | 2 | Check if ECU output DC5V to sensor. Check if the power source of all sensor is DC5V. Replace a new ECU if the CELP still blinks even the output power source of ECU is normal. |
| 15 | P0700 | Engine starting speed exceed CVT speed limited | 2 | Check if the throttle wire locked. Check if the position of throttle screw is correct. Check if the belt of CVT is broken. |
| 16 | P0115 | Engine temperature sensor of electric circuit malfunction | r 2 | Check if the connector of sensor is loosen. Check if ECU pin is broken. Check if the resistance of sensor is malfunction. |
| 17 | P1561 | Temperature gauge electric circuit malfunction | 2 | Don't use it at present. |



CELP Failure Code Chart(4)

| Blink | Failure Codes | Fault description | Priority | Fault management |
|-------|------------------|---|----------|--|
| 18 | P0650 | CELP electric circuit malfunction | 3 | Check if the lamp of CELP is broken. Check if wires of CELP is broken. |
| 21 | P0105 | Atmospheric Pressure Sensor or electric Circuit Malfunction | 2 | Check if the connector of sensor is loosen. Check if ECU pin is broken. Check if voltage of sensor is fit in specification. |
| 22 | P1110 | Roll sensor or electric circuit malfunction | 2 | Check if the sensor installation direction is correct. Check if voltage of sensor is fit in specification. Check if ECU pin is broken. |
| 23 | P0136 | O2 sensor malfunction | 1 | Check if the connector of sensor is loosen. Check if ECU pin is broken. |
| 24 | P0141 | O2 sensor heater malfunction | 1 | Check if the connector of sensor is loosen. Check if ECU pin is broken. Check if the resistance of sensor is malfunction. |
| 25 | P0171 | O2 sensor electric circuit malfunction | 1 | Check if the connector of sensor is loosen. Check if O2 sensor is blocked. Don't follow a routine maintenance. |

Maintaining By Checking Component

ECU(Engine Control Unit)

Outlook checking



OKYMCO

X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS



Voltage inspection Connect the meter (+) probe to the F4(R/W)wire and the meter (-) probe to the H4(G/B) wire to measure the voltage.

MAP content (edition issue no.)

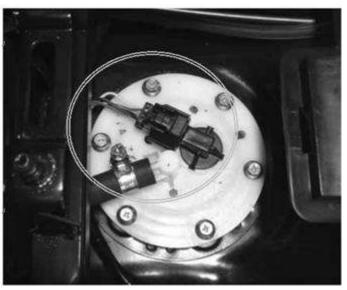
Model A7QKAA ware: **QK0700**



FUEL PUMP

Connect the meter (+) probe to the red/black wire and the meter (-) probe to the green wire to measure the voltage from the ECU input to fuel pump unit.

Standard : 8~16 V (Battery volt) Measure the resistance of the fuel pump to see if it is short circuit or not.





14. FUEL SYSTEM (Auto Control Fuel Injection System) X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

T-MAP(Manifold Air Temperature Pressure) Sensor

Connect the PDA or KYMCO Fi diagnostic tool. Into the Data Analyze item .

Check if the manifold pressure datais malfunction.

(Key switch ON but engine is not start) If data was incorrect.

It is possible T-map sensor is not normal.

Standard : 101.3 ±3 kpa(see level)

The ambient pressure drop about 12Kpa at the altitude every raised.

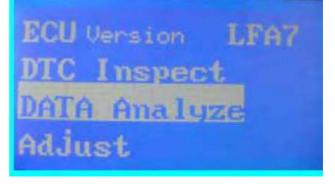
ECU Version LFA7 DTC Inspect DATA Analyze Adjust

KYMCO

KYMCO Diagnose 03 Engine Temp. 24°C Air Temp. 25°C Manifold Pressure 101.3KPA

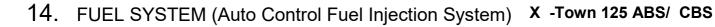
TPS(Throttle Position Sensor) Connect the PDA or KYMCO Fi diagnostic tool.

Into the Data Analyze item . Check if the TPS position data is malfunction. (Key switch ON but engine is not start) If data was incorrect.(Idle and throttle fully) It is possible TPS is not normal.



Standard :Idle ~0 ° voltage~0.23V ±0.05 Throttle fully~90°over voltage~3.27V over





WTS (Water Temperature Sensor) Connect the meter (+) probe to the V/G wire and the meter (-) probe to the G/L wire to measure the voltage

Standard : 5±0.25 V

Measure the resistance of the WTS

Standard (20°C/68°F): 2.075±10%kΩ



KYMCO



INJECTOR Measure the resistance of the Injector Standard ($20^{\circ}C/68^{\circ}F$): $10.6 \sim 15.9\Omega$







14. FUEL SYSTEM (Auto Control Fuel Injection System) X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

O2 SENSOR

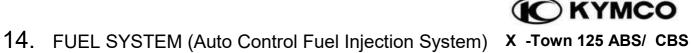
Measure the resistance of the O2 sensor heater. (2 white wire pin)

Standard (20°C/68°F): 6.7 ~9.5Ω



Connect the PDA or KYMCO Fi diagnostic tool. Into the Data Analyze item . Check Page 05 (Key switch ON then start engine until O2 heater activation is ON) If data was incorrect. It is possible O2 sensor is not normal





ROLL SENSOR

The engine should be stall when the vehicle incline over 65° for safety. When you place the vehicle back to normal situation, you have to key-off and key-on the switch, then it can be restarted.

Standard: Normal: 0.4~1.4V OVER 65°: 3.7~4.4 V

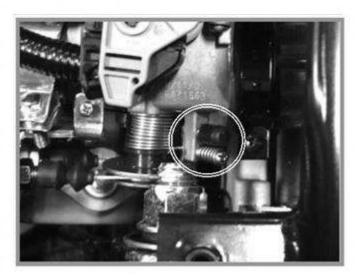






Maintaining Special Notice

Never adjust those two TP screws, those were adjusted to be the best condition by KYMCO, if change this condition it may cause instable riding.



TP screws

X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

14. FUEL SYSTEM (Auto Control Fuel Injection System) X -To

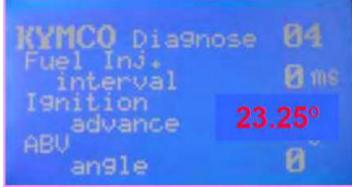
Connect the PDA or KYMCO Fi diagnostic tool. Into the Data Analyze item .

Check if the ignition advance data is malfunction.

(Key switch is ON then start engine until 80 $^\circ$ C) If data was $\,$ over 20 $^\circ$

you can adjustment the air bypass adjustment screw 1~1.5 circle.(counterclockwise)

Don't adjust the air bypass adjustment screw over 1.5 circle.





15.HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/

15

HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/ FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER/STEERING STEM

| SERVICE INFORMATION 15- 1 | |
|----------------------------|---|
| TROUBLESHOOTING 15- 2 |) |
| HANDLEBAR 15- 3 | |
| FRONT WHEEL 15-7 | |
| FRONT BRAKE FLUID 15-11 | |
| FRONT BRAKE PAD 15-15 |) |
| BRAKE DISC INSPECTION 15-1 | 7 |
| FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER 15-1 | 8 |
| STEERING STEM 15-19 |) |

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- * Remove the motorcycle frame covers before removing the front wheel, steering handlebar, front shock absorber and front fork. Jack the motorcycle front wheel off the ground and be careful to prevent the motorcycle from falling down.
- * During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake pads and brake disk.

| SPEC | FICATIO | NS |
|------|---------|----|
| | | |

Unit: mm

| • = • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| Item | Standard | |
| Brake disk thickness | 3.9~4.1 (0.156~0.164) | |
| Brake disk runout | | |
| Brake master cylinder I.D. | 12.7~12.74 (0.508~0.5096) | |
| Brake master cylinder piston O.D. | 12.65~12.68 (0.506~0.5072) | |
| Brake caliper piston O.D. | 26.93~26.96 (1.077~1.0784) | |
| Brake caliper cylinder I.D. | 27~27.05 (1.08~1.082) | |

TORQUE VALUES

| Handlebar lock nut Steering stem lock nut Steering stem pinch bolt Front axle | 45 N•M (4.5 kgf•m,) 63 N•M (6.3 kgf•m,) 27 N•M (2.7 kgf•m) 20 N•M (2.0 kgf•m,) |
|--|--|
| Master cylinder reservoir cover screw | w1.6N•M (0.16 kgf•m) |
| Master cylinder holder bolt | 12 N•M (1.2 kgf•m) |
| Brake lever pivot bolt | 2 N•M (0.2 kgf•m) |
| Brake lever pivot nut Brake light switch screw | 10 N•M (1 kgf•m,) 1 N•M (0.1 kgf•m,) |
| Brake caliper mounting bolt | 35 N•M (3.5 kgf•m,) |
| | ALOC bolt: replace with a new one. |
| Brake caliper bleed screw | 5.5N•M (0.55 kgf•m) |
| Brake hose oil bolt | 35 N•M (3.5 kgf•m) |
| | |

SPECIAL TOOLS

| Lock nut wrench | A120F00002 |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| Oil seal and bearing installer | A120E00014 |
| Bearing piller | A120E00037 |
| Lock nut wrench | A120F00023 |
| Ball Cone Remover | A120F00009 |
| Ball Cone Installer | A120F00009 |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Hard steering (heavy)

Front wheel wobbling Excessively tightened steering stem top Bent rim cone race Loose front axle Broken steering balls Bent spoke plate Insufficient tire pressure Faulty tire Steers to one side or does not track straight Improperly tightened axle nut Uneven front shock absorbers Soft front shock absorber Bent front fork Weak shock springs Bent front axle or uneven tire Insufficient damper oil Poor brake performance Front shock absorber noise Worn brake pads Slider bending Contaminated brake pad surface Loose fork fasteners Deformed brake disk Lack of lubrication Air in brake system Deteriorated brake fluid Worn brake master cylinder piston oil seal Clogged brake fluid line Unevenly worn brake caliper

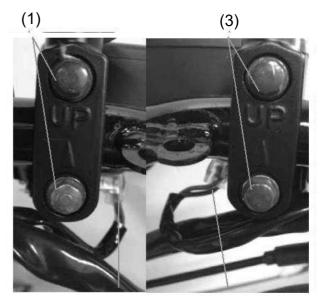
HANDLEBAR

REMOVAL

Remove the lower handlebar cover and front cover (refer to the "FRAME COVERS **REMOVAL/INSTALLATION**" section in the chapter 2).

Remove the two bolts (1) and disconnect the brake light switch wire (2), then remove the rear brake master cylinder. Remove the two bolts (3) and disconnect the brake light switch wire (4), then remove the

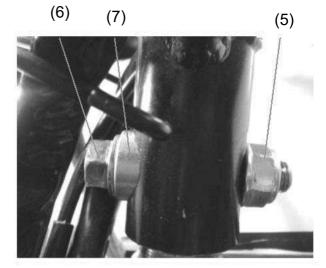
front brake master cylinder.



(4)

(2)

Remove the handlebar lock nut (5) and take out the bolt (6). Remove the handlebar and collar (7).



15.HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/

INSTALLATION

Install the handlebar onto the steering stem and install the handlebar collar, lock nut and bolt.

Tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 4.5 kgf-m (45 N-m, 32 lbf-ft)



Install the front and rear master cylinders and connect the brake light switch wires

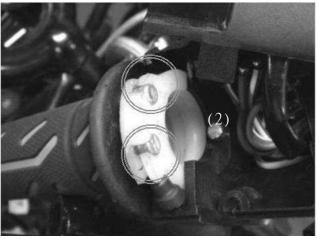


DISASSEMBLY

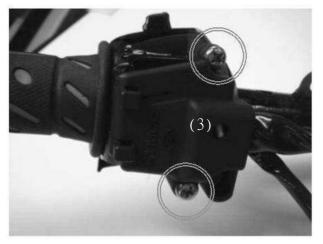
Remove two screws (1) attaching right handlebar switch.



Disconnect the throttle cable (2) attaching the throttle grip. Remove the right headlight switch.



Remove two screws (3) and then remove the turn light switch.



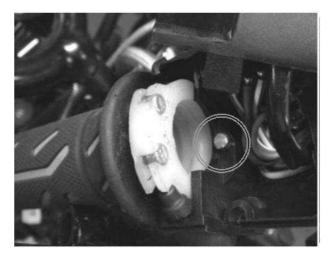
ASSEMBLY

Install the turn light switch.

 \star Align the pin on the turn light switch | with the hole on the handlebar.

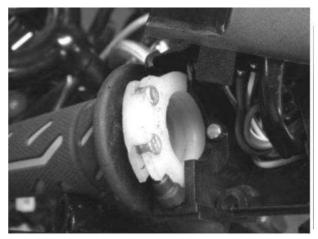
Install the headlight switch.

 \star Align the pin on the headlight switch | with the hole on the handlebar.



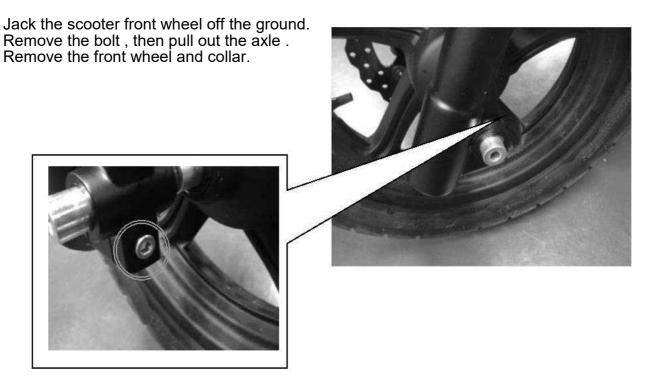
Lubricate the throttle grip front end with grease and then connect the throttle cable to the throttle grip.

Install and tighten the two screws.



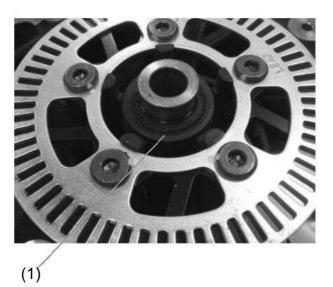
FRONT WHEEL

REMOVAL

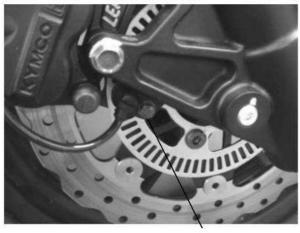


INSTALLATION

Apply grease to the collar (1), then install the collar onto the wheel.



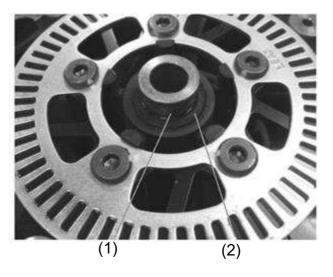
Install the speedometer speed wheel sensor(2)



(2)

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the side collar (1) and dust seal (2).



Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger to see if they turn smoothly and quietly. Also check if the outer race fits tightly in the hub.

Replace the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if they fit loosely in the hub.

Remove the front wheel bearing (3) by using the special tool.

Special tool:

Bearing puller

A120E00037

Remove the distance collar from wheel.



(3)

15.HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/

Remove the front wheel bearing (5) by using the special tool.

Special tool:

Bearing puller

A120E00037

ASSEMBLY

Install the front wheel bearing (5) by using the special tool.

Special tool:

Bearing installer A120E00014

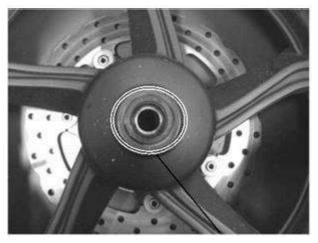
Install the distance collar.

Install the front wheel bearing (5) by using the special tool.

Special tool:

Bearing installer

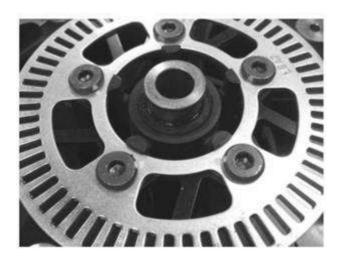
A120E00014



(5)



Apply grease to the collar, then install the collar onto the wheel.



(5)

FRONT BRAKE FLUID

FLUID REPLACEMENT/AIR BLEEDING

- A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.
 - Do not allow foreign material to enter the system when filling the reservoir.
 - Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.

Once the hydraulic system has been opened, or if the brake feels spongy, the system must bled. When using a commercially available brake bleeder, follow the manufacturer's operating instructions.

15.HANDLEBAR/FRONT WHEEL/FRONT BRAKE/

Brake fluid draining

Make sure that the master cylinder parallel to the ground, before removing the reservoir cover.

Remove the two screws (1).

Remove the reservoir cover , diaphragm plate and diaphragm .



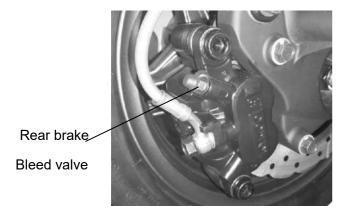
Connect a bleed hose to the bleed valve.

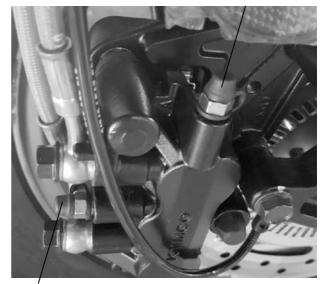


Master front brake tube bleed valve

To replace front brake fluid,connect a bleed hose to the Master front brake Tube bleed valve.

To replace rear brake fluid,connect a bleed hose to the Secondary front brake tube bleed valve,after it bleeds out,connect a bleed hose to the rear brake bleed valve,and drain the brake fluid out.

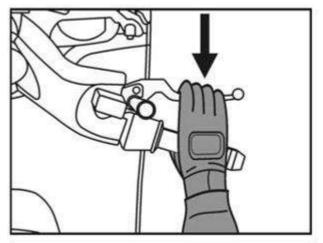




Secondary front brake tube bleed valve

Loosen the bleed valve and pump the brake lever.

Stop operating the brake when no more fluid flows out of the bleed valve.



Brake fluid filling/Air bleeding

Do not mix different types of fluid since they are not compatible.

Fill the master cylinder with DOT 4 brake fluid to the upper level.

Connect a commercially available brake bleeder to the front caliper bleed valve.

Check the fluid level while bleeding the brake to prevent air from being pumped into the system.

When using a brake bleeding tool, follow the manufacture's operating instructions.

Pump the brake bleeder and loosen the front caliper bleed valve. Add fluid when the fluid level in the master cylinder is low to prevent drawing air into the system.

Repeat the above procedures until no air bubbles appear in the brake hose.

Close the front caliper bleed valve and operate the front brake lever.

If it still spongy, bleed the system again.

If the brake bleeder is not available, perform the following procedure.

Pump up the system pressure with the brake lever until these are not air bubbles in the fluid flowing out of the reservoir small hole and lever resistance is felt.

1. Pump the brake lever several times, then squeeze the brake lever all the way and loosen the bleed valve 1/4 turn. Wait several seconds and close the bleed valve.

Do not release the brake lever until the bleed valve has been closed.

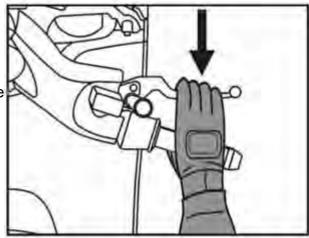
- Release the brake lever slowly until the bleed valve has been closed. Add fluid when the fluid level in the master cylinder is low to prevent drawing air into the system.
 - Repeat the steps 1 2 until there are no air bubbles in the bleed hose.

After bleeding air completely, tighten the bleed valve to the specified torque.

Torque: 6 N•m (0.6 kgf•m, 4.3 lbf•ft) Fill the reservoir to the casting ledge with DOT 4 brake fluid to the upper level.

Install the diaphragm, set plate and reservoir cover and tighten the screws to the specified torque.

Torque: 2 N•m (0.2 kgf•m, 1.1 lbf•ft)





FRONT BRAKE PAD

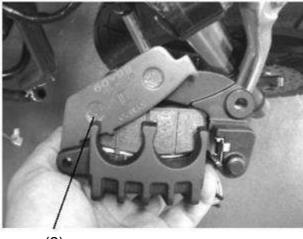
BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT

Remove two caliper mounting bolts (1), then remove the caliper.



(1)

Remove the brake pads(2).

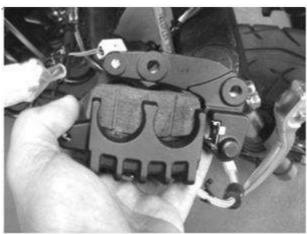


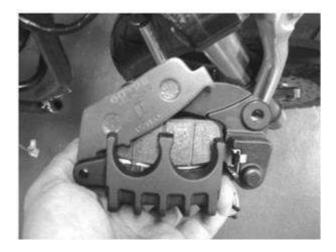
(2)

* Always replace the brake pads in pairs to ensure even disc pressure.



Install new pads so that their ends rest on the pad retainer on the brake properly.





Install the pad pin by pushing the pads against the pad spring to align the pad pin holes in the pads and caliper.

Install the front caliper onto the fork leg and then install and tighten the new two caliper mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 35 N-m (3.5 kgf-m)

Tighten the pad pins to the specified torque.

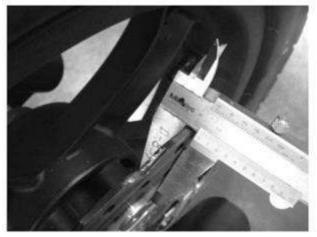
Torque: 18 N-m (1.8 kgf-m, 13 lbf-ft)



BRAKE DISC INSPECTION

Visually inspect the brake disc for damage or cracks. Measure the brake disc thickness.

Service limits: 3 mm (0.12 in)



FRONT SHOCK ABSORBER

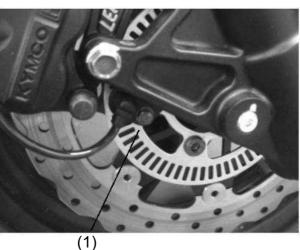
REMOVAL

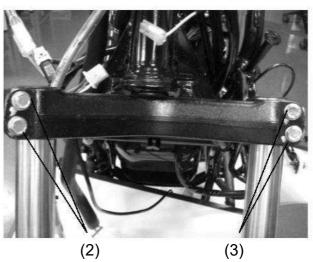
Remove the front cover and front fender. (refer to the "FRAME CVOERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION" section in the chapter 2). Remove the front brake caliper

Remove the front wheel

Remove the speed wheel sensor bolt (1) and then remove the brake hose guide from right front shock absorber.

Remove two mounting bolts (2) and then remove the right front shock absorber. Remove two mounting bolts (3) and then remove the left front shock absorber.





INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

 \star Tighten the shock absorber mounting | bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 2.7 kgf-m (27 N-m, 19 lbf-ft)

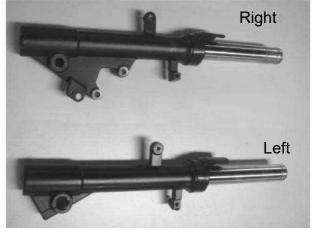
INSPECTION

Inspect the following items and replace if necessary.

- □Front shock absorber tube bending, damage or wear
- □Weak front shock absorber spring
- $\Box \textsc{Damper}$ and damper rod bending

□Oil seal damage or wear

Specified Oil: SS#8 Oil Capacity: 185 cc



REMOVAL

Remove the steering handlebar Remove the front shock absorber

Remove the front brake hose and speed wheel Sensor connector





Hold the steering stem top cone race and remove the steering stem lock nut by using the special tool.

Special tool:

Lock nut wrench

A120F00002



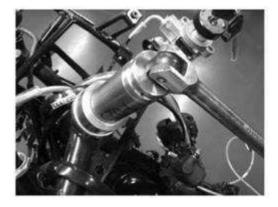
Remove the top cone race and washer remove the steering stem.

Lock Nut Wrench



Special tool:

Lock nut wrench A120F00023



Inspect the ball races, cone races and steel balls for wear or damage. Replace if necessary.

Remove the top balls. Remove the upper ball race by using a chisel if necessary. Ball



Top Ball Cone Race

Remove the bottom balls. Remove the bottom ball race by using a pipe if necessary. **Bottom Ball Race**



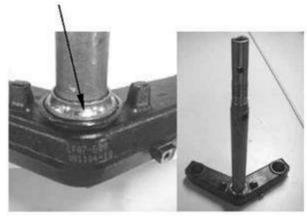
Bottom Balls

Remove the bottom cone race by using a chisel if necessary.

*

Be careful not to damage the steering stem.

Bottom Cone Race



INSTALLATION

Install the new bottom cone race onto the steering stem.

Install the new upper and bottom ball races into the frame.

Apply grease to the top and bottom ball races and install new steel balls on the top ball race and new steel balls on the bottom ball race. Install the steering stem.



Apply grease to the top cone race and install it.

Tighten the top cone race and then turn the steering stem right and left several times to make steel balls contact each other closely.

*

Check that the steering stem rotates freely without vertical play.

Special tool:

Lock nut wrench

A120F00023

Install the steering stem lock nut and tighten it to the specified torque by using the special tool while holding the top cone race.

Torque: 7 kgf-m (70 N-m)

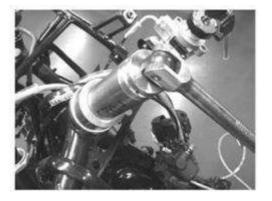
Special tool:

Lock nut wrench

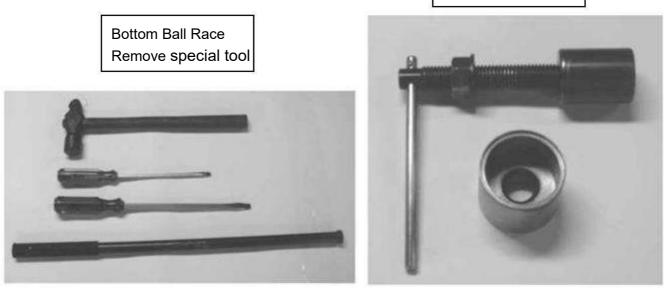
A120F00002





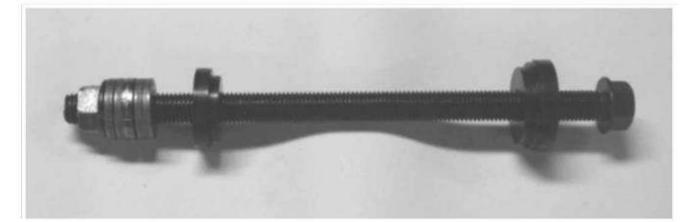


Top Ball Cone Race Remove special tool



A120 F00009

Bottom Ball Race Install special tool Top Ball Cone Race Install special tool



A120 F00019

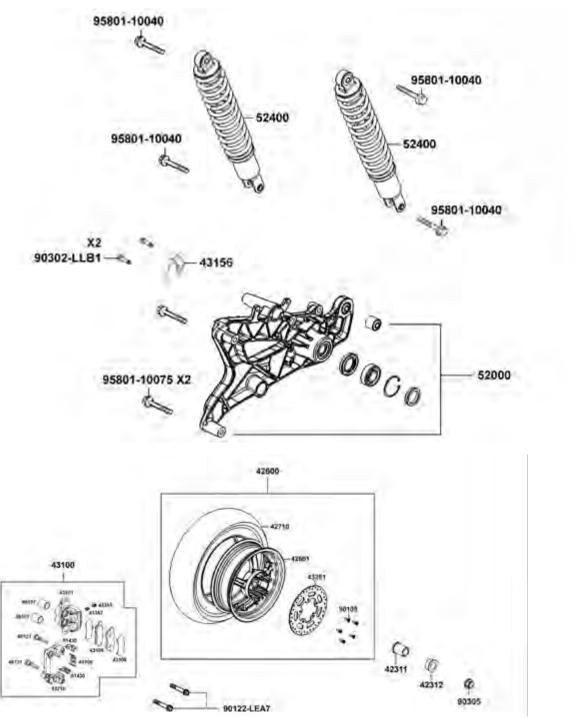
Rear Assembly

REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER

| SCHEMATIC DRAWING1 | 6-1 |
|--------------------------|-----|
| SERVICE INFORMATION 1 | 6-2 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING 10 | 6-2 |
| REAR BRAKE 10 | 6-3 |
| REAR FORK 1 | 6-6 |
| REAR WHEEL1 | 6-7 |
| REAR SHOCK ABSORBER 16-7 | |

SCHEMATIC DRAWING



SERVICE INFORMATION GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When performing the services stated in this section, the engine and exhaust muffler must be cold to avoid scalding.
- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake pads and brake disk.

SPECIFICATIONS

| Item | Standard (mm) |
|--|---------------|
| Rear wheel rim runout | |
| Rear brake disk thickness | 4.0 |
| Rear brake disk runout | |
| Rear brake master cylinder I.D. | 27.00 |
| Rear brake master cylinder piston O.D. | 26.95 |

TORQUE VALUES

| Exhaust Muffler Lock Bolt | 35 N-m /4 kgf•m |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Exhaust Muffler Pipe Nut | 20 N-m/2 kgf•m |
| Rear Axle Nut | 120 N-m/12 kgf•m |
| Rear Shock Absorber Lower Mount Bolt | 40N-m/4 kgf•m |
| Rear Shock Absorber Upper Mount Bolt | 40N-m/4 kgf•m |
| Rear Brake Caliper Holder Bolt | 27 N-m/2.7 kgf•m |

TROUBLESHOOTING Rear wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Faulty tire
- Axle not tightened properly

Soft rear shock absorber

- Weak shock absorber spring
- Damper oil leaks

Rear wheel noise

- Worn rear wheel axle bearings
- Worn rear fork bearings
- Deformed rear fork

Poor brake performance

- Air in brake system
- Deteriorated brake fluid
- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Worn brake pads
- Clogged brake fluid line
- Deformed brake disk
- Unequal worn brake caliper



1. Rear Brake

1.1. Rear Brake Caliper Removal

First remove the exhaust muffler. Remove the rear brake fluid tube bolt and disconnect the brake fluid tube. Remove two bolts attaching the rear brake caliper.

Remove the rear brake caliper.

 When removing the brake fluid tube, use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage.

1.2. Inspection

Inspect the brake pads and brake disk.

Measure the brake disk thickness.

Visually check the brake pad thickness







1.3. Disassembly

Remove two brake pads dowel pins and three bolts from the brake caliper. Remove the brake pads.

Remove the piston from the brake caliper.

If necessary, use compressed air to squeeze out the piston through the brake fluid inlet opening and place a towel under the caliper to avoid contamination caused by the removed piston.

Check the piston cylinder for scratches or wear and replace if necessary.

Push the piston oil seal outward to remove it.

Clean the oil seal groove with brake fluid.

* Be careful not to damage the piston surface.

Check the piston for scratches or wear. Measure the piston O.D. with a micrometer gauge.

Check the caliper cylinder for scratches or wear and measure the cylinder bore.



Compressed Air









X-town 125 ABS/CBS

1.4. Assembly

Clean all removed parts.

Apply silicon grease to the piston and oil seal. Lubricate the brake caliper cylinder inside wall with brake fluid. Install the brake caliper piston with grooved side facing out.

 Install the piston with its outer end protruding 3 ~ 5mm beyond the brake caliper.

Install the two spring plates onto the groove of the caliper.

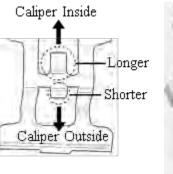


Spring Plate



* Make sure the spring plate next to the brake pad dowel pin orientation.

Install two brake pads and brake pad dowel pin.







16. REAR ASSEMBLY



1.5. Installation

Install the brake caliper to the rear fork and tighten the two bolts.

Torque: 27 N-m

Connect the brake fluid tube to the brake caliper and install fluid tube bolt, copper washers and tighten the fluid tube bolt.

Fill the brake reservoir with the specified brake fluid and bleed air from the brake system.

* When installing the brake fluid tube, be sure to install the two copper sealing washers.





2. Rear Fork

2.1. Removal

Remove the exhaust muffler. Remove the rear brake cal7iper.

Remove the right rear shock absorber lower mount bolt.

Remove the rear axle nut and remove the collar.

Remove the rear fork.

2.2. Installation

The installation sequence is the reverse order of removal.

Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger to see if they turn smoothly and quietly.

Also check if the outer race fits tightly in the hub.

Replace the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if they fit loosely in the hub.







3. Rear Wheel

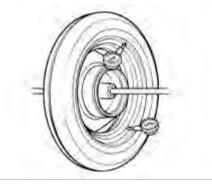
3.1. Removal

Remove the exhaust muffler. Remove the rear brake caliper. Remove the rear fork. Remove the rear axle collar. Remove the rear wheel.

3.2. Inspection

Measure the rear wheel rim runout.





3.3. Installation

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

Torque:

Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt: $35 \sim 45$ N-m Rear axle nut: 120 N-m



4. Rear Shock Absorber

4.1. Removal

Remove the met-in box and carrier. Remove the body cover, center cover and rear fender A together. Remove the right/left rear shock absorber upper and lower mount bolts. Remove the right and left rear shock absorbers.



4.2. Installation

Install the rear shock absorbers in the reverse order of removal.

Torque:

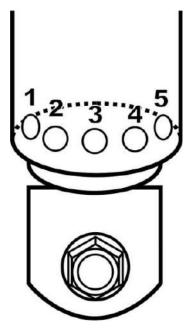
Upper Mount Bolt: 40 N-m Lower Mount Bolt: 40 N-m 4.3. Adjustment

Each shock absorber on your scooter has 5 spring preload adjustment positions for different load or riding conditions.

Use a pin spanner to adjust the rear shock spring preload. Position 1 is for light loads and smooth road conditions. Position 3 to 5 increase spring preload for a stiffer rear suspension and can be used when the scooter is heavily loaded.

Be certain to adjust both shock absorbers to the same spring preload positions.

 Always adjust the shock absorber pre-load position in sequence (1-2-3-4-5 or 5-4-3-2-1). Attempting to adjust directly from 1 to 5 or 5 to 1 may damage the shock absorber.





17

BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

| CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT | 17-1 |
|-----------------------------|------|
| CHARGING CIRCUIT | 17-1 |
| SERVICE INFORMATION | 17-2 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING | 17-3 |
| BATTERY | 17-4 |
| CHARGING VOLTAGE INSPECTION | 17-6 |
| REGULATOR/RECTIFIER | 17-7 |



CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT



BATTERY



ACG

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

* The battery electrolyte (sulfuric acid) is poisonous and may seriously damage the skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. In case of contact, flush with water and get prompt medical attention

The battery can be charged and discharged repeatedly. If a discharged battery is not used for a long time, its service life will be shortened. Generally, the capacity of a battery will decrease after it is used for $2\sim3$ years. A capacity-decreased battery will resume its voltage after it is recharged but its voltage decreases suddenly and then increases when a load is added.

When a battery is overcharged, some symptoms can be found. If there is a short circuit inside the battery, no voltage is produced on the battery terminals. If the rectifier can not be operated, the voltage will become too high and shorten the battery service life.

If a battery is not used for a long time, it will discharge by itself and should be recharged every 3 months.

A new battery filled with electrolyte will generate voltage within a certain time and it should be recharged when the capacity is insufficient. Recharging a new battery will prolong its service life.

Inspect the charging system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting.

It is not necessary to check the MF battery electrolyte or fill with distilled water.

Check the load of the whole charging system.

Do not quick charge the battery. Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.

Remove the battery from the motorcycle for charging.

When replacing the battery, do not use a traditional battery.

When charging, check the voltage with an electric tester.

Caution:

To avoid damage from the scooter's electronic fuel injection system. do not remove or install a battery wire when the ignition switch is at the "ON" position.

SPECIFICATIONS

| Item | | Standard | |
|---------|------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| | Capacity | | 12V12AH |
| | Voltage | Fully charged | 13.2V |
| | (20°C) | Insufficient charged | 12.3V below |
| Battery | Charging current | Normal | 1.2AX5~10H |
| | Charging current | Quick | 5.0AX1H |



TROUBLESHOOTING

No power

- Dead battery
- Disconnected battery cable
- Fuse burned out
- Faulty ignition switch

Low power

- Weak battery
- Loose battery connection
- Charging system failure
- Faulty regulator/rectifier

Intermittent power

- Loose battery cable connection
- Loose charging system connection
- Loose connection or short circuit in ignition system

Charging system failure

- Loose, broken or shorted wire or connector
- Faulty regulator/rectifier
- Faulty A.C. generator



BATTERY

REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

The battery is in the battery box behind seat.

1. Remove the seat.



2. Remove 2 screws and then remove the battery retainer

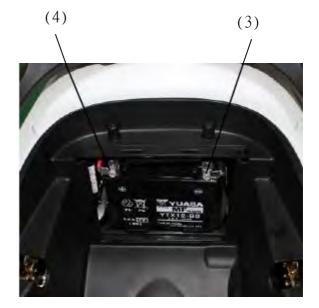


- 4. Pull battery out to expose the terminal leads
- 5. Disconnect the negative (-) terminal lead (3) from the battery first, then disconnect the positive (+) terminal lead (4).
- 6. Remove the battery from the battery box.

Battery installation:

Install in the reverse order of the removal.

* When install the battery, first connect the positive (+) cable and then negative (-) cable to avoid short circuit.





VOLTAGE INSPECTION

Remove the battery cover.

Measure the battery voltage using a commercially available digital multimeter.

Voltage (20°C/68°C): Fully charged: 13-13.2 V Insufficient charged: below 12.3 V

BATTERY CHARGING

Remove the battery

Connect the charger positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) terminal.

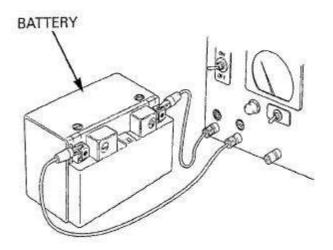
Connect the charger negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal.

★ Turn the power ON/OFF at the battery charger, not at the battery terminals.

Charging current time:

Standard: 1 .2A/5-10h Quick: 5A/1h

Quick charging should only be done in an emergency; slow charging is preferred. For battery charging, do not exceed the charging current and time specified on the battery. Using excessive current or extending the charging time may damage the battery.





CHARGING VOLTAGE INSPECTION

Be sure that the battery is in good condition before performing this test.

✤ Do not disconnect the battery or any cable in the charging system without first switching off the ignition switch. Failure to follow this precaution can damage the tester or electrical components.

Connect the multimeter between the positive and negative terminals of the battery.

To prevent short, make absolutely certain which are the positive and negative terminals or cable.

With the headlight on and turned to the high beam position, restart the engine.

Measure the voltage on the multimeter when the engine runs at 5000 min (rpm).

Standard:

Measure charging voltage 14.5±0.5 V





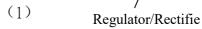
REGULATOR/RECTIFIER

WIRE HARNESS INSPECTION

Remove the luggage box (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2).

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connectors (1). Check the connector for loose contacts of corroded terminals.





Measure the voltage between the Red/White wire terminal and ground. There should be same with battery voltage at all times.



Regulator/Rectifier



Check the continuity between the Green wire terminal and ground. There should be continuity at all times.



Measure the resistance between each Yellow wire terminals.

Standard: 0.4–0.6 & (20°C/68°F)



Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connector.

Check for continuity between each Yellow wire terminal regulator/rectifier side and ground. There should be no continuity.



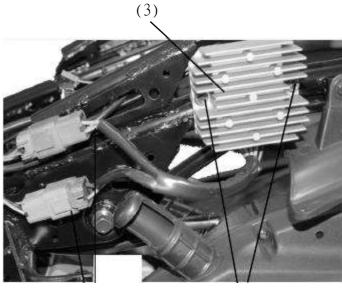
REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the body cover (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2).

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connectors (1).

Remove the two bolts (2), attaching regulator/rectifier (3).

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



(1)

(2)





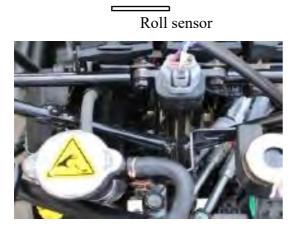
IGNITION SYSTEM

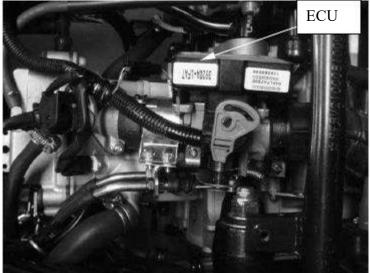
| IGNITION SYSTEM LAYOUT | 18-1 |
|--------------------------|------|
| SERVICE INFORMATION | 18-2 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING | 18-3 |
| IGNITION COIL INSPECTION | 18-4 |



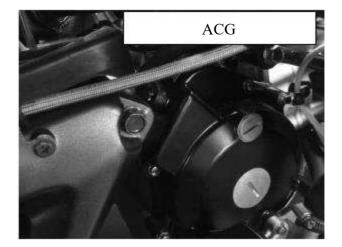


IGNITION SYSTEM LAYOUT









SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Some electrical components may be damaged if terminals or connectors are connected or disconnected while the ignition switch is "ON" and current is present.

- When servicing the ignition system, always follow the steps in the troubleshooting..
- The ignition control module or ECU may be damaged if dropped. Also, if the connector is disconnected when current is flowing, the excessive voltage may damage the ignition control module or ECU. Always turn off the ignition switch before servicing.
- A faulty ignition system is often related to poor connections. Check those connections before proceeding.
- Make sure the battery is adequately charged. Using the starter motor with a weak battery results in a slower engine cranking speed as well as no spark at the spark plug.
- Use a spark plug of the correct heat range. Using spark plug with an incorrect heat range can damage the engine.

SPECIFICATIONS

| Item | Standard |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Spark plug | NGK CR7E /CPR7EA-9 |
| Spark plug gap | 0.8~0.9mm |
| Ignition timing | TPS |
| Ignition system | ECU |

TROUBLESHOOTING

LOW PEAK VOLTAGE

- Cranking speed is too low (battery is undercharged).
- Poorly connected connectors or an open circuit in the ignition system.
- Faulty ignition-coil.
- Faulty ignition control module.

NO PEAK VOLTAGE

- Short circuit in engine stop switch or ignition switch wire.
- Faulty engine stop switch or ignition switch.
- Loose or poorly connected ignition control module connectors.
- Open circuit or poor connection in ground wire of the ignition control module.
- Faulty ignition pulse generator.
- Faulty ignition control module.

PEAK VOLTAGE IS NORMAL, BUT NO SPARK JUMPS AT THE PLUG

- Faulty spark plug or leaking ignition coil secondary current.
- Faulty ignition coil.

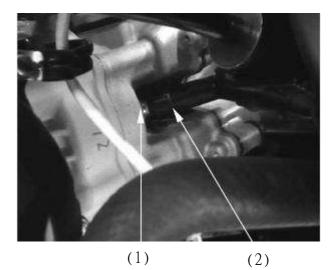
IGNITION COIL INSPECTION

IGNITION COIL PRIMARY PEAK VOLTAGE

Remove the body cover (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2).

Check cylinder compression and check that the spark plug (1) is installed correctly in the cylinder.

Disconnect the spark plug cap (2) from the spark plug.



Turn the ignition switch to "ON" and engine stop switch ON and side stand is up. Connect the multimeter (+) probe to the black wire and the multimeter (-) to the body ground.

Check for initial voltage at this time. The battery voltage should be measured. If the initial voltage cannot be measured, check the power output circuit.

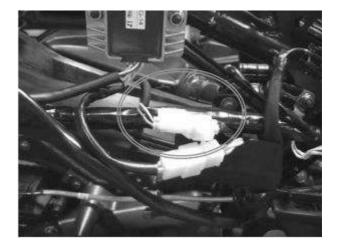
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IGNITION PULSE GENERATOR INSPECTION

Remove the luggage box (refer to the "FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION" section in the chapter 2).

Disconnect the ignition pulse generator connector (1).



Measure the pulse generator resistance between the Green/White wire and Blue/Yellow wire.

Standard:

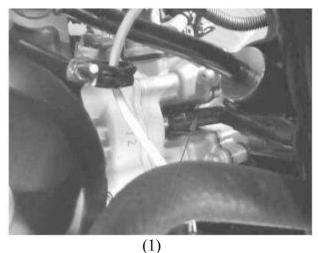
96~144& (20°C/68°F)



IGNITION COIL REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the luggage box (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2).

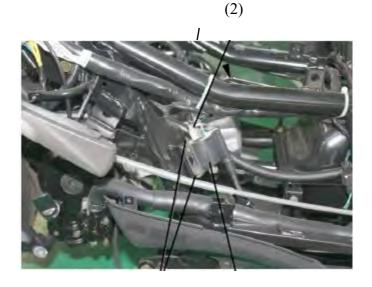
Disconnect the spark plug cap attaching the spark plug (1).



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Disconnect the ignition coil connector (2). Remove two bolts (3) attaching the ignition coil (4).

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



(3) (4)

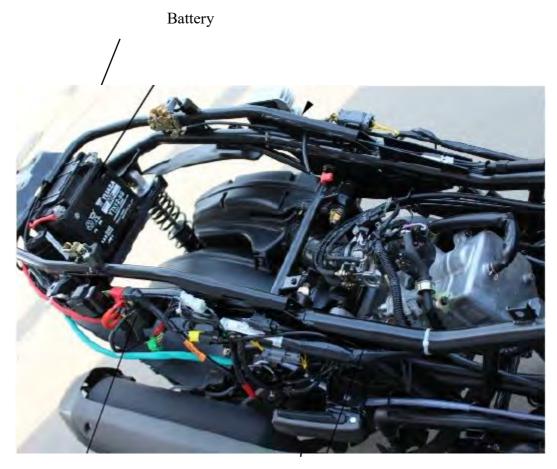


| 19 |
|----|
|----|

| STARTING SYSTEM LAYOUT | 19-1 |
|--------------------------|------|
| STARTING CIRCUIT | 19-1 |
| SERVICE INFORMATION | 19-2 |
| TROUBLESHOOTING | 19-2 |
| STARTER MOTOR | 19-3 |
| STARTER RELAY INSPECTION | 19-5 |



STARTING SYSTEM LAYOUT



Start relay

Start motor

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The removal of starter motor can be accomplished with the engine installed.
- After the starter clutch is installed, be sure to add the engine oil and coolant and then bleed air from the cooling system.

TORQUE VALUES

Starter motor mounting bolt 1 kgf-m (10 N-m,)

TROUBLESHOOTING

Starter motor can not working

- Fuse burned out
- Weak battery
- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty starter clutch
- Faulty front or rear stop switch
- Faulty starter relay
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire
- Faulty starter motor

Lack of power

- Weak battery
- Loose wire or connection
- Foreign matter stuck in starter motor or gear

Starter motor rotates but engine does not start

- Faulty starter pinion
- Starter motor rotates reversely
- Weak battery

(1)



INSPECTION

Disconnect the starter motor cable (2) from the start relay(1).

Connect the start motor cable directly to the battery positive terminal (3). If the starter motor fail to work, the starter motor is faulty.



(2)

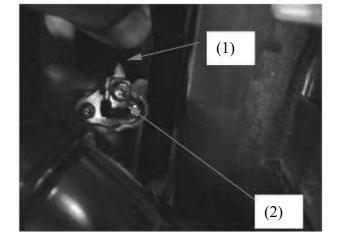
(3)

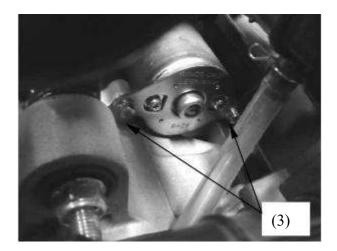
REMOVAL

Turn the ignition switch turned to "OFF" position.

Release the rubber cap (1) and remove the terminal screw (2) to disconnect the start motor cable from the start motor.

Remove two mounting bolts (3), then remove the start motor.







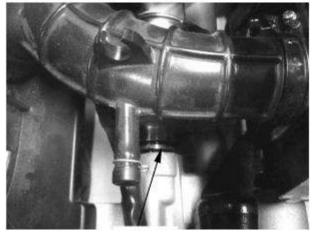
INSTALLATION

Coat a new O-ring (1) with engine oil and install it into the start motor groove.

Install the starter motor into the crankcase.

Install the two mounting bolts and engine ground cable, then tighten the bolts securely.

Connect the start motor cable to motor terminal with the terminal screw and tighten it securely.



(1)

START RELAY INSPECTION

Release the rubber cap (1) and remove the nut (2), then disconnect the start motor cable. Turn the ignition switch to "ON" position.

Squeeze and hold the brake lever fully then push the starter switch. The coil is normal if the start relay switch clicks.



(2) (1)

 $(1) \quad (2) \quad (1)$

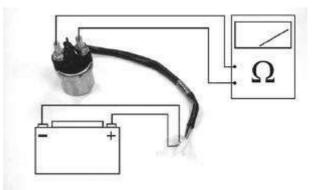
Release the rubber caps (1) and remove the nuts (2), then disconnect the start motor cable, battery positive cable and harness wire. Disconnect the start relay connector (3) and then remove start relay.





Connect a fully charged 12 V battery positive wire to the relay switch Yellow/Red wire terminal and negative wire to the Green/Yellow wire terminal.

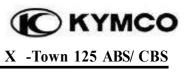
There should be continuity between the cable terminals while the battery is connected, and no continuity when the battery is disconnected.





| SERVICE INFORMATION | 20- 1 |
|--------------------------|-------|
| BULB REPLACEMENT | 20-2 |
| BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH | 20-6 |
| IGNITION SWITCH | 20-6 |
| HANDLEBAR SWITCH | 20-7 |
| LUGGAGE BOX LIGHT SWITCH | 20-9 |
| FUEL PUMP | 20-10 |
| SIDE STAND SWITCH | 20-12 |
| HORN | 20-13 |







SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

* A halogen head light bulb becomes very hot while the head light is turned on, and remains for a while after it is turned off. Be sure to let it cool down before servicing.

Note the following when replacing the halogen headlight bulb

- -Wear clean gloves while replacing the bulb. Do not put finger prints on the headlight bulb, as they may create hot spots on the bulb and cause it to fail.
- -If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol to prevent its early failure.
- -Be sure to install the dust cover after replacing the bulb.

Check the battery condition before performing any inspection that requires proper battery voltage.

A continuity test can be made with the light switches installed on the scooter. Route the wires and cables properly after servicing each component.



BULB REPLACEMENT

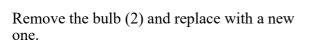
POSITION LIGHT

Remove the front cover (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2).

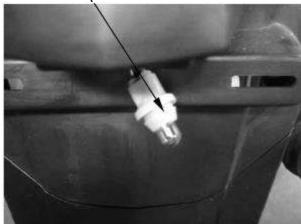
Remove the bulb socket (1).



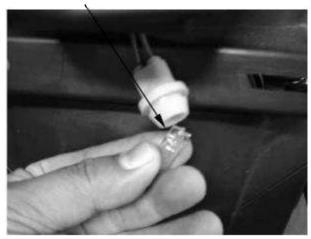




Installation is in the reverse order of removal.









HEADLIGHT

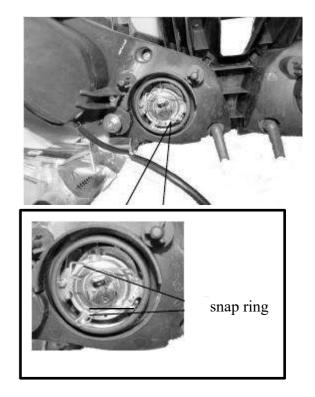
* A halogen headlight bulb becomes very hot while the headlight is ON, and remain for a while after it is turned OFF. Be sure to let it cool down before servicing.

Remove the front cover (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2). Disconnect the headlight cover Disconnect the headlight connector (1) from the headlight bulb (2).



Install a new bulb in the headlight case,

Install the headlight and connect the headlight connector



FRONT TURN SIGNAL LIGHT Remove the front cover (refer to the

"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION" section in the chapter 2).

Turn the bulb socket (1), then remove the front turn signal light .



(1)



Push and turn the bulb counterclockwise to remove it, then replace with a new one..

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Bulb

TAILLIGHT/BRAKE LIGHT/REAR TURN SIGNAL LIGHT

Remove the seat and luggage box, then remove the light bulb socket.





Rear turn signal light

Push and turn the bulb counterclockwise to remove it, then replace with a new one.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Rear Turn Signal Light



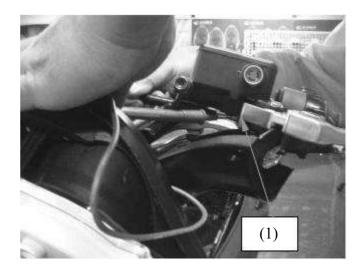


BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH

Remove the upper handlebar cover (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2).

Disconnect front or rear light switch connectors and check for continuity between the switch terminals (1).

There should be continuity with the front or rear brake lever squeezed, and there should be no continuity with the front or rear brake lever is released.



IGNITION SWITCH

INSPECTION

Remove the front cover (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2).

Disconnect the ignition switch connector (2) and check the ignition switch (1) for continuity at the switch side connector terminals.

Continuity should exist between the color code wires as follows:

| | BAT2 | IG | E | BAT1 | HA |
|-------|------|-----|---|------|-----|
| LOCK | | 0- | ю | | |
| OFF | | 0- | ю | 0- | Ю |
| ON | 0- | | | 0 | ю |
| COLOR | В | B/W | G | R | B/L |

COMB SW



HANDLEBAR SWITCH

INSPECTION

Remove the front cover (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2).

Right handlebar switch

Disconnect the right handlebar switch connector and check for continuity for switch side connector terminals. Continuity should exist between the color code wires as follows: Hazard Light

Engine Stop Switch



Starter Switch

STARTER SW

| | Е | ST |
|-------|----|-----|
| FREE | | |
| PUSH | 0- | -0 |
| COLOR | G | Y/R |

ENGINE STOP SW

| | IG | BAT3 |
|-------|-----|------|
| OFF | | |
| RUN | 6 | 0 |
| COLOR | B/W | B/G |



Left handlebar switch

Disconnect the left handlebar switch connector and check for continuity for switch side connector terminals.

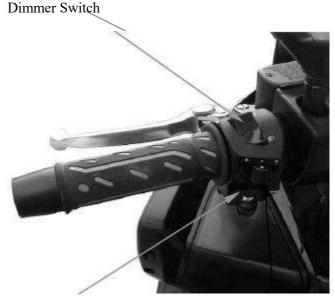
Continuity should exist between the color code wires as follows:

WINKER SW

| | WR | R | L |
|-------|----|----|----|
| R | 0- | -0 | |
| N | | | |
| L | 0- | | -0 |
| COLOR | GR | SB | 0 |

| H | ORN SW | | |
|------|--------|----|---|
| | BAT4 | HO | |
| 1.00 | | | Ľ |

| 1 | . Here | |
|-------|--------|----|
| FREE | | |
| PUSH | 0 | -0 |
| COLOR | BR/L | LG |



Horn Switch

Turn Signal light Switch

DIMMER SW

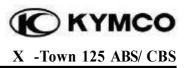
| | HL | HI | LO |
|-------|-----|-----|----|
| LO | 0- | | -O |
| (N) | 0- | -0- | FO |
| HI | 0- | -0 | |
| COLOR | W/L | L | W |

| PASSING SW | |
|------------|--|
|------------|--|

| | BAT4 | HI |
|-------|------|----|
| FREE | | |
| PUSH | 0 | 9 |
| COLOR | BR/L | L |







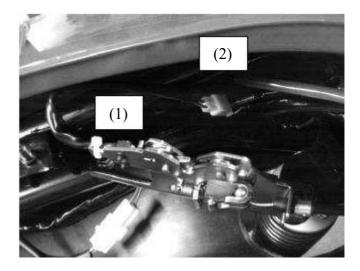
LUGGAGE BOX LIGHT SWITCH

INSPECTION

Remove the luggage box (refer to the "FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION" section in the chapter 2).

Disconnect the luggage box light switch connector (2) and check the luggage box light switch (1) for continuity between the switch terminals.

There should be no continuity with the luggage box light switch pushed, and there should be continuity with the luggage box light switch is released.



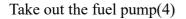


FUEL PUMP

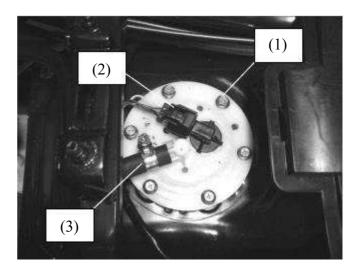
REMOVAL

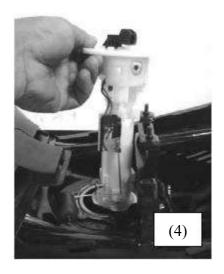
Remove the seat and luggage box Remove the center cover Remove the fuel pump connector Be sure to relieve the fuel pressure before removing fuel pump or fuel hose.

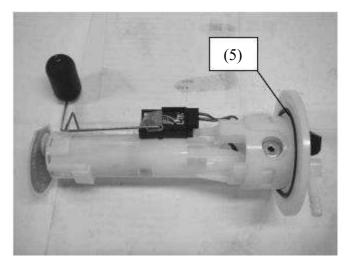
Remove the six nuts (1) and fuel unit connector(2) then remove the fuel hose.(3)



Check the fuel pump O-ring.(5) Replace a new one If was damage



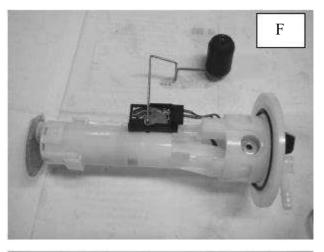


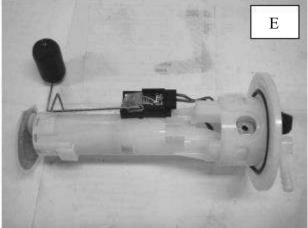


INSPECTION

Connect the fuel unit wire connectors and turn the ignition switch "ON".

* Before performing the following test, operate the turn signals to determine that the battery circuit is normal.

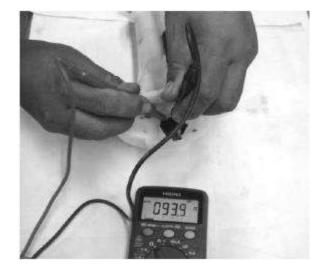




Measure the resistance between the Yellow/White and Blue/White terminals of the fuel unit connector.

Standard (at 20°C/68°F):

| Float at full position | About1100 Ω |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Float at empty position | About 100 Ω |



X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS



SIDE STAND SWITCH

INSPECTION

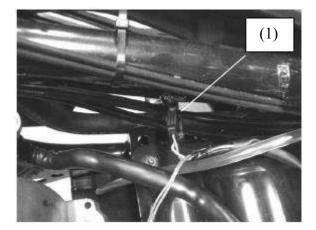
Remove the luggage box (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2).

Side stand switch is located on side stand

Disconnect the side stand switch connector (1).

There should be continuity between the Yellow/Green and Green with the side stand retracted.

There should be continuity between the Yellow/Black and Green with the side stand applied.



REMOVAL

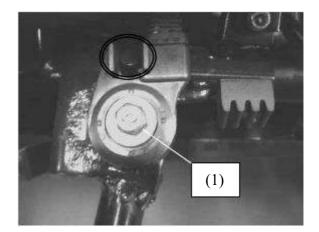
Disconnect the side stand switch connector. Remove the bolt (1) and side stand switch attaching the side stand.

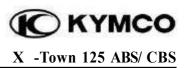
INSTALLATION

Installs the side stand switch aligning the groove on the switch with the pin on the side stand stay.

Install and tighten the side stand switch bolt securely.

Connect the side stand switch connector.





HORN

INSPECTION

Remove the front cover (refer to the **"FRAME COVERS REMOVAL/INSTALLATION"** section in the chapter 2)

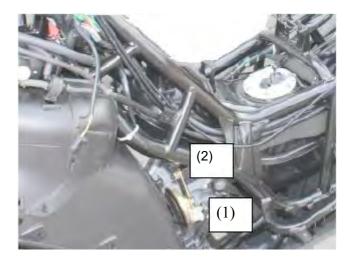
Disconnect the horn connectors (1) from the horn.

Connect a 12 V battery to the horn terminals. The horn is normal if it sounds when the 12 V battery is connected across the horn terminals.

REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Disconnect the horn connectors from the horn. Remove the bolt (2) and horn.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.





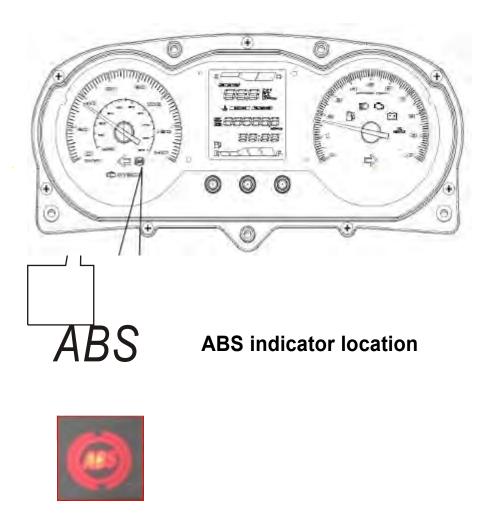
ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM (ABS)

| ABS Indicator Light | 21-01 |
|------------------------------|-------|
| ABS Introduction | 21-02 |
| ABS Parts Location | 21-03 |
| Wheel Speed | 21-04 |
| ABS ECU & ABS Hydraulic Unit | 21-06 |
| ABS ECU GUARANTEE | 21-07 |
| Diagnostic Tool Operation | 21-08 |
| Bosch ABS8m DTC List | 21-14 |

ABS Indicator Light

The ABS indicator light in the meter position. This light will comes on when the ignition switch is turned on and goes off shortly after the vehicle starts moving at speed 6km/hr min. It stays off.

If something is wrong with the ABS, the indicator comes on and remains it. When the indicator light is on the ABS doesn't function but if the ABS fails, the conventional brake system will still work normally.



ABS Introduction

ABS is designed to help prevent the wheels from locking up when the brakes are applied hard while running straight. The ABS automatically regulates brake force.

Intermittently gaining gripping force and braking force helps prevent wheel lock-up and allows stable steering control while stopping.

Brake control function is identical to that of conventional vehicle .The brake lever is used for the front brake and rear brake.

Although the ABS provides stability while stopping by preventing wheel lock-up, remember the following characteristics:

- ABS can not compensate for adverse road conditions, misjudgment or improper application of brakes. You must take the same care as with vehicle not equipped with ABS.
- ABS isn't designed to shorten the braking distance. On loose, uneven or downhill surfaces, the stopping distance of a vehicle with ABS may be longer than that of an equivalent vehicle without ABS. Use special caution in such areas.
- ABS will help prevent wheel lock-up when braking in straight line but it cannot control wheel slip, which may be caused by braking during cornering. When turning a corner, it is better to limit braking to the light application of both brakes or not to brake at all. Reduce your speed before you get into the corner.
- The computer could inter-grade in the ABS compare vehicle speed with wheel speed. Since non-recommended tires can affect wheel speed, they may confuse, Which can extend distance.

* Use of non-recommended tires may cause malfunctioning of ABS and lead to extended braking distance. The rider could have an accident as a result. Always use standard for this recommended vehicle.

NOTICE:

- When the ABS is functioning, you may feel a pulsing in the brake lever. This is normal. You need not suspend applying brakes.
- ABS does not function at speeds of approx. 10 km/h or below.
- ABS does not function if battery is discharged or battery power supply malfunction. (Light will come on)

21 . ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM (ABS)

KYMCO X -Town 125 ABS/ CBS

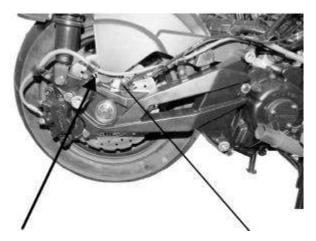
Parts Location







Front Wheel speed Sensor's connector



Rear Wheel speed Sensor Rotor Rea

Rear Wheel speed Sensor



ABS ECU & ABS Hydraulic Unit



Rear Wheel speed Sensor's connector



ABS diagnosis tool Connector (Near battery position)

21 . ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM (ABS)



WHEEL SENSOR

REMOVAL & INSPECTION

Remove the front wheel speed sensor. Install the front wheel speed sensor. Front Wheel Speed Sensor



Front Wheel Speed Sensor Rotor

Remove a bolt attaching to the front wheel speed sensor



Front Wheel speed Sensor's connector

Remove the connector of front wheel speed sensor



※ Standard clearance:

Less than 0.8mm between the Front wheel speed sensor and Front Wheel Speed Sensor Rotor

<Front Wheel Speed Sensor>

21-4 -

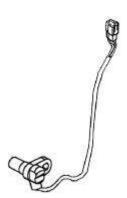


Remove the rear wheel speed sensor.



Rear Wheel Speed Sensor Rotor Rear Wheel Speed Sensor

Remove the connector of rear wheel speed sensor



<Rear Wheel Speed Sensor>



Rear Wheel speed Sensor's connector

Standard clearance: Less than 0.8mm between the Front wheel speed sensor and Front Wheel Speed Sensor Rotor



ABS ECU & ABS Hydraulic Unit

Disconnect the ECU connector, and remove the holder screw



ECU Connector ECU Holder Screw

ECU Holder Bolt



Dil Tube Bolts

Remove the screws attaching to the Hydraulic Unit. To install the sensor is in the reverse order of removal.

(1)Oil boltsX4 Torque: 35N.m(3.5kgf.m)(2)Nutx2:8N.m (0.8 kgf.m)



ABS ECU & ABS Hydraulic unit

st When replacing a new Hydraulic Unit, don't need to drain the brake fluid.



DIAGNOSTIC TOOL OPERATION



- 1. Connect the KYMCO Fi Diagnostic tool
- 2. Put the side stand upward and ENG. stop switch is at "RUN" position.
- 3. Connect the diagnostic tool connector. (KYMCO Fi Diagnostic tool Power comes from vehicle's Battery)



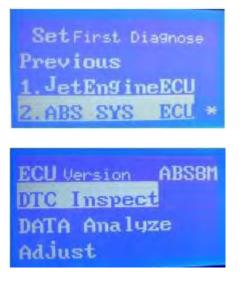


Self-Diagnostic Tool Connector

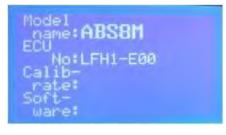
4. Choose Fi ECU Version and then push down button for three times.



5. Choose No.2 ABS SYS ECU and then push up button to previous.



6. Confirming ECU Version and then enter ABS system.





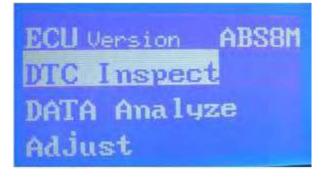
7. Choose ECU Version and then push "Enter" button.



8. Confirm ABS ECU Version if is LEA7-E00



9. Choose DTC Inspect





10. Load DTC (Active 、 Occurred、 History)



DTC DISPLAYED

1. Rear wheel speed sensor disconnect



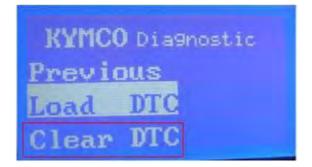
2. Front wheel speed sensor disconnect



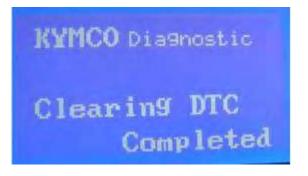


DTC CLEARED

1. Choose "Clear DTC" and then push "Enter" button.

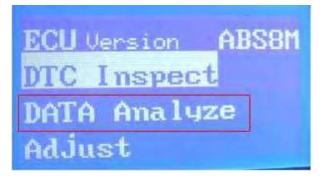


2. Clearing DTC completed until the DTC red lamp is off.



DATA ANALYZE

1. Choose "DATA Analyze" and then push "Enter" button





2. Front wheel speed & Rear wheel speed & Battery volt Battery volt: Standard 9.6~16.7V



***** You can turn the front or rear wheel to check if the wheel speed is figured.



Bosch ABS8m DTC List

| | Bosch ABS8m DTC LIST | | | | |
|----|---|--------------|---|--|--|
| (D | Code NO iagnostic Tool) 0A-LEB2- E00 | DTC (PDA) | Description | | |
| | 01 | 5013 | Rear Inlet Valve malfunction(EV) | | |
| | 02 | 5014 | Rear Outlet Valve malfunction (AV) | | |
| | 03 | 5017 | Front Inlet Valve malfunction (EV) | | |
| | 04 | 5018 | Front Outlet Valve malfunction (AV) | | |
| | 05 | 5019 | Valve Relay malfunction (Failsafe relay) | | |
| | 06 | 5025 | Deviation between Wheel speeds (WSS_GENERIC) | | |
| | 07 | | Pump Motor Malfunction | | |
| | 08 | 5042 | Front wheel speed sensor malfunction-Plausibility | | |
| | 09 | 5043 | Front wheel speed sensor Disconnection/gnd Short/Uz Short | | |
| | 10 | 5044 | Rear wheel speed sensor malfunction – Plausibility | | |
| | 11 | 5045 | Rear wheel speed sensor Disconnection/gnd Short/Uz Short | | |
| | 12 | 5052 | Power Supply Malfunction (Under Voltage) | | |
| | 13 | 5053 | Power Supply Malfunction (Over Voltage) | | |
| | 14 | 5055 | ECU malfunction | | |
| | | | | | |